

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

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CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

5014/01

Paper 1

October/November 2007

2 hours 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials:

Ruler

Protractor

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

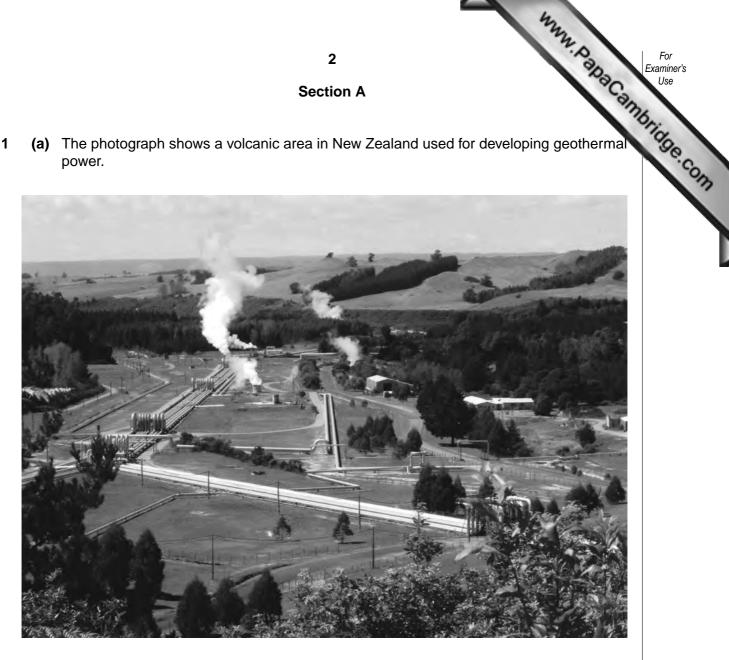
For Exam	iner's Use
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6	
Total	

This document consists of 27 printed pages and 1 blank page.



Section A

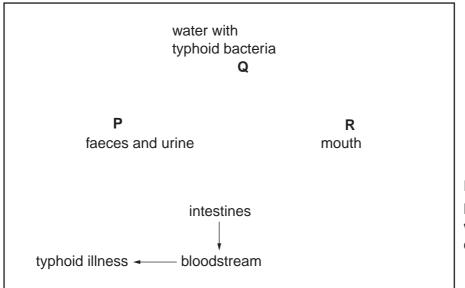
(a) The photograph shows a volcanic area in New Zealand used for developing geothermal 1 power.



(i)	What shows that this is a volcanic area?
	[1]
(ii)	What is being used for the transfer of the source of energy to the power station down the valley?
	[1]
(iii)	Why does a valley location help the transfer?
	[1]
(iv)	What disadvantages does the transfer of this energy source have for the area?
	[2]

www.PapaCambridge.com (b) Geothermal energy cannot be developed in all areas of the world. Described underground conditions necessary for its development and how people use them. (c) What are the advantages of geothermal energy?

www.PapaCambridge.com (a) Look at the diagram showing words that can be used to describe the cycle 2 waterborne disease, typhoid.



Key

P Q R points at which the cycle can be broken

- Complete the diagram by adding arrows to show the cycle of the disease. [1]
- **P**, **Q** and **R** on the diagram show points at which the cycle of typhoid can be broken. The table below shows methods used to break it. Match these methods with the points by writing the correct letters in the table.

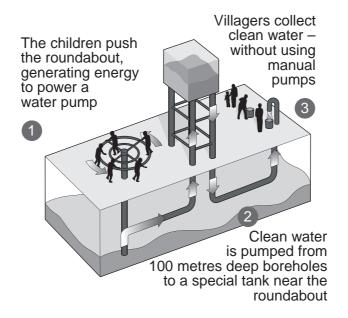
method	point on diagram
drugs	
install sanitation	
provide a clean water supply	

(iii)

[2]

world.
[4]

www.PapaCambridge.com (b) The diagram shows a new device for supplying water that is being used in some villages. The Play Pump costs an average of one US dollar a day to install and main for 15 years.



