Cambridge International **AS & A Level**  Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

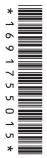
### **CHEMISTRY (US)**

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 1

CONFIDENTIAL INSTRUCTIONS

9185/35 May/June 2014

Great care should be taken to ensure that any confidential information given does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.



The Supervisor's attention is drawn to the form on page 7 which must be completed and returned with the scripts.

If you have any problems or queries regarding these Instructions, please contact Cambridgeby e-mail:info@cie.org.uk,by phone:+44 1223 553554,by fax+44 1223 553558,stating the Center number, the nature of the query and the syllabus number quoted above.

This document consists of 8 printed pages.



### Safety

2

Supervisors are advised to remind candidates that all substances in the examination should be with caution.

www.papaCambridge.com Only those tests described in the question paper should be attempted. Please also see under 'Apparate on the use of pipet fillers, safety glasses and plastic gloves.

In accordance with COSHH (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health) Regulations, operative in the UK, a hazard appraisal of the examination has been carried out.

Attention is drawn in particular, to certain materials used in the examination. The following codes are used where relevant.

С corrosive substance

- highly flammable substance F.
- н harmful or irritating substance
- 0 oxidizing substance
- Т toxic substance
- Ν dangerous for the environment

The attention of Supervisors is drawn to any local regulations relating to safety and first-aid.

'Hazard Data Sheets', relating to materials used in this examination, should be available from your chemical supplier.

# Before the Examination

### 1 Access to the question paper is NOT permitted in advance of the examination.

#### 2 **Preparation of materials**

Where quantities are specified for each candidate, they are sufficient for the experiments described in the question paper to be completed.

In preparing materials, the bulk quantity for each substance should be increased by 25% as spare material should be available to cover accidental loss. More material may be supplied if requested by candidates, without penalty.

All solutions should be bulked and mixed thoroughly before use to ensure uniformity.

Every effort should be made to keep the concentrations accurate to within one part in two hundred of those specified.

# Supervisors are asked to carry out any confirmatory tests given on page 4 to ensure the materials supplied are appropriate.

If the concentrations differ slightly from those specified, the Examiners will make the necessary allowance. They should be informed of the exact concentrations.

### 3 Labeling of materials

Materials must be labeled as specified in these instructions. Materials with an FA code number should be so labeled without the identities being included on the label. Where appropriate the identity of an FA coded chemical is given in the guestion paper itself.

### Identity of materials 4

It should be noted that descriptions of solutions given in the question paper may not correspond exactly with the specifications in these Instructions. The candidates must assume the descriptions given in the question paper.

### Size of group 5

In view of the difficulty of the preparation of large quantities of solution of uniform concentration, it is recommended that the maximum number of candidates per group be 30 and that separate supplies of solutions be prepared for each group.

# **Apparatus**

- 1 In addition to the fittings ordinarily contained in a chemical laboratory, the apparatus and n specified below will be necessary.
- www.papaCambridge.com Pipet fillers (or equivalent safety devices), safety glasses and disposable gloves should be used 2 where necessary.
- For each candidate 3
  - $1 \times 25 \, \text{cm}^3$  pipet
  - $1 \times 50 \, cm^3$  buret
  - $1 \times$  buret stand and clamp
  - $1 \times \text{funnel}$  (for filling buret)
  - $1 \times$  funnel (for transferring solution)
  - 1 × 250 cm<sup>3</sup> volumetric (graduated) flask
  - $2 \times 250 \, \text{cm}^3$  Erlenmeyer flask
  - $1 \times 100 \, \text{cm}^3$  beaker
  - $1 \times$  white tile
  - $1 \times crucible$  (at least  $15 \, cm^3$  capacity) without lid
  - $1 \times pipe-clay triangle$
  - $1 \times Bunsen burner$
  - $1 \times$  heat proof mat
  - $1 \times ring$  stand and gauze
  - $1 \times \text{crucible tongs}$
  - $1 \times glass rod$
  - $1 \times \text{test-tube holder}$
  - 7 × test-tubes\*
  - 1 × hard-glass test-tube
  - 1 × boiling tube\*
  - $1 \times \text{test-tube rack}$
  - $2 \times dropper$
  - $1 \times \text{spatula}$
  - $1 \times$  marker or labels (suitable for labeling glassware)
  - $1 \times$  wash bottle containing distilled water

sight of a clock with a minutes display access to a balance weighing to at least 0.1 g paper towels

\*Candidates are expected to rinse and re-use test-tubes and boiling tubes where possible. Additional test-tubes should be available.

