UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2007 question paper

0470 HISTORY

0470/04

Paper 4 (Alternative to Coursework), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2007 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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Depth Study A: Germany, 1918-1945.

(a) (i)	Study Source A. What can you tell from this source about post-war Germany? Support your answer with reference to the source.	
Level 1	Repeats material stated in source, no inference made.	[1-2]
Level 2	Makes valid inference(s) unsupported from source e.g. It all looks very hazardous etc.	[3-4]
Level 3	Makes valid inferences, supported from source e.g. Many have been killed and injured by the violence judging by the number of bodies; The drawing of the officer gives extra evidence of the madness of the time etc.	[5-6]
(ii)	Study Source B. How far does this source show that the Free Corps was a military organisation? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Agrees OR disagrees, unsupported from the source.	[1-2]
Level 2	Agrees OR disagrees, supported from the source e.g. Yes, it contained former officers and ex-soldiers etc. No, it contained unemployed youths and there is no evidence of a chain of command etc.	[3-5]
Level 3	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from the source. Addresses the issue of 'How far?'	[6-7]
(iii)	Study both sources. Is one source more useful than the other as evidence about the Free Corps? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis that one is more detailed/gives more information, but does not specify what information.	[1]
Level 2	Useful/not useful – One source is a drawing and the other is British, so they could both be biased/unreliable.	[2]
Level 3	Choice made on the nature or amount of information given. Must specify what information.	[3-5]
Level 4	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be made on valid evaluation of source(s) in context. Include at this Level answers that cross-reference between A and B to show reliability.	[6 7 1
	6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.	[6-7]

J · ·		IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04
(b) (i)		at powers did Article 48 of the Weimar Co sident of the Weimar Republic?	nstitution give t	o the
	in e use	mark for each valid power to a maximum of two mergency, enforce duties of the state, and mainta of armed forces, may suspend other Articles that p tizens etc.	ain public order wi	th the
(ii)	Des	cribe the Kapp Putsch of 1920.		
Level 1	Iden	tifies general aspects of the Putsch.		[1-2]
Level 2	of E	elops aspects e.g. Leaders Kapp and Luttwitz; 5 00 Defence, Noske, only had 2 000 – army not kemphant entry, new government proclaimed, Kernment escaped, General Strike in Berlin, city partied to Sweden.	en to defend Rep Capp Chancellor;	oublic. Legal
(iii)	Why	did monarchists and army officers oppose the	Weimar Governm	ent?
Level 1	Sing	gle reason. One for the reason, one for explanation		[1-2]
Level 2	Mon polic soci	ciple reasons. One for each reason, one for each carchists etc. lost power and influence. Many held be, military, civil service. Did not want to be alists, Catholics, Jews etc. Objected to the way the its terms. 'November criminals' etc.	key positions as judominated by like	udges, perals,
(iv)		e hyperinflation of 1923 did more damage to the signing of the Treaty of Versailles.' Do you wer.		
Level 1		ple assertions. , hyperinflation ruined so many people.		[1]
Level 2	Hyp savi	lanation of Hyper. OR T of V, single factor given. er. Affected most Germans. Middle class lost ngs; collapse of currency; some profited; Undermin- ublic etc. etc.		
	T of repa	V. Hated because of terms re. territory, military arations. This helped to cause hyperinflation that arations, legalised the French and Belgian occupating of money etc.	hrough inability to	o pay
Level 3		lanation of Hyper OR T of V with multiple factors girmultiple reasons.	ven. Allow single f	actors
	Und	eveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of the argum notate BBB – Balanced but Brief).	ent	[3-5]
Level 4		wers that address both sides of the argument. TH sides of Hyperinflation AND the Treaty of Versail	les must be addres	ssed. [6-8]

Syllabus

Paper

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Depth Study B: Russia, 1905-1941.

