

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

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MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

9700 BIOLOGY

9700/42

Paper 4 (A2 Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 100

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Mark scheme abbreviations:

- ; separates marking points
- / alternative answers for the same point
- R** reject
- A** accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or by extra guidance)
- AW** alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
- underline** actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants accepted)
- max** indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given
- ora** or reverse argument
- mp** marking point (with relevant number)
- ecf** error carried forward
- I** ignore
- AVP** alternative valid point (examples given as guidance)

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- 1 (a) 1 (ideal characteristics) selected by humans /AW ;
2 one example of features ; e.g. calm temperament /obedient /intelligent
3 allowed to mate /bred together ;
4 offspring with ideal characteristics chosen to mate ;
5 over (many) generations ;
6 allele frequency (for ideal characteristics) increases ;
7 directional selection ; [max 4]

- (b) (i) *jackal*
behavioural /reproductive /AW ;

dingo
geographical /AW ; [2]
- (ii) *one species*
all breeds form fertile offspring with (domestic) dog ;

separate species
idea of different types of jackal do not interbreed (to produce fertile offspring) ; [2]

[Total: 8]

- 2 (a) *prevents*
1 growth of new blood vessels (to tumour) ;
2 supply of (more), oxygen /nutrient ; **A** named nutrient
3 more routes for metastasis /AW ; [max 2]

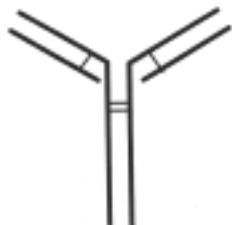
- (b) (i) VEGF ; [1]
- (ii) cell formed by fusion of a plasma cell **and** a cancer cell ;
A B-lymphocyte, B cell, splenocyte **and** myeloma cell [1]

- (c) 1 does not act as foreign antigen /AW ;
2 (so) does not cause, immune response /rejection ;
3 avoids, allergic reactions /side effects /anaphylactic shock ;
4 allows more than one treatment ;
5 remains in body for longer (so more effective) ; [max 3]

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- (d) drawing IgG
ignore labels

four polypeptide chains shown ; *in correct positions*
(disulfide) bridges shown to link chains ;



[2]

[Total: 9]

- 3 (a) (i) *reverse transcriptase*: produces (c)DNA from mRNA ;

DNA polymerase: produces double stranded DNA from, single stranded (DNA)/cDNA ;

restriction enzyme: cuts, DNA/plasmid ;

DNA ligase: joins (gaps in) the sugar-phosphate backbone (of DNA) ;

[4]

- (ii) 1 causes blood glucose concentration, to decrease/return to normal (from high) ;
- 2 (target cells are) liver/ muscle ;
- 3 increased, absorption of glucose (from blood)/permeability of cell surface membrane to glucose ;
- 4 increased (rate of) respiration of glucose ;
- 5 *idea of* increased conversion of glucose to glycogen ;
- 6 inhibits secretion of glucagon/ decreased gluconeogenesis ;

[max 3]

- (ii) 1 identical to that produced by body ;
- 2 activity the same /fast response/ no immune response ;
- 3 no need for animal insulin/AW ;
- 4 for religious reasons/for ethical reasons/for e.g. vegetarian ;
- 5 uncontaminated/pure ;
- 6 so no risk of disease ;
- 7 production very efficient/always available ;
- 8 extraction from animals, costly/complex/limited by supply of animals ;

[max 2]

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(b) (i) *insulin X* *ora* throughout for human insulin

- 1 greater initial increase in activity/AW ;
- 2 time of maximum activity/peak, earlier ; [1.9h v. 3h]
- 3 maximum activity/peak, greater ; [9.4 v 5.4 (a.u.)]
- 4 rate of decrease greater ;
- 5 activity always higher ;
- 6 comparative figures ; [see above] [max 4]

(ii) 1 changes, tertiary/3D structure ;

- 2 affects binding to receptor (on cell surface membrane) ;
- 3 (this) affects production of second messenger ;
- 4 hydrophilic/hydrophobic, bonds different ;
- 5 AVP ; e.g. may affect, solubility in blood/transport in blood/rate at which broken down [max 2]

[Total: 15]

4 (a) 1 maintains biodiversity ;