What are the advantages of this method of water supply?						
	• • •					
]	3					

3 (a) The diagram shows part of a label designed for a pesticide container.

CAMSPRAY

Systemic insecticide for the control of aphids on fruit trees

FOR USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL PESTICIDE



Rates of use

 $100\,\mbox{cm}^3$ CAMSPRAY in 200 litres of water. Apply to leaves until run-off.

Timing

Apply when aphids are first seen. Repeat at 10-14 day intervals.

Harvesting Interval

Allow a minimum of two weeks between the last application of CAMSPRAY and harvesting the crop.

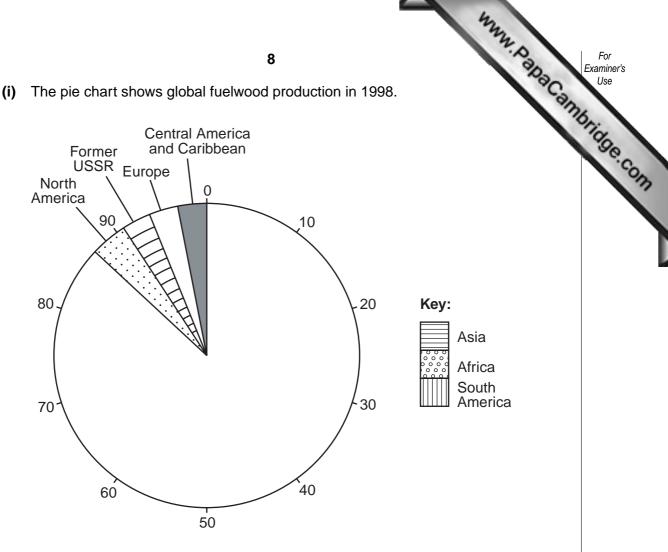
PRECAUTIONS

- 1 Wear protective clothing
- 8 Keep livestock out of treated areas for 7 days.
- 9 Do not contaminate ponds and waterways.
- 10 Do not apply at flowering stage.

Which instructions indicate that the pesticide can harm the environment?	
[3]

		Why.
		7 For Examiner
(b)	(i)	What will be the consequences for the environment of over-using the pestion
		dride
		What will be the consequences for the environment of over-using the pestic. What will be the consequences for the environment of over-using the pestic.
(ii)	Describe how farmers can control pests in less harmful ways.
`	,	
		[4]

(a) (i) The pie chart shows global fuelwood production in 1998.



Complete the pie chart using the information in the table below. Use the key provided.

continent	fuelwood production
Asia	50%
Africa	27%
South America	10%

[2]

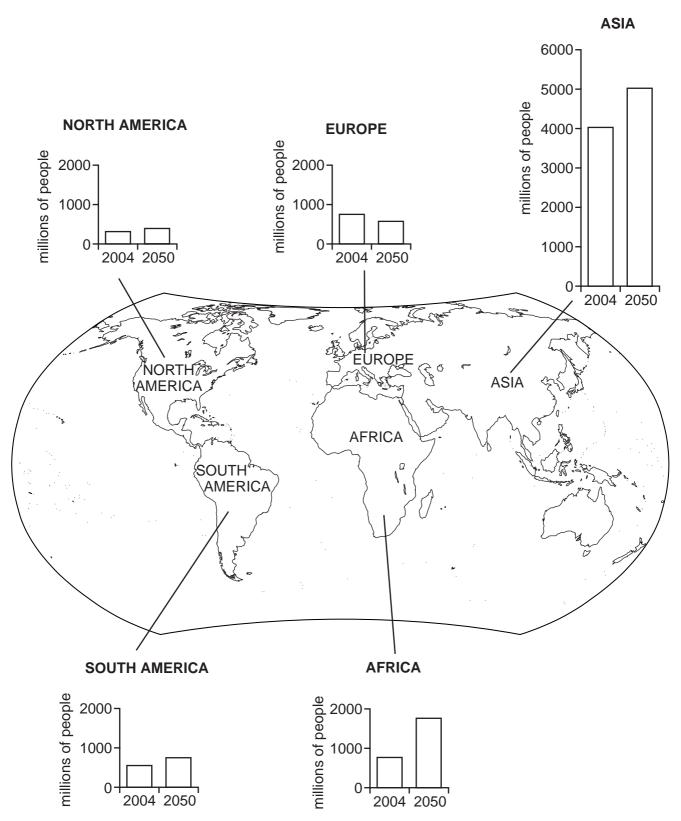
(ii)	How does the amount of fuelwood used in the developing world differ from that	: in
	the developed world?	

