

CANDIDATE  
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**COMPUTING**

**9691/21**

Paper 2

**October/November 2014**

**2 hours**

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No additional materials are required.

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

**DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.**

Answer **all** questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

This document consists of **12** printed pages.

- 1 Rema surveys the students in her class to find out which is the most popular sport.

She draws a tally chart:

1	Cricket	
2	Football	
3	Tennis	
4	Swimming	

Rema plans to collect sport data from students in the whole school. She designs a program to:

- input the number of the sport a student likes best (1, 2, 3 or 4)
- repeatedly ask for input until the input is 0 (zero)
- keep a count of each choice
- on completion of data entry, print out the results as a tally chart (as shown above)

Rema's first attempt is the following pseudocode:

```

Cricket ← 0
Football ← 0
Tennis ← 0
Swimming ← 0
REPEAT
  INPUT Choice
  CASE Choice OF
    1: Cricket ← Cricket + 1
    2: Football ← Football + 1
    3: Tennis ← Tennis + 1
    4: Swimming ← Swimming + 1
  ENDCASE
UNTIL Choice = 0
OUTPUT "Cricket  ", Cricket
OUTPUT "Football ", Football
OUTPUT "Tennis   ", Tennis
OUTPUT "Swimming ", Swimming

```

Her friend Aisha suggests that the pseudocode could be improved by:

- using a one-dimensional array, `Tally`, instead of four variables to store the counts
- modularising the design.

The main program should just consist of three procedure calls:

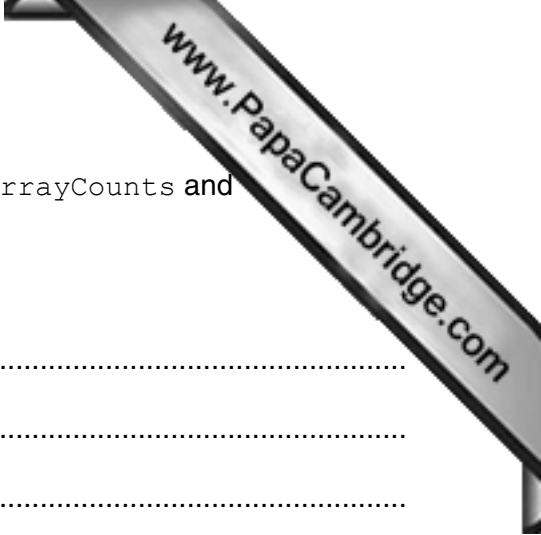
```

InitialiseArrayCounts
InputStudentChoices
OutputTallyChart

```

- (a) Write a pseudocode statement to declare the array `Tally`.

.....  
 .....[2]



(b) (i) Write the pseudocode for the procedures `InitialiseArrayCounts` and `InputStudentChoices`:

PROCEDURE `InitialiseArrayCounts`

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

ENDPROCEDURE

PROCEDURE `InputStudentChoices`

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

ENDPROCEDURE

[4]

(ii) State the variable that the array element `Tally[2]` has replaced.

.....[1]

(c) Rema wants her output to look like this:

```
1 Cricket \\\\\\\
2 Football \\
3 Tennis \\
4 Swimming \\\\\\\
```

She designs two procedures `OutputTallyChart` and `OutputTally`.

`OutputTallyChart` outputs the first two columns of the tally chart and then calls `OutputTally` to output the correct number of bars (\).

Complete the pseudocode:

```
PROCEDURE OutputTallyChart
```

```
    OUTPUT "1 Cricket "
```

```
    OutputTally(.....)
```

```
    OUTPUT "2 Football "
```

```
    OutputTally(.....)
```

```
    OUTPUT "3 Tennis "
```

```
    OutputTally(.....)
```

```
    OUTPUT "4 Swimming "
```

```
    OutputTally(.....)
```

```
ENDPROCEDURE
```

```
PROCEDURE OutputTally(SportCount : INTEGER)
```

```
    IF ..... // check there are bars
                                     // to output
```

```
    THEN
```

```
        .....
```

```
        OUTPUT '\'
```