- 2 maintain, genetic diversity/genetic variation/gene pool ;
- 3 (loss of a species) may affect food, chains/webs ;
- 4 use by humans ; e.g. medical use/building materials/food
- 5 (eco)tourism ;
- 6 ethical/moral/aesthetic, reasons ; [max 3]

(b) (i) *assume answer refers to the botanic garden population unless otherwise stated*

statement about position relative to **A**, **B** or **C** ; e.g. closest to **B**/lower than **A** and **B**/higher than **C**

use of comparative figures ; e.g. 30.74 plus one other [2]

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- (ii) 1 small number/(only) 10, sampled ;
- 2 some, variants/alleles, were not included in the sample ;
- 3 **C** may be smaller than the other populations ;
- 4 **C** may have developed from only a small number of original plants ;
- 5 (so) only a small number of, alleles/variants, (present in the original population) ; **A** small gene pool/less genetic diversity [max 2]

- (iii) 1 *idea of* better chance of survival in changing conditions ;
- 2 example of change ; e.g. climatic/increased competition/new disease/new pest
- 3 less chance of, two harmful recessive alleles coming together/inbreeding depression ; [max 2]

- (iv) 1 (environmental) conditions similar to those in the, wild/natural habitat ;
- 2 within pollination distance/AW ;
- 3 *ref. to* possible reintroduction of plants to the wild ; [max 2]

(c) (i) *assume answer refers to the seeds unless otherwise stated*

- 1 *idea that* seeds are small **and** easier to store ;
- 2 seeds can be stored for a long time ;
- 3 little maintenance required ;
- 4 less prone to, disease/being eaten ;
- 5 seeds can be stored anywhere in the world ; [max 2]

- (ii) 1 to check that seeds are still, viable/able to germinate ;
- 2 to produce new plants from which fresh seeds can be collected ;
- 3 to, find/verify, conditions for breaking seed dormancy (should plants be needed) ; [max 2]

[Total: 15]

- 5 (a) contains ribose (not deoxyribose) ;
- has three phosphate groups (not one) ; [2]

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(b) (i) *anaerobic* – accept *ora* for *aerobic*

- 1 *idea that* glucose not completely, broken down/oxidised
or
only glycolysis occurs ;
- 2 pyruvate/lactate/ethanol, still contains energy ;
- 3 ETC stops ;
- 4 (because) no oxygen to act as (final) electron acceptor ;
- 5 (so) no, Krebs cycle/link reaction/oxidative phosphorylation/
chemiosmosis ;

[max 3]

- (ii)
- 1 lipid contains (relatively) more, hydrogen atoms/C-H ;
 - 2 detail ; e.g. molecular formula of glucose and a lipid given
 - 3 more reduced, NAD/FAD, produced ;
 - 4 more electrons passed along ETC ;
 - 5 more hydrogen ions pumped across inner mitochondrial membrane/
more hydrogen ions pumped into intermembrane space/steeper proton
gradient ;

[max 3]

[Total: 8]

6 (a)

statement	letter
is myelinated	B
may form a synapse with an intermediate neurone	B
cell body lies within the CNS	M
dendron is usually longer than axon	S
cell body lies within spinal nerve	S
has many dendrites	B

⋮

all correct = 3 marks
3/4 correct = 2 marks
1/2 correct = 1 mark

[3]

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- (b) 1 Ca⁽²⁺⁾ channels open (in presynaptic membrane/presynaptic knob) ;
 2 Ca²⁺ enter (pre)synaptic knob ;
 3 vesicles contain, neurotransmitter/ACh ;
 4 (vesicles) move towards/fuse with, presynaptic membrane ;
 5 (ACh/neurotransmitter) released/exocytosis ;
 6 (ACh/neurotransmitter) diffuses (across cleft) ;
 7 binds to receptors on postsynaptic membrane ;
 8 Na⁽⁺⁾ channels open ;
 9 Na⁺ enters post-synaptic neurone ;

*penalise lack of mention of ions in mp2 and 9 **once** only* [max 5]

- (c) hydrolyses/breaks down, ACh ;

stops continuous production of action potentials (in post-synaptic neurone) ; [2]

[Total: 10]

- 7 (a) *recessive*

only expressed in homozygote/two copies of the allele needed to be expressed/
 not expressed in heterozygote/not expressed in presence of dominant allele ;

mutation

change in the structure of, DNA/gene/allele

or

change in, base/nucleotide, sequence ; [2]