www.PapaCambridge.com (b) What social and environmental problems will be caused by an increased fuelwood? (c) How could the use of fuelwood be made more sustainable?[3]

Section B

www.papaCambridge.com Look at the world map which shows total population in 2004 and expected population in 203 5 five continents.

Population change 2004–2050



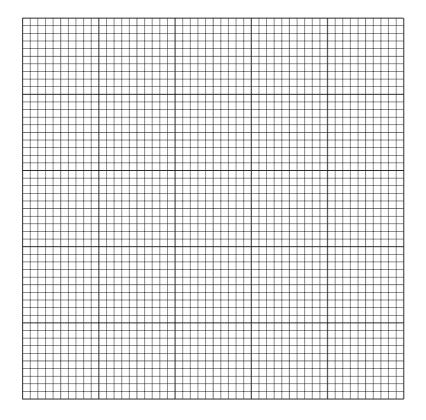
		11 For Examiner's	
(a)	(i)	By how much is the population of Asia expected to increase between 20 2050?	
	(ii)	Compared with the other continents, what is expected to be different about population change in Europe from 2004 to 2050?	n
	(iii)	In which continent is the fastest rate of population growth expected between 2004 and 2050?	
		[1]	

(b) The two countries in the world with most people are China and India. The table population data for them.

Total populations in China and India

ition data for them.	12 world with most people a tal populations in China	are China and India. The	For Examiner's Use table
	2004 Population (millions)	2050 Population (millions)	Oth
China	1300	1400	
India	1100	1530	

Draw bar graphs to show the population data in the table.



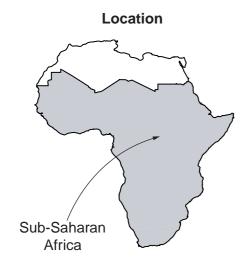
(ii)	What significant change is shown between 2004 and 2050?
	[1]

[3]

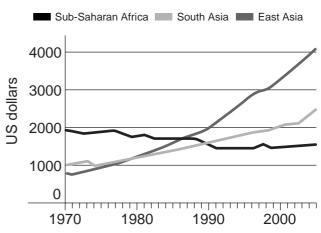
(iii)	Give reasons why population growth is higher in some countries than in oth		
	Reasons why population growth remains high in some countries.		
	2. Reasons why population growth is much lower in other countries.		
	[e]		

(c) World population is expected to grow from 6.5 billion people today to 9 billion population growth causes economic, social and environmental problems.

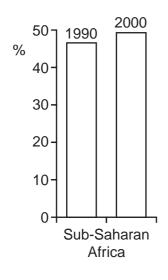
Economic problems in countries in sub-Saharan Africa

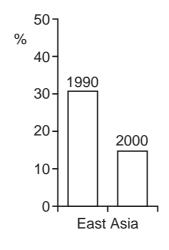


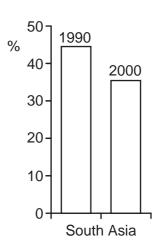




Changes in % of people living on US\$1 per day







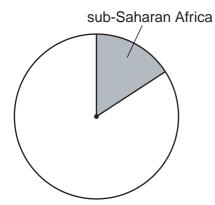
Describe what the graphs show about income in sub-Saharan countries company other developing countries in Asia. Use values from both graphs to support your answers.	Tidde
	OM
	1
[5]	

(d) (i)

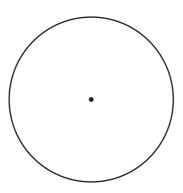
Percentages in sub-Saharan Africa

www.PapaCambridge.com Total world population - % living in sub-Saharan Africa World population suffering from hunger - % living in sub-Saharan Africa World total of health workers - % working in sub-Saharan Africa