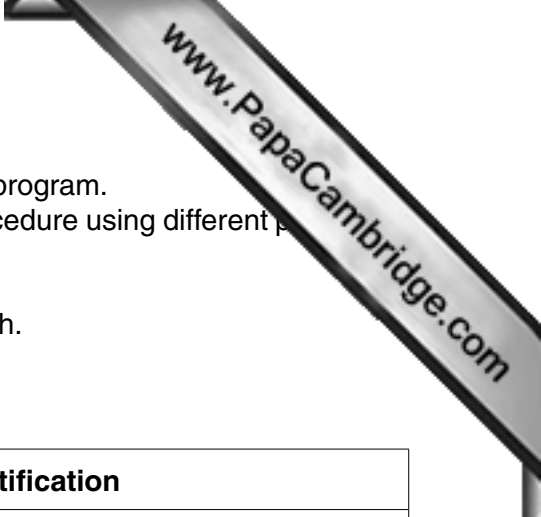
```
        .....
```

```
    ENDIF
```

```
    .....
```

```
ENDPROCEDURE
```

[6]



(d) Rema wants to test each module before she tests the whole program. The first module she is going to test is the `OutputTally` procedure using different `p` values.

Give **three** different types of test data with an example of each.

Justify your choices.

Type of test data	Example test data	Justification

[9]

(e) (i) All programs should be maintainable. Rema has followed good practice in writing her pseudocode. She used some features of maintainable programs.

List **three** such features.

- 1 .....
- .....
- 2 .....
- .....
- 3 .....
- ..... [3]

(ii) Give **one** further feature that Rema has not used in her solution so far.

- .....
- ..... [1]

2 Ali sets up user IDs and passwords for his program.

When the user types in their user ID, the program looks up the stored password for this user.

The stored password is the encrypted version of the user's password.

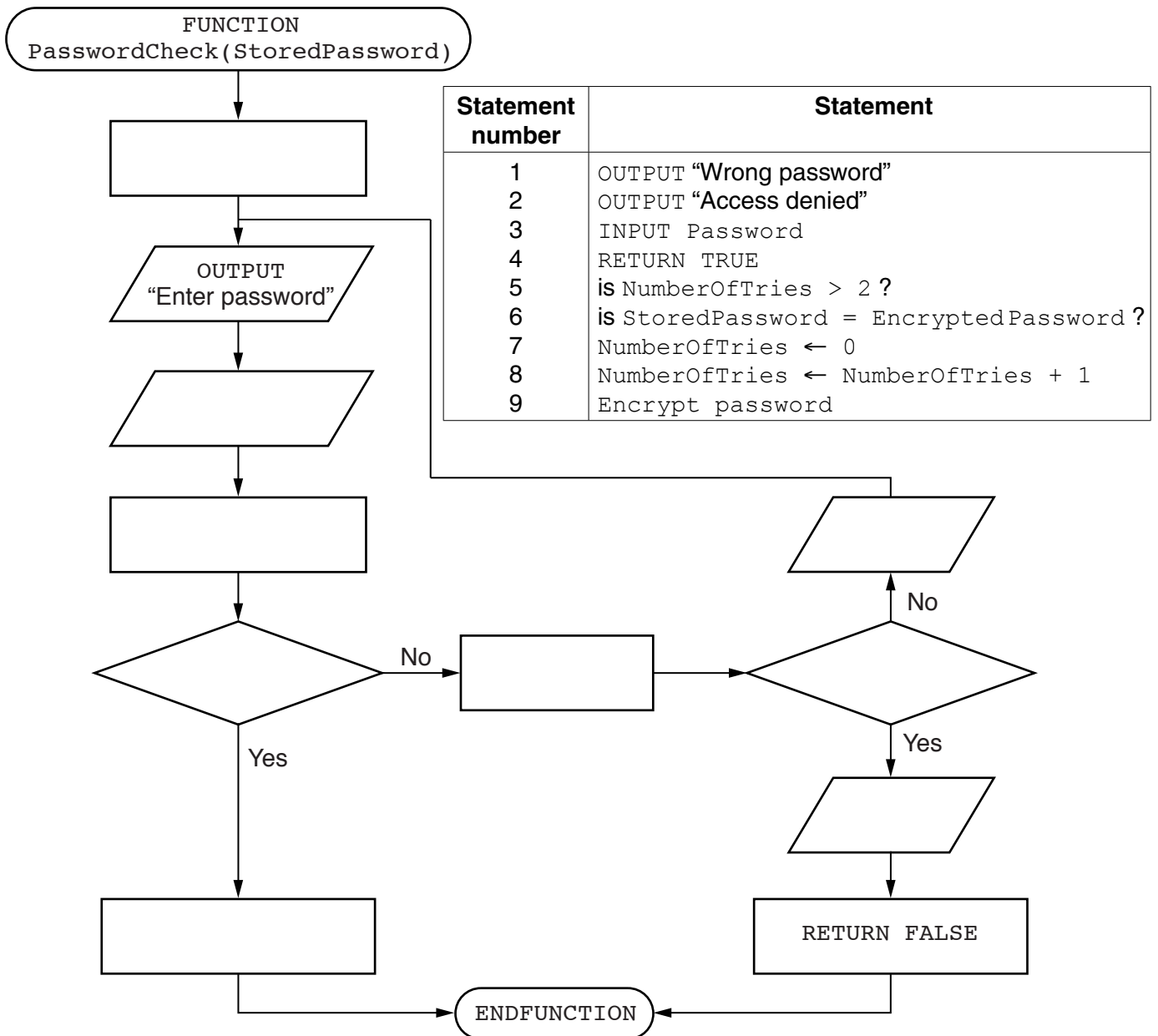
(a) The program calls the function `PasswordCheck` with the stored password as parameter.