Where balance provision is limited, some candidates should be instructed to start the examination with different questions.

3

**Chemicals Required** 

It is especially important that great care is taken that the confidential information given below does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.

Particular requirements 2

| hazard label               | candi | candidate             | Identity   | (hazards given in this column are for the raw materials)  |
|----------------------------|-------|-----------------------|--|---|
| [H] FA 1                   | 150   | 150 cm <sup>3</sup>   | 0.048 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> sodium<br>hydroxide                     | Dissolve 1.92g NaOH <b>[C]</b> in each dm <sup>3</sup> of solution. This should be provided in a stoppered container.   |
| FA 2                       | 60 c  | 60 cm <sup>3</sup>    | 0.50 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> hydrochloric<br>acid                     | Dilute 42.5 cm <sup>3</sup> of concentrated (35–37%; approximately 11 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> ) acid <b>[C]</b> to 1 dm <sup>3</sup> .   |
| [N] FA 4                   | 2.5   | 2.5g                  | a mixture of zinc carbonate<br>and either zinc oxide or            | Grind together a mixture of<br>80% by mass ZnCO <sub>3</sub> with 20% by mass ZnO <b>[N]</b> .<br><b>or</b>   |
|                            |       |                       | aluminum oxide   | 80% by mass ZnCO <sub>3</sub> with 20% by mass A $I_2O_3$ .<br>Supply 2.5 $\pm$ 0.2 g per candidate in a stoppered bottle or tube.  |
|                            |       |                       | a mixture of zinc carbonate  | Grind together a mixture of approximately 30% by mass $ZnCO_3$ (or basic zinc carbonate ( $ZnCO_3)_2$ .( $Zn(OH)_2)_3$ ) with 70% by mass $Al_2(SO_4)_3$ .16H <sub>2</sub> O  |
| FAS                        | ~     | ۵<br>۵                | and aluminum sulfate or<br>aluminum potassium sulfate              | <b>or</b> 30% by mass ZnCO <sub>3</sub> (or basic zinc carbonate (ZnCO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> .(Zn(OH) <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ) with 70% by mass $AIK(SO_4)_2$ .12H <sub>2</sub> O. Supply 1.0 ±0.1g per candidate in a stoppered bottle or tube. |
| [H] FA 7                   | 29    |                       | a mixture of ammonium<br>chloride and sodium hydrogen<br>carbonate | Grind together a mixture of approximately 50% by mass NH <sub>4</sub> C <i>l</i> <b>[H]</b> with 50% by mass anhydrous NaHCO <sub>3</sub> .<br>Supply 2.0 $\pm$ 0.2q per candidate in a stoppered bottle or tube.   |
| methyl orange<br>indicator |       | 10 cm <sup>3</sup> r  | methyl orange indicator  | See preparation instructions on page 60 of the 2014 syllabus.   |
| distilled water            |       | 250 cm <sup>3</sup> c | distilled water  | W Bax   |

The reagents below should also be provided. Unless otherwise stated, each candidate should require no more than 10 cm<sup>3</sup> of any of these reagents. If necessary, they may be made available from a communal supply: however, the attention of the Invigilators should be drawn to the fact that such an arrangement may lead to contamination of reagents and enhance the opportunity for malpractice between candidates. ო