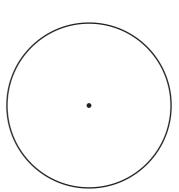
Total world population



World population suffering from hunger



World total of health workers



Key:

sub-Saharan Africa
rest of the world

Complete the two pie graphs by showing the percentages in sub-Saharan Africa for hunger and for health workers. Fill in the key.

ii)	What are the likely effects of these percentages on levels of disease in countries in sub-Saharan Africa? Explain your answer.
	101

(e) The diagram below shows one example of a poverty cycle in poor countries those in sub-Saharan Africa.

Poor farming family No access to clean drinking water Too ill to work during wet season Water related diseases common

Poverty cycles are often called poverty traps. Why is it difficult for poor people to break out of a poverty cycle like the one shown here?
[2]

- Food aid basic foods supplied free
- B Development aid money and equipment given for sinking a well
- C Farm aid high yielding seeds and new machines provided

	The state of the s
	18
	might be one way of helping people to break out of this poverty cycle. Three are listed below.
	might be one way of helping people to break out of this poverty cycle. Three the are listed below. A Food aid – basic foods supplied free B Development aid – money and equipment given for sinking a well C Farm aid – high yielding seeds and new machines provided
(i)	Which type of aid do you consider to be the best for people in this poverty trap? Give reasons for your choice.
(ii)	Which type of aid might be the least useful? Why?
	[4]

(g) One environmental problem is soil erosion. Look at the photograph.

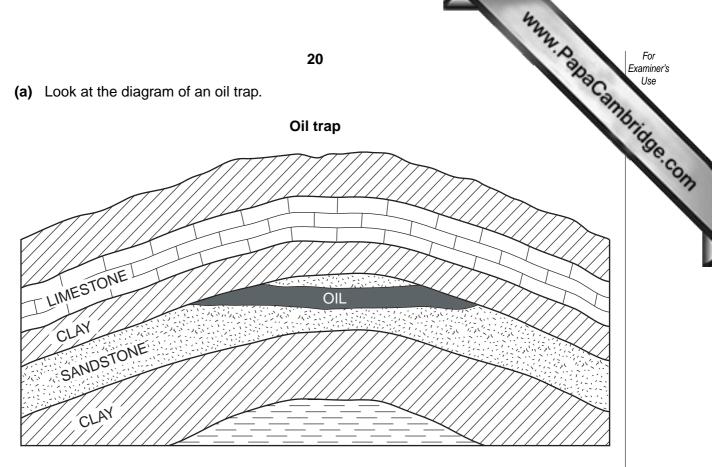
Colca Valley in the Andes mountains of Peru



	the transfer of the transfer o
	19
(i)	Describe the natural features which show that there is a high risk of soil erection this area.
	[4]
ii)	Using the photograph, describe what has already been done in the area on the photograph to reduce the likelihood of soil erosion occurring.
	[2]
i)	What else might farmers in this area do to prevent soil erosion? Describe two soil conservation strategies which could be used by farmers in this area.
	[4]
	[Total: 40 marks]

(a) Look at the diagram of an oil trap. 6

Oil trap



(i) Which type of rocks are shown in the diagram? Circle one answer.

	igneous	sedimentary	metamorphic	[1]
(ii)	What was oil formed from?			
				[1]
(iii)	Why is oil trapped here?			

	mm	
	21	For Examiner's
iv)	Explain the methods used by oil companies to extract oil from undergroundike the one shown.	Use
		36'C
		OM
		_
	[3]	
(v)	State one danger for people working in oilfields.	
	[1]	

