



**Surname** \_\_\_\_\_

**Other Names** \_\_\_\_\_

**Centre Number** \_\_\_\_\_

**Candidate Number** \_\_\_\_\_

**Candidate Signature** \_\_\_\_\_

**A-level**

**SOCIOLOGY**

**Paper 3 Crime and Deviance with Theory and Methods**

**7192/3R**

**Friday 15 June 2018**

**Afternoon**

**Time allowed: 2 hours**

**You will need no other materials.**

**At the top of the page, write your surname and other names, your centre number, your candidate number and add your signature.**

**[Turn over]**



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## **INSTRUCTIONS**

- **Use black ink or black ball-point pen.**
- **Answer ALL questions.**
- **You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write on blank pages.**
- **Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.**

## **INFORMATION**

- **The marks for questions are shown in brackets.**
- **The maximum mark for this paper is 80.**
- **Questions carrying 10 marks or more should be answered in continuous prose. In these questions you will be marked on your ability to:**
  - **use good English**
  - **organise information clearly**
  - **use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.**

**DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO**









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**0 3** Read ITEM A below and answer the question that follows.

**ITEM A**

**The different agencies of the criminal justice system, such as the police and the courts, are responsible for processing individuals who are suspected of committing crimes.**

**Some individuals may also have greater motivation or pressure to offend, or have more opportunity to do so.**

**Applying material from ITEM A, analyse TWO reasons for social class differences in official crime statistics. [10 marks]**

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**0 4** Read ITEM B below and answer the question that follows.

**ITEM B**

**Much media output is devoted to crime but the media offer a distorted portrayal of crime and criminals. The media are also often seen as causing crime, for example by creating a sense of relative deprivation or causing moral panics. The new media also provide opportunities both for committing crime and for policing it.**

**Applying material from ITEM B and your knowledge, evaluate sociological contributions to our understanding of the relationship between crime and the media. [30 marks]**

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**0 6** Read ITEM C below and answer the question that follows.

**ITEM C**

**Structured interviews are a relatively cheap way of studying a sample. Positivist sociologists favour structured interviews because they produce reliable data that can be used to test hypotheses.**

**However, critics argue that structured interviews are inflexible and that their results lack validity.**

**Applying material from ITEM C and your knowledge, evaluate the advantages of using structured interviews in sociological research. [20 marks]**

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**There are no questions printed on this page**

For Examiner's Use	
Question	Mark
1	
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<b>TOTAL</b>	

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**IB/M/Jun18/CD/7192/3R/E2**