| hazard         |  | Der                             |  |
|----------------|--|---------------------------------|--|
|                | label  | candidate                       | notes  |
| Ξ              | dilute hydrochloric acid   |                                 |  |
| <u></u>        | dilute nitric acid   | 20 cm <sup>3</sup>              |  |
| Ξ              | dilute sulfuric acid   |                                 |  |
| Ξ              | aqueous ammonia  | 20 cm <sup>3</sup>              |  |
| 5              | aqueous sodium hydroxide   | 10 cm <sup>3</sup>              | See identity details and preparation instructions<br>on pages 59 and 60 of the 2014 syllabus.  |
| Ξ              | 0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium chloride   |                                 |  |
|                | [or 0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium nitrate]   |                                 |  |
| [H] [N]        | 0.05 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> silver nitrate   |                                 |  |
| Ξ              | limewater  |                                 |  |
| [H] [N]        | acidified aqueous potassium<br>manganate(VII)  |                                 | Mix equal volumes of 0.02 moldm <sup>-3</sup> KMnO <sub>4</sub> [N] [O] [H] and 1.0 moldm <sup>-3</sup> sulfuric acid [H].   |
| The f          | The following materials and apparatus should be available.   | should be av                    | railable.  |
| ed and I and I | red and blue litmus papers, plain filter paper strips for use with acidifi and the apparatus normally used in the Center for use with limewate | ור strips for נ<br>חter for use | red and blue litmus papers, plain filter paper strips for use with acidified manganate(VII), aluminum foil for testing nitrate/nitrite, wooden splints<br>and the apparatus normally used in the Center for use with limewater in testing for carbon dioxide |

## Responsibilities of the Supervisor during the Examination

www.papaCambridge.com The Supervisor, or other competent chemist, must, out of sight of the candidates, carry 1 experiments in Question 1 and Question 2 and complete tables of readings on a spare co the question paper which should be labeled 'Supervisor's Results'.

# This should be done for:

each session held and each laboratory used in that session, and each batch of solutions supplied.

N.B. The question paper cover requests the candidate to fill in details of the examination session and the laboratory used for the examination.

It is essential that each packet of scripts contains a copy of the applicable Supervisor's Results as the candidates' work cannot be assessed accurately without such information.

The Supervisor must complete the Report Form on page 7 to show which candidates attended 2 each session. If all candidates took the examination in one session, please indicate this on the Report Form. A copy of the Report Form must accompany each copy of the Supervisor's Results in order for the candidates' work to be assessed accurately.

The Supervisor must give details on page 8 of any particular difficulties experienced by a candidate, especially if the Examiner would be unable to discover this from the written answers.

# After the Examination

### Each envelope returned to Cambridge must contain the following items.

- 1 The scripts of those candidates specified on the bar code label provided.
- 2 A copy of the Supervisor's Report relevant to the candidates in 1.
- 3 A copy of the Report Form, including details of any difficulties experienced by candidates (see pages 7 and 8).
- The Attendance Register. 4

#### 5 A Seating Plan for each session/laboratory.

Failure to provide appropriate documentation in each envelope may cause candidates to be penalized.

### COLOR-BLINDNESS

With regard to color-blindness it is permissible to advise candidates who request assistance on colors of, for example precipitates and solutions (especially titration end-points). Please include with the scripts a note of the candidate numbers of such candidates.

Experience suggests that candidates who are red/green color-blind – the most common form – do not generally have significant difficulty. Reporting such cases with the scripts removes the need for a 'Special Consideration' application.

# **REPORT FORM**

7

www.papaCambridge.com This form must be completed and sent to the Examiner in the envelope with the scripts.

Center Number ...... Name of Center .....

### 1 **Supervisor's Results**

Please submit details of the readings obtained in Question 1 and Question 2 on a spare copy of the question paper clearly marked 'Supervisor's Results' and showing the Center number and appropriate session/laboratory number.

2 The candidate numbers of candidates attending each session were:

First Session

Second Session

- 3 The Supervisor is required to give details overleaf of any difficulties experienced by particular candidates, giving names and candidate numbers. These should include reference to:
  - (a) any general difficulties encountered in making preparation;
  - (b) difficulties due to faulty apparatus or materials;
  - (c) accidents to apparatus or materials;
  - (d) assistance with respect to color-blindness.

Other cases of hardship, e.g. illness, temporary disability, should be reported direct to CIE on the normal 'Application for Special Consideration' form.

A plan of work benches, giving details by candidate numbers of the places occupied by the candidates for each experiment for each session, must be enclosed with the scripts.



Report on any difficulties experienced by candidates.

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