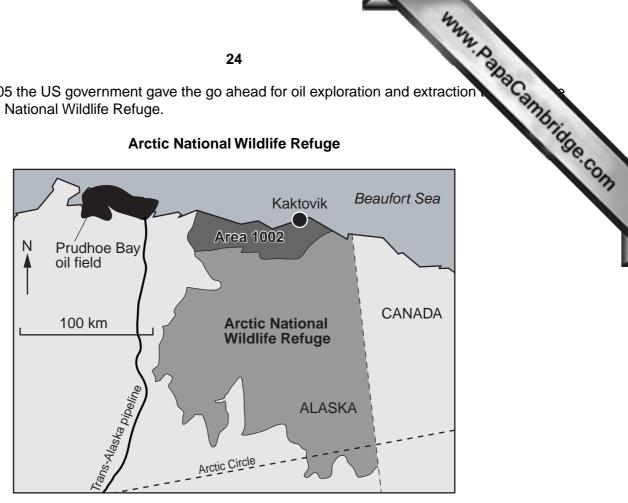
www.PapaCambridge.com 22 (b) The graph below shows world oil supply and demand in developed and d regions. World oil – supply and demand (2004) **Developed World North America** Demand 222.7 Supply **22222222** 10.3 **Europe** Demand **2222222222** 16.3 Supply **22222** 6.4 Japan Demand 5.4 Supply 0 **Developing World** Middle East Demand **2222** 5.3 Supply 224.5 **Central & South America** Demand **22222** 6.6 Supply **333333333** 10.5 **Africa** Demand 22.7 Supply **9.2** 9.2 Calculate the difference between supply and demand in

(i)	North America	
(ii)	The Middle East	
		[3
		[•.

	23		B.	For Examine
low important is the Middle explain your answer.	East as a supplier	of oil to other regi	ions of the Ray	ambric
				36
			[3]
Describe the types of environipelines and tankers. Refer			ransporting oil t	ру
			[4]
Explain why some oil spills others.	can be cleaned up	o more quickly an	d effectively that	an

(c) In 2005 the US government gave the go ahead for oil exploration and extraction Arctic National Wildlife Refuge.

Arctic National Wildlife Refuge





Fact File Arctic National Wildlife Refuge

Established

1960

Size

7.7 m hectares

Climate and vegetation

Tundra

Inhabitants

Less than 300 people, mainly Inuit

Way of life

Hunting, fishing and whaling

Wildlife

Polar bears, caribou, musk ox, grizzly bears, wolves, arctic foxes, snow geese and many migratory birds and whales

Mineral resources

Oil in Area 1002 (0.7 m hectares of

Estimated oil reserves 6bn to 16bn barrels

	Describe the characteristics of the tundra climate and vegetation.	s
)	Describe the characteristics of the tundra climate and vegetation.	
	Original	1
		CON
	[3]	
)	The Arctic National Wildlife Refuge was set up because it is a <i>wilderness</i> . A wilderness is an area of undeveloped land which is still natural.	
	Describe how the map and information in the Fact File show that at present the Arctic Refuge is a wilderness.	

www.PapaCambridge.com (d) People have widely different opinions about the decision to allow oil exploration National Wildlife Range.

President of the USA

'We will get some extra oil reserves. It will make America less dependent on oil from overseas.'

Politician from Alaska

'Modern methods of drilling are far less damaging to the environment and that is a fact. It will replace our oil imports from the Middle East for many years. Only a tiny part of Alaska will be affected.'

Politician from the opposition party

'Is it worth losing a natural treasure for ever, one of our last great wild places, for a few months' supply of oil? A 10bn barrel oil field is only about six months' supply of oil for the energy-hungry USA.'

President of a Wildlife Society

'There are certain places in the world where oil drilling and industrial development should never be allowed. The Arctic Refuge is one of them. Americans should unite to protect our country's most beautiful places.'

Inuit living in the village of Kaktovik

'I'm all for it. I have a young daughter and hunting and fishing are not enough to keep her housed, clothed and educated. I need a job now and oil is all that we've got. I would prefer to get a job as a tourist guide, but when they tried eco-tourism, very few tourists came. It is too remote and the climate is too harsh for them.'

		27		B	For Examiner's
	the economic an he decision to allo		made by those p	Deol Bacanna	Use
Econom	С				Ide
Environr	nental				
				[5]	
Explain	our opinion about		Alaska should		
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[Total: 40 marks]

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