

# **Cambridge O Level**

COMPUTER SCIENCE
Paper 1
October/November 2020
MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 75

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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# Cambridge O Level – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

#### **Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

## GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded positively:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- · marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors

© UCLES 2020 Page 2 of 13



## GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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	PΙ	JBI	LIS	HΕ	D

Question		Answer												
1(a)	– ´ ł	ny <b>one</b> from: Hypertext Mark-up Language Web authoring language // <b>language</b> used to write/create websites/web pages												
1(b)(i)	– F	- Presentation												
1(b)(ii)	One	mark	per ea	ach nib	ble:						6			
	43	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1					
	B7	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1					
	F0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0					
1(c)(i)	- I	nput									1			

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(c)(ii)	One from: - Lossy (compression)	4
	Any three from:  A (compression) algorithm is used  Removes redundant/unnecessary data from the file  Removes sounds that cannot be heard by the human ear/background noise  Reduces sample rate  Reduces sample resolution  Data is permanently removed // original file cannot be re-instated  Perceptual music shaping is used  NOTE: If lossless given, marks can be awarded for a correct description of lossless as follow through.  Any three from (lossless):	
	<ul> <li>A (compression) algorithm is used</li> <li>Repeating patterns are identified</li> <li> are replaced with a value</li> <li> and indexed</li> <li>No data is permanently removed // original file can be re-instated</li> <li>Suitable example of a lossless algorithm</li> </ul>	
1(c)(iii)	Any two from:  - Quicker for her to upload  - Quicker for users to download  - Won't slow website down as much when loading  - Takes up less storage space	2
1(d)(i)	<ul><li>Handshake (layer)</li><li>Record (layer)</li></ul>	2

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(d)(ii)	Any six from:  Client/browser requests secure connection to server  Client/browser requests the server to identify itself  Server provides a digital certificate  Client/browser validates the certificate  Client/browser send signal back to server (to begin transmission)  Session caching can be used  A session key is generated  Encryption method is agreed // data is encrypted	6
1(e)(i)	Any three from:  Hacking  Denial of service (DoS) attack  Virus  Malware  NOTE: Three different type of malware can be awarded	3
1(e)(ii)	Any four from:  Acts as a firewall  Monitor/filters/examines incoming and outgoing traffic  Rules/criteria for traffic can be set // blacklist/whitelist set  Blocks any traffic that does not meet criteria  and can send a warning message to the user  Stop the website failing in a DoS attack // DoS attack hits the proxy server and not the webserver	4

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Question				Answer	Marks		
2(a)	One mark for each correct row:						
	8-bit binary value	Even	Odd (✓)				
	11111111	✓					
	01100110	✓					
	01111011	✓					
	1000000		<b>√</b>				
2(b)	<ul><li>The value is appe</li><li>Value is recalcula</li><li>Values are compa</li></ul>	lated <b>usi</b> nded to th ted after t ared	ng an alg ne data to ransmiss		5		

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Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)(i)	Any three from:  Loss of power/electricity  Spillage of liquids  Flood  Fire  Human error  Hardware failure  Software failure  NOTE: Three different types of human error can be awarded e.g. accidental deletion, not saving data, incorrect shutdown procedure	3
3(a)(ii)	- Create a backup	1
3(b)	Max three from:  Solid state drive Non-volatile Secondary storage Flash memory Has no mechanical/moving parts Uses transistors and cells that are laid out in a grid Uses control gates and floating gates Can be NAND/NOR (technology) Use EEPROM technology  Max two from:	4
	Stores data by flashing it onto the chips     Data stored by controlling the flow of electrons through/using transistors/chips/gates     The electric current reaches the control gate and flows through to the floating gate to be stored     When data is stored the transistor is converted from 1 to 0	

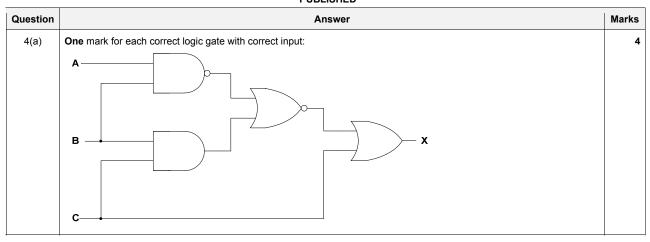
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Question				Answer						
3(c)	One mark for each correct row:									
	Statement	Blu-ray (✔)	CD (√)	DVD (✓)						
	A type of optical storage	<b>~</b>	✓	✓						
	Has the largest storage capacity	<b>~</b>								
	Can be dual layer	<b>✓</b>		✓						
	Read using a red laser		✓	✓						
	Has the smallest storage capacity		✓							
	Stores data in a spiral track	✓	✓	✓						

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© UCLES 2020 Page 10 of 13



Question				Ans	wer
4(b)	Three Two	mark marks	s for 6 for 4/5	correct outputs 5/7 correct outputs 5 correct outputs correct outputs	
	Α	В	С	Working space	х
	0	0	0		0
	0	0	1		1
	0	1	0		0
	0	1	1		1
	1	0	0		0
	1	0	1		1
	1	1	0		1
	1	1	1		1

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Question	Answer	1	Marks		
5(a)	One mark for each correct row:		5		
	Statement	True (✓)	False (✓)		
	It is a flat panel display	✓			
	It creates images using red, green and blue diodes	✓			
	It is not very energy efficient and gives off heat		✓		
	It is also used in mobile devices such as smartphones and tablets	✓			
	It is a front-lit display		✓		
5(b)	One mark for each correct term in the correct place:  - Control  - Unique  - Identify  - Protocol  - Dynamic				5

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Question	Answer	Marks
5(c)	Any four from:  Allows user to view web pages Renders HTML Allows user to bookmark/favourite web pages Provides navigation features Allows (multiple) tabs Stores cookies Records history of pages visited Has a homepage Runs active script Allows files to be downloaded from website/internet Sends a request to the IP address/web server (to obtain the contents of a web page) Sends URL to DNS Manages HTTP/HTTPS protocol	4

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