CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

HISTORY

rel 9697/4

PAPER 4 The History of Tropical Africa, 1855–1914

OCTOBER/NOVEMBER SESSION 2002

3 hours

Additional materials: Answer paper

TIME 3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the answer paper/answer booklet.

Answer **four** questions.

Write your answers on the separate answer paper provided.

If you use more than one sheet of paper, fasten the sheets together.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

All questions in this paper carry equal marks.

You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

Answer any four questions.

- www.papaCambridge.com Explain the development of the House System and analyse its importance in the state 1 Niger Delta.
- 2 Why was Dahomey one of Africa's most efficient states in the pre-colonial period?
- 3 Assess the contributions of Johannes IV and Menelik II to the unity, modernisation and preservation of the independence of Ethiopia.
- 4 Explain how the building of railways played a crucial part in the economic development of either Central Africa or East Africa.
- 5 Why did the European partition of Africa develop into a 'scramble' between 1875 and 1900?
- Explain the response of **two** of the following to the encroachment of Europeans on their territory: 6 Mkwawa of the Hehe; Mwanga, Kabaka of Buganda; Lobengula, King of the Ndebele; Lewanika, King of the Lozi.
- 7 What were Concessionary Trading Companies? With reference to such companies in two countries, explain what role they played in Tropical Africa before 1914.
- 8 'Africans often expressed their opposition to European rule through religious means.' With reference to at least three examples involving different religions, show how far you agree with this claim.
- 9 Explain the spread of either Islam or Christianity in East Africa between 1875 and 1914.
- 10 'Convenience and self-interest rather than principle led Britain to adopt a system of indirect rule in most of her African colonies.' How far do you agree?