UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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for the guidance of teachers

0460 GEOGRAPHY

0460/41

Paper 4 (Alternative to Coursework), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

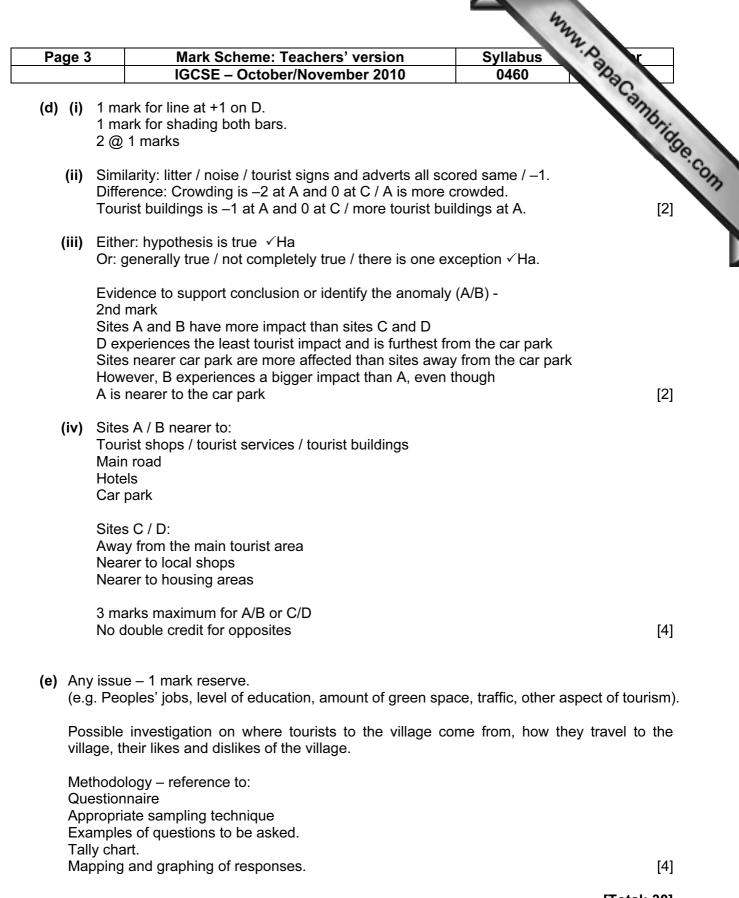
Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page 2		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus Syllabus
		IGCSE – October/November 2010	0460
(a)	(i)	3	and
	(ii)	4 (accept tally or total)	10
	(iii)	20	Syllabus 0460 Ranacambrid [1]
(b)	(i)	Such shops are used by local residents and tourists. Result would depend on when students did the surve How would the students distinguish between local re	ey.
	(ii)	Survey / ask shop owners. What is the balance between residents and tourists tourists. Survey / ask the customers where they come from / a	
	(iii)	1 mark for plotting line accurately. 1 mark for shading (order doesn't matter).	[2]
	(iv)	Yes, agree with hypothesis √Ha More than half the shops / 55% / 22 shops / higher by tourists. Only 22% / 9 shops are used mainly by local residen These 9 shops would also be used by tourists. Lots of / most numerous shops are gift shops which a 9 shops are used by both tourists and residents.	ts.
(c)	(i)	Trial / practise / before real survey. Important to see if the scoring system works / i methodology.	if it needs to be modified / study [2]
	(ii)	How many survey points to choose. Too few points and the survey is without substance. Too many points and the survey is time consuming. Which characteristics / criteria will be measured in investigate. Where to locate the survey sites / which sites to inve Survey sites must be at different distances from the of How will they score the survey (what level will each r	stigate. car park.

Generic decision – how many students will go to each site / time of survey / who goes to each site – 1 mark maximum. 3 @ 1 mark [3]



[Total: 30]

Page 4		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus	i Q
	-	IGCSE – October/November 2010 0460	1000
(a)	(i)	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus IGCSE – October/November 2010 0460 Burning fossil fuels 0460 Burning coal Burning oil Burning vegetation Smoke from steam train Factories releasing gases into atmosphere Exhaust emissions / fumes / gases from cars / planes CFCs Spraying insecticides 2 @ 1 marks	
	(ii)	Acid rain Acidity increases in lakes; causing fish to die Trees are damaged as acid water falls onto leaves Soil water becomes acidic; which affects nutrient uptake to trees leaching Global warming / enhanced greenhouse effect Melting of ice caps Rise in global temperatures Increase in tropical storms Enlarges hole in ozone layer	/ plants; increased
(b)	Wir	nd blows most frequently / most often / most common direction /main w	vind direction. [1]
(c)	(i)	Wind vane / wind sock. Rain gauge / measuring cylinder / container with measurements.	[2]
	(ii)	Needed many measurements for reliability of results / fair results. Take account of change in wind direction. Takes some account of seasonal variation / no seasonal variation. Get an average / total each month.	[2]
	(iii)	It may have been difficult to take measurements every day for four me School holidays / access to school at weekends / forgetfulness / illnes Difficult to take readings at the same time each day . Measuring instruments are not very accurate. Student error. Equipment breaks. Interference from other students / animals. Difficult to measure small amounts of rainwater when recorded as trac Cannot take pH reading from a trace amount.	SS.
	(iv)	Hypothesis 1 is correct / generally correct / partially correct \checkmark Ha. pH value is lower / more acidic when wind blows from the east. Anomaly – North & South East have same pH.	
		Credit any two figures for 1 mark.	[3]
	(v)	Power station / factories / motorways / airport / railway / CBD / urba east of the school / upwind. These are main sources of gases / chemicals / air pollution / sulphu oxide. When wind blows from the east it carries these gases.	
		Deposits them on the school as acid rain when it rains. Credit either reference to 'east'.	[3]

Page	5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus The r
	•	IGCSE – October/November 2010	0460
(d) (i) Plot	ting points: 2 @ 1 mark.	ac anno
	Drav	w in best-fit line = 1 mark.	1dge
(ii	Gra neg As t Can	, do agree with students √Ha. ph shows as the number of dry days increase the ative or inverse relationship. he number of dry days increases rainfall is more aci use two sets of figures to compare. . 0 dry days = 5.7 pH, 10 dry days = 4.3 Ph)	
(e) (i	(e.g Sur Sele Dev Pos	sible hypothesis ✓Ha. . Water pollution of a stream increases downstream vey study area and note possible pollution sources. ect about 10 sites for more detailed survey. rise a recording sheet for measurements. sible tests, (e.g. clarity, survey of water species sparency, quantity of litter).	, ,
	Cre	2 marks maximum. dit 1 mark for equipment / clothing. ept detailed description of methods for one test.	[4]
(ii	Mor Tak abo Leg	commendations such as: hitor pollution levels closely e action to reduce pollution levels / warning signs ut level of pollution. islation to prevent pollution / fines.	

Education / publicity campaign to reduce pollution / make people aware that they are causing pollution.

[Total: 30]