If the user enters the correct password the function returns the value `TRUE`.

Each time the password is entered incorrectly, the message "Wrong password" is output.

If the user enters an incorrect password 3 times, the user is told that access is denied, and the function returns the value `FALSE`.

Complete the flowchart using the given statements. Ensure that only statement numbers are present on the flowchart.



- (b) Ali uses a sequential file of records to store the user IDs and encrypted passwords.

When a user types in their User ID, the program calls a function, `FindPassword`, with the parameter `ThisUserID`.

The function searches each record in the file for `ThisUserID` and returns the encrypted password.

If `ThisUserID` is not stored in the file, the function returns an error code.

Complete the pseudocode:

```

FUNCTION FindPassword(ThisUserID : STRING) RETURNS .....
  DECLARE Found : BOOLEAN
  OPENFILE FOR INPUT ..... // for reading
  Found ← FALSE

  WHILE .....
    FILEREAD next record

    IF .....
      THEN
        .....

      ENDIF
    ENDWHILE

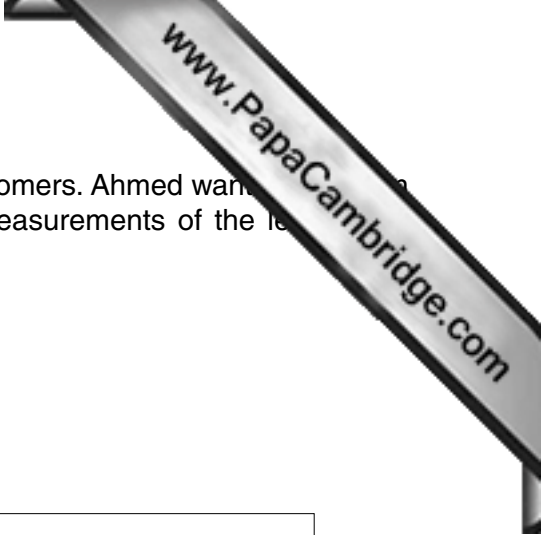
    IF .....
      THEN
        .....

      ELSE
        .....

    ENDIF
  CLOSEFILE
ENDFUNCTION

```

[8]



3 Ahmed runs his own business. He lays floor tiles in rooms for customers. Ahmed wants a program that calculates how many tiles he needs when he inputs the measurements of the length and width of the room he is working on.

(a) (i) Draw a screen design that is suitable for the following:

- to enter the length of the room in cm
- to enter the width of the room in cm
- to display the number of tiles required.

[4]

(ii) Explain how Ahmed can enter the data using your screen design in **part (i)**.

.....

.....

.....[1]

(b) The width of a room will measure at least 100 cm and less than 1000 cm.

The program must validate the width input.

Write a logic expression that is `TRUE` when the width stored in the variable `RoomWidth` is within the expected range.

.....

.....[3]











5 (a) Dry-run the pseudocode algorithm by completing the trace table.

```

PROCEDURE Guess (a)
  x ← 8
  REPEAT
    IF a ≥ x
      THEN
        OUTPUT '1'
        a ← a - x
      ELSE
        OUTPUT '0'
    ENDIF
    x ← x / 2
  UNTIL a = 0
ENDPROCEDURE
    
```

a	x	a ≥ x
13		
	8	

OUTPUT .....[4]

(b) What does the procedure `Guess` do?

.....  
 .....[1]

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