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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2006 question paper

0600 AGRICULTURE

0600/02

Paper 2 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

The grade thresholds for various grades are published in the report on the examination for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses.

CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2006 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

		www.
Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllaba per
	IGCSE - OCT/NOV 2006	0600

Question Number			Mark Scheme Details	MANA	age
1	(a)	(i)	settled arable; R – subsistence farming/communal/commercial		.co
		(ii)	communal – adv. free land; many workers; many skills dis. decision making difficult; disputes over land; open to others poor management e.g. disease/quality of care; rented – adv. no initial capital; independent decisions; work for own gain;		
	(b)	(i)	no chemical pesticides/herbicides; use only natural fertiliser;	2001.2	[3]
			obey rules/requirements in place that denote organic;	any 2	[2]
		(ii)	farmer – better price/less costs environment – less pollution/supports recycling; R – no pollution	[total 8 ma	[2] arks]
2	(a)		sand – larger/has large surface; cf clay – smaller; holds chemicals/more fertile; (all sides correct)		[2]
	(b)	(i)	line on clay higher;		[1]
		(ii)	clay – small spaces for water to rise in/capillary action greater; or sand – water cannot rise high in large spaces		[1]
	(c)	(i)	line below top soil, either above or below the darkest layer and line below sub soil; the bottom of the lightest layer;		
			correct line placement; top soil; subsoil; bedrock/parent rock		[4]
		(ii)	mix with distilled water; add barium sulphate; shake well and leave to settle; use universal indicator/litmus paper;		701
			compare colour of solution with chart	any 3	[3]
		(iii)	X higher pH/less acidic because Y has humus; which is acidic; bedrock is alkaline; example chalk;	any 2	
			or X lower pH/more acidic		
			because of leaching/drainage of nutrients/acids from Y bedrock is acidic; example peat;	any 2	
			marks only given for reasons	[total 13 ma	[2] arks]
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Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllaba
	IGCSE - OCT/NOV 2006	0600

Question Number				Mark Scheme Details	Mindal	To the
3	(a)	(i)	A stigma;	B ovary		.cc
		(ii)	insect carries pollen to stigma	A self pollination		[1]
	(b)		gametes/male and female nur fuse/join;	clei;		[2]
	(c)	(i)	palisade layer;			[1]
		(ii)	temperature/light intensity/CO	O ₂ concentration/water concentration	any 2	[2]
		(iii)	dissolved in water/in solution; carried in phloem; carried as sucrose/sugar translocation; high to low conc./mass flow;		max 3 [total 11 ma	[3] rks]
4	(a)	1	nitrates not so available in fre	esh material/fresh might 'burn' seedling roots; A reverse statement		[1]
		2	room for roots to grow/allows	air in/provides good drainage;		[1]
	(b)	(i)	named weed; use clean seed/early planting/mulching/rotation/inter-cropping/good crop cover/flooding (rice)			[2]
		(ii)	Crops maize/millet/sorghum	<u>Diseases</u> rust/mosaic/streak/tassel smut etc. blast/stunt etc.		[2]
			wheat	stem rust/yellow rust etc.		[1]
	(-)	(!\	resistant plants/rotation/contro	or vectors/spacing;		[1]
	(c)	(i)	E			
		(ii)	A	ant bills and determine attached		F41
		(iii)	new infestation occur/treatme	ent kills predators/E attracts aphids	[total 9 ma	[1] rks]
5	(a)	(i)	non-ruminant, no rumen/only	one stomach; R – non-ruminant only/chewing cud		[1]
		(ii)	bacteria break down cellulose	e/plant cell walls; water absorption		[1]
	(b)	(i)	groundnut cake; mangels/cassava/fodder beet hay/dried grass;	t;		[3]
		(ii)	higher protein; as in groundnu or higher carbohydrate; as in	ut cake; cassava/fodder beet etc; R – general definition	[total 7 ma	[2] rks]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabu	per
	IGCSE - OCT/NOV 2006	0600	100

Question Number)	Mark Scheme Details	Mahide
Question Number			Mark Scheme Details	Part Mark
6	6 (a) isolates/contractions/water bag/head or feet first/detail for chosen animal;		isolates/contractions/water bag/head or feet first/detail for chosen animal;	any 3 [3]
	(b)	(i)	white;	[1]
		(ii)	homozygous recessive; both needed for mark	[1]
	(c)		select best/high yielding for use; over several years; resistance to diseases/drought	[2] [total 7 marks]
7	(a)		suitable strength; e.g. strong poles/droppers/supporting posts suitable dimension; e.g. posts 4 m apart/50 cm deep/120 cm high (any one)	[2]
	(b)		 increases pH which pasture plants like/favours micro organisms; gives more space/lets light to pasture/less competition for nutrients and water if uprooted; 	
			3 removes old growth/stimulates new growth/kills pests	[3]
	(c)		pasture rested, allows for re-growth; prevents compaction, so no lack of air to roots; prevents overgrazing, so less erosion/weeds invasion; pasture 'cleaner' breaks cycle of animal pests; need explanation	
			prevents selective grazing/species dominance; max 3	[3] [total 8 marks]
8	(a)	(i)	picks up dirt from roof; barrel open to organisms;	[2]
		(ii)	insert tap on bottom quarter of barrel in diagram;	[1]
		(iii)	use internal connector; fasten with clips; R – nuts	[2]
	(b)		less wastage/loss by evaporation; does not cause soil erosion; direct to plant;	[2] [total 7 marks]
9	(a)		feathers; eggs; fertilizer/quano;	any 2 [2]
	(b)	(i)	China;	[1]
	(~)	(ii)	rest of Asia down 6%/none in S America/Africa halves;	[1]
		(iii)	•	1-1
		()	Allow 1 mark for idea of supply and demand	[2]
	(c)	(i)	runny eyes/sneezing/white or green droppings/dull plumage/ruffled feathers/ stands alone or drooping stance;	any 2 [2]
		(ii)	prevent spread of disease; allows for easier treatment;	[2] [total 10 marks]

TOTAL 80