## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

## 0680 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

**0680/42** Paper 4 (Alternative to Coursework), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2015 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>®</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.



| Page 2 |    | 2     | Mark Scheme   | Syllabus      | Paper          |  |  |
|--------|----|-------|---|---------------|----------------|--|--|
|        |    |       | Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015   | 0680          | 42             |  |  |
| 1 (    | a) | (i)   | peak harvest and demand coincide; so no drop in price/price may (money/profit); all crop sold/no crop wasted; have money for any I food/hospital/school fees; have money for farm costs; standard of living;  |               |                |  |  |
|        |    | (ii)  | 58, 62, 80%;<br>All three for two marks. Two for one mark.  |               | [2]            |  |  |
|        |    | (iii) | as a control/idea explained/idea of comparison;   |               | [1]            |  |  |
|        |    | (iv)  | cost (of acids); do not know how to use them/suspicious of using the extra time/work and not worth extra seedlings; ref. to acid contaminer. to contamination of water; ref. harm to humans; low/unavailabit  | nation of so  |                |  |  |
| (      | b) | bro   | avy) metal poisonous/toxic; ref. contamination of (soil) water; absorten down/excreted (by animals); so accumulates in (animal/plant/ods up/passes) along food chain; kills top predators; bioaccumulation  | organism) b   | ody;           |  |  |
| (      | c) | cro   | (this/resting) restores nutrients/minerals/named mineral/ref. clover etc.; crops grow better/less fertiliser needed; allows pests/diseases to die out/fewer pests; crops grow better/yield not decreased; [2]   |               |                |  |  |
| (      | d) | (i)   | to check for (error/reliability)/can find a mean/backup if one tray fa  | ails;         | [1]            |  |  |
|        |    | (ii)  | comparing 3 to 1: (more/2) trays so reliability (can be checked); caup if one tray fails;   | an find a mea | an/back<br>[3] |  |  |
|        |    |       | comparing 3 to 2: because result measured twice/at 20 and 25 day  | ys;           |                |  |  |
|        |    |       | allows (greater chance) of full germination/more accurate estimation of germination ra  |               | ation rate;    |  |  |
|        |    | (iii) | size of tray; volume (amount) of soil; depth of soil; type soil; pH of stemperature; (volume/amount) of water; (amount) of light; type/vaseed age;  |               | l;<br>[3]      |  |  |
| (      | e) | (i)   | orientation of line graph only (not if bar chart);  |               |                |  |  |
|        |    |       | axes labelled; plots;   |               | [4]            |  |  |
|        |    | (ii)  | increase then plateaus/levels off/cuts off/evens out/eq.;   |               | [1]            |  |  |
|        |    | (iii) | do not plant more than 200 per tray/do plant (between 150 and 20 above this seeds wasted/no further yield of seedlings/no money wasted/no further yield of seedlings/no further yield of seedlings/no money wasted/no further yield of seedlings/no further yield | ,             | [2]            |  |  |

| Page 3 |     | 3   | Mark Scheme   |            | Paper           |  |  |
|--------|-----|---|---|------------|-----------------|--|--|
|        |     |   | Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015   | 0680       | 42              |  |  |
|        | (f) | (i)   | (25°C–22°C =) 3°C;  |            | [1]             |  |  |
|        |     | (ii)  | (weather/rain/temperature) conditions remain constant/eq.; temperature always warm enough/15°C–20°C; sufficient water;  |            |                 |  |  |
|        |     | (iii) spread of plant disease/fungal infection; surface run-off; soil erosion; loss of nutrient leaching; spread of (water-related/eq.) disease; crop damage/loss |   |            | ppsoil;<br>[3]  |  |  |
|        | (g) | (i)   | selective breeding; best plants have good alleles (accept genes)/e on good alleles (accept genes) to next generation/eq.; further details   | •          | nts pass<br>[2] |  |  |
|        |     | (ii)  | genetic engineering; transfer of genes (for high yield); further detail cloning/tissue culture/micropropagation;  | ,          | [2]             |  |  |
| 2      | (a) | gre<br>sup  | still rely on imports/depend on Mexico/money going to Mexico; greenhouse gases/named greenhouse gas; leading to global warming/greenhouse effect/eq.; (finite/unsustainable) supply; costs of supplying more electricity increase; acid rain; H.E.P. more land flooded/relocation; AVP; |            |                 |  |  |
|        | (b) | pov   | ery remote/far away; difficult terrain; too far for effective powerlines; few power plants/<br>ower stations far away; ref. to cost of powerlines; not many people live there/(so) low<br>emand;  |            |                 |  |  |
|        | (c) | (i)   | systematic sampling;  |            |                 |  |  |
|        |     |   | at noted location, use of compass; layout transect line (with tape); from powerlines into forest; secure with pegs/eq.; placing quadrat at intervals; identify species with book; record number of different species (in quadrat); in notebook; repeat;                                 |            |                 |  |  |
|        |     |   | OR  |            |                 |  |  |
|        |     |   | random sampling;  |            |                 |  |  |
|        |     |   | detail of quadrat placing (throw quadrat/layout grid); under powerli identify species with book; record different species in quadrat; in ta repeat; AVP;  |            | •               |  |  |
|        |     | (ii)  | repeat on other sites (when repeating keep variables constant)/constudies;  | mpare with | similar<br>[1]  |  |  |
|        |     |   |   |            |                 |  |  |

| age 4   | Mark Scheme  | Syllabus | Paper      |  |
|---------|--|----------|------------|--|
|         | Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015  | 0680     | 42         |  |
| (d) (i) | 0100–0400 (or within this range);  |          | [1]        |  |
| (ii)    | getting dark; more home; cooking; AVP;   |          | [2]        |  |
| (iii)   | cheaper to invest in reducing demand; sustainable reductions/better use of resources; new power plants not sustainable; less reliant on imports; cheaper electricity/spending less on electricity helps GDP/eq.; environmental reasons; human health reasons; AVP; [4] |          |            |  |
| (e) (i) | by using diesel generators/solar panels/water wheel/wind turbine   | ;        | [1]        |  |
| (ii)    | each of three questions about small-scale generation; layout;  |          |            |  |
|         | such as: Do you know how to run a generator/do you have the money to bu Do you know anything about small wind turbines/could you pay for Have you seen small solar panels working?   |          | or?<br>[4] |  |

AVP = Alternative Valid Point.

[Total: 60]