CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

0460 GEOGRAPHY

0460/22

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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	Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
		IGCSE – May/June 2013	0460
l	(a) (i) (ii)	10m 1 km ² more than one answer = 0	Cambridge con
	(b) (i)	A/Main A/A3	[1]

- (a) (i) 10m
 - (ii) 1 km² more than one answer = 0

(b) (i) A/Main A/A3 [1]

(ii) embankment [1]

(iii) cultivation/plantation [1]

(iv) marsh/swamp [1]

(v) water tank [1]

(vi) bridge [1]

(vii) district (boundary) [1] more than one answer = 0

(c)

	Pte Moyenne (8495)	La Mecque (8694)	Both these areas	Neither of these areas
coral	✓			
a river or watercourse			✓	
a populated area		✓		
forest				✓
gentle slopes			✓	

more than one tick per row = 0

(d) hilly/hill/high/mountain/upland (don't extract from place name)

steep

cliffs (steep cliffs = 1)

any height between 400m and 630m (allow 446m as highest point)

ridge/spur

col/saddle/pass

concave slope

V-shaped valley

flatter/gentle in south/in 8991/9091/9191/at poultry farm/at sugar plantation

(As alternative to this line allow "steeper in the north".)

[3]

(e) (i) 2500 – 2650 (metres)

[1]

(ii) N/NNE/NE

[1]

												4	W.		
	Page 3					Mark	Schem	ne			Sylla	abus	O.	1	
					IGC	CSE – N	lay/Jun	e 2013				-60	1	Dan	
	(f)		1:2/	2/1 in 2. 1:2.3/1:2 5/43%/42	.33									DaCan	bridge
			Don	't allow o	other exp	oression	n e.g. "2	.3"							[1]
2	(a)	(i)		iddle ord ore positi				of bar							[1]
		(ii)	40 more	e than 1	tick = 0										[1]
	. , . , .			sphere of influence to include the nearby village but not touch any of the other towns (ignore other villages and other sphere of influence)					[1]						
		(ii)	low o	order <u>se</u>	rvices/fe e small	w <u>servi</u>	<u>ces</u> /no l	high(er)	ot city) to porder <u>serv</u> rel far for <u>s</u>	ice:	<u>s</u>	<u>rvices</u>			
			allov	w "goods	" or "fun	ctions"	for "ser\	vices"							[1]
	(c)	(i)		uent use need to to				less tha	n 1km/little	e tra	avel tim	e/cost			[1]
		(ii)	thes		es have	a large(ugh custo oulation/hig			er servio	ces/		[1]
	(iii)		furni airpo	iture sto ort	e										[1]
		(iv)	more chea othe	ier transper quality e choice aper price er service er reputa	/ at Z/po /larger s es at Z/r es availa	orer quatore at zenore example at Z	ality at AZ/poorei Expensive	A r choice e prices a		tore	at A				
				sn't need ept best		ompara	tive – co	ould be	solely on X	X or	Α				[1]

	the transfer of the transfer o								
	Page 4		Mark Scheme	Syllabus					
			IGCSE – May/June 2013	0460					
3	(a) Erosion:		waterfall notch/V cut by stream/path cut by stream (a plunge pool undercut stepped profile (allow terraced) valley at top of photo exposed rocks/lack of soil/lack of vegetation		bride				
		Weathering:	harder layers stand out/bedding planes opened/cracks wide(ened) vegetation growing in cracks/in rocks/on cliff (not just on rocks)/ vegetation shows biological/chemical weathering fallen/disturbed/loose blocks/boulders/rocks/stones/slabs/layers						
			reserve one mark for each section no transfer between sections		[4]				
			no transfer between sections		[4]				
	(b) (i)	different size rounded/smo red/orange/o joints/cracks	colour variation/coloured altered (but not bla	ck)					
	don't allow points clearly linked to erosion			[3]					
	(iii) exfoliation		frost shattering						
	any chemical process sp		Il process spoils the answer		[1]				
4	(a) (i) there are ac		tive volcanoes in Africa, Asia, Europe, North	n America and South America	[1]				
	(ii)	there are ac	tive volcanoes close to most coastlines of th	ne Pacific Ocean	[1]				
	(iii) most active		volcanoes are close to plate boundaries		[1]				
	(b) Laki:		plates diverge/constructive margin hotspot/hot area within mantle melting/rising magma/magma escapes						
	All others:		plates converge/destructive margin subduction (allow if it is the wrong plate) melting/rising magma/magma escapes						
		If volcano ch	nosen not from Fig. 6 MAX 1 – don't allow th	e first point	[2]				

	Page 5	;	Syllabus				
	. ago c	,	Mark Scheme IGCSE – May/June 2013	0460			
	(c)	IGCSE – May/June 2013 eruption of Tambora/Laki/volcano 1/volcano 3/Iceland/Indonesia produced ash cloud blocked sun/solar radiation cooling/prevented heading of Earth/atmosphere/land (not just areas) worldwide/affected large area long term/affected whole area					
5	(a)	Iron ore mine	es: in south in east/north-east/near Bay of Bengal				
		Coal mines: in centre/inland in east/north-east/near Bay of Bengal					
			lamshedpur/steel works" once for either se mark for each section	ction [3]			
	(b) (i)	coal from Jha iron ore <u>and</u> (East Singhbhum/Sundargarh/Keonjhar/Du ana/Raniganj/Bokara/Talcher/Bisrampur/Ko coal nearby/within 250km/in north east of c by iron and coal mines	orba 1/2/3/4/5/6			
	/::\			-			
	(ii)	iake/fiver/Sur	bamarekha River/Kharkai River	[1]			
	(iii)	railway/train		[1]			
	(iv)	wire industrie	h moving equipment/metal sheets/cables/p es 1–5 ies/local industries	pipes/			
6	(a)	•	$100 - 102^{\circ} = 2$ (independent of key) $98 - 104^{\circ} = 1$ (independent of key) of key = 1	[3]			
	(b)	strong winds		[1]			
	(c)	only one corr	n <u>and</u> explanation required in each case rect option in (i) , (ii) and (iii) but either option wind action = 0 d be by giving a positive reason for the as rejected	. ,			
	(i)	Leave strips	of vegetation between the plots				
		vegetation wi	ill intercept/trap/absorb/protect from <u>rain/wa</u> ill prevent water from flowing/runoff ill trap/bind/hold/stabilise/keep soil togethe				

			0 11 1	20
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(ii)	Plou	gh horizontally across the slope of the hillside		V. PatraCambridge
	prev	ent water from flowing/prevent runoff/allow water to	sink in	10
(iii)	Grov	v a different crop on each plot for the first three yea		
(iv)	differ main	n/replace soil nutrients/minerals rent crops use minerals Itain soil structure/humus/organic content ce the land and keep animals away		[1]
	preve anim	prevent animals grazing until soil is bare/prevent over ent removal of protective vegetation hals trample/hooves/movement/damage roots crop will maintain soil structure/minerals/humus/orga		[1]
(v)	Allov	v cattle to graze on the remains of the crop after ha	rvest	
	_	g will maintain the soil structure/humus/organic cont g will replace minerals/nutrients	ent	
	(for "	soil structure" allow phrases like "keeps soil togethe	er")	[1]