- (b) suitable symbols and key ; e.g. A = allele for normal (non PKU)
 a = allele for PKU

correct parental genotypes **plus** correct gametes ;

offspring phenotypes linked to correct offspring genotypes ; [3]

- (c) 1 fewer amino acids ;

2 change in primary structure ; **A** different amino acid sequence

3 different, tertiary structure/3D shape ;

4 *ref. to* active site of, PAH/enzyme, changed/absent ;

5 PAH/enzyme/protein, non-functional/AW ; **A** different function [max 3]

[Total: 8]

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- 8 (a) (i) **A** – RuBP/ribulose biphosphate ;
B – fatty acid ;
C – nitrates ; **A** suitable nitrogenous substance e.g. ammonium ions
I nitrogen/ammonia [3]
- (ii) non-cyclic photophosphorylation ; [1]
- (iii) condensation/polymerisation ; **A** anabolic
glycosidic ; [2]
- (iv) 1 enters via stoma(ta) ;
2 by diffusion/down a concentration gradient ;
3 passes through air spaces ;
4 dissolves in film of water (on cell surface) ;
5 (diffuses) through cell, wall/surface membrane (of palisade cells) ; [max 3]
- (b) 1 excited electrons leave, chlorophyll a/photosystem ;
2 pass along ETC ;
3 protons present from photolysis ;
4 protons (pumped) into intermembrane space ;
5 rubisco is in stroma ;
6 *idea that* protons leaving stroma raises pH ; [max 3]

[Total: 12]

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- 9 (a) 1 high, carbohydrate / starch, content ; **A** 70–80%
2 source of, energy / ATP ;
3 protein provides amino acids ;
4 for growth ;
5 low in fat ; **A** 2–4%
6 contains essential fatty acids ;
7 source of, vitamin B / vitamin E ;
8 deficient in, vitamin A / vitamin D / vitamin C ;
9 *ref. to* Golden Rice and vitamin A ; **A** *ref. to* other valid examples
10 wide range / AW, of minerals ;
11 named mineral plus use in human body ; e.g. calcium for bone development
12 high in fibre ;
13 for peristalsis / prevents constipation ;
14 easily, dried / stored ;
15 AVP ; e.g. staple diet for much of the world / named staple crop and location
16 AVP ; e.g. different parts of grain have different nutrients / *ref. to* processing grain

[max 8]

- (b) 1 seed is, dormant / metabolically inactive ;
2 water enters seed ;
3 embryo, produces / releases, gibberellin ;
4 gibberellin stimulates aleurone layer ;
5 (by) affecting, gene coding / transcription of mRNA, for amylase ;
6 to produce amylase ;
7 amylase hydrolyses starch ;
8 in endosperm ;
9 to, maltose / glucose ;
10 embryo uses sugars for respiration ;
11 energy / ATP, used for growth ;

[max 7]

[Total: 15]

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- 10 (a)
- 1 FSH/LH, released by anterior pituitary ;
 - 2 Graafian/ovarian, follicle develops/AW ;
 - 3 oestrogen produced by follicle (cells) ;
 - 4 oestrogen conc rises for first 12 days ;
 - 5 causes, endometrium to thicken ; **A** detail such as increase in blood vessels
 - 6 (around day 14) surge in LH/AW ;
 - 7 stimulates ovulation/AW ;
 - 8 corpus luteum develops ;
 - 9 produces progesterone ;
 - 10 causes, further development of endometrium ;
 - 11 if no fertilisation, secretion of FSH/LH inhibited ;
 - 12 corpus luteum, degenerates/AW ;
 - 13 progesterone conc falls ;
 - 14 endometrium breaks down/menstruation occurs ;
 - 15 negative feedback in correct context ; [max 9]
- (b)
- 1 (homeostasis is) maintenance of, constant/stable, internal environment ;
 - 2 irrespective of changes in external environment ;
 - 3 negative feedback ;
 - 4 *ref. to* input/stimulus ;
 - 5 receptor detects change in parameter ;
 - 6 action taken by effector/response/AW ;
 - 7 restoration of, norm/set point/AW ;
 - 8 *ref. to* fluctuation around the norm ;
 - 9 example of homeostasis ; [max 6]

[Total: 15]