Study Source A. What can you tell from this source about Russia's industrial workers? Support your answer with reference to the source.	
Repeats material stated in source, no inference made.	[1-2]
Makes valid inferences, unsupported from source e.g. They were demanding a better life etc.	[3-4]
Makes valid inference with reference to the source e.g. Wanted a shorter working day, thought the Tsar could help them, remained loyal to the Tsar etc.	[5-6]
Study Source B. How far does this source show that the Tsar wanted to help his people? Explain your answer.	
Agrees OR disagrees about the Tsar's desire to help, with no reference to the source.	[1-2]
Agrees OR disagrees about the Tsar's desire to help, supported from source e.g. Yes, offered reforms, extended them in November etc. No, he split opponents, brought his best troops home and crushed rebellions etc.	[3-5]
Agrees AND disagrees about Tsar's desire to help, supported from the source. Addresses the issue of 'How far?'	[6-7]
Study both sources. Is one of these sources more useful than the other as evidence about the 1905 revolution?	
Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis that one is more detailed/gives more information, but does not specify what information.	[1]
Useful/not useful – One is from a petition of complaints, the other is from a British author so they could both be biased/unreliable.	[2]
Choice made on the nature or amount of information given. Must specify what information.	[3-5]
Discussion of utility must be based on valid evaluation of source(s) in context. Include at this Level answers that cross-reference between A and B to show reliability.	[6-7]
	Repeats material stated in source, no inference made. Makes valid inferences, unsupported from source e.g. They were demanding a better life etc. Makes valid inference with reference to the source e.g. Wanted a shorter working day, thought the Tsar could help them, remained loyal to the Tsar etc. Study Source B. How far does this source show that the Tsar wanted to help his people? Explain your answer. Agrees OR disagrees about the Tsar's desire to help, with no reference to the source. Agrees OR disagrees about the Tsar's desire to help, supported from source e.g. Yes, offered reforms, extended them in November etc. No, he split opponents, brought his best troops home and crushed rebellions etc. Agrees AND disagrees about Tsar's desire to help, supported from the source. Addresses the issue of 'How far?' Study both sources. Is one of these sources more useful than the other as evidence about the 1905 revolution? Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis that one is more detailed/gives more information, but does not specify what information. Useful/not useful – One is from a petition of complaints, the other is from a British author so they could both be biased/unreliable. Choice made on the nature or amount of information given. Must specify what information. Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be based on valid evaluation of source(s) in context. Include at this Level answers that cross-reference between A and B to show

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		1000L - may/buile 2007	U+1 U	V -1
(b) (i)	Wha	it was the Okhrana?		
		mark for each valid factor to a maximum of two ercers, removers of opponents, secured control through	•	oolice, [1-2]
(ii)	Des	cribe what happened on Bloody Sunday, 22 Jan	uary 1905.	
Level 1		tifies elements. mark for each valid element.		[1-2]
Level 2	Awa Pead	cribes elements. rd an extra mark for each valid element described ceful march by loyal workers asking for improve cked by Cossacks and fired upon. Large number ki	ments in life and	work,
(iii)	Why	were Stolypin's attempts at agricultural reform	not a success?	
Level 1	_	le reasons. for the reason, one for explanation.		[1-2]
Level 2	One and Popu	iple reasons. for the reason, one for explanation e.g. The trans the consolidation of land holdings undermined the ulation growing too fast (1.5 million extra a y mods could not cope etc.	ne peasant land te	enure.
(iv)		loyal were the Russian people to Tsar Nichola ar in 1914? Explain your answer.	s II up to the out	break
Level 1		ole assertions. most Russians loved the Tsar.		[1]
Level 2	Yes. Witte	anation of loyalty OR lack of loyalty, single factor gi Few outbreaks between 1905 and 1914; work of se. Many satisfied with the Duma. The old system	Stolypin (necktie) an seemed to be wo	orking
		Use of Okhrana, increasing criticism and demands ps well used, underground critics etc.	, exiled groups, Sil	perian [2]
Level 3	-	anation of loyalty OR lack of loyalty, with multipors with multiple reasons.	le factors. Allow	single
	Und	eveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of the argumotate BBB – Balanced but Brief)	ent	[3-5]
Level 4		wers that deal with both sides of the argument. H sides of loyalty AND lack of loyalty must be addro	essed.	[6-8]

Syllabus

Paper

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Depth Study C: The USA, 1919-1941.

(a) (i)	Study Source A. What can you tell from this source about American society in the 1920s? Support your answer with reference to the source.	
Level 1	Repeats material stated in source, no inference made.	[1-2]
Level 2	Makes valid inference(s), unsupported from source e.g. It was prosperous; making rapid progress; had more leisure time; not all shared in wealth etc.	[3-4]
Level 3	Makes valid inferences, supported from source e.g. Makes inferences as for L2 but adds details of gadgets, statistics or comparisons in support etc.	[5-6]
(ii)	Study Source B. How far does this source show that women had more freedom in the 1920s? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Agrees OR disagrees with no support from the source.	[1-2]
Level 2	Agrees OR disagrees, supported from the source e.g. Yes, women now had the vote; could adopt new fashions; break with tradition etc. No, only the young became flappers; no real importance; no equal pay; still seen as dependants; males still in control etc.	[3-5]
Level 3	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from the source. Addresses the issue of 'How far?'	[6-7]
(iii)	Is one of these sources more useful than the other as evidence about the 'Roaring Twenties'? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis that one is more detailed/gives more information, but does not specify what information.	[1]
Level 2	Useful/not useful – One source is British, the other is American so they could both be biased/unreliable.	[2]
Level 3	Choice made on the nature or amount of information given. Must specify what information.	[3-5]
Level 4	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be made on valid evaluation of source(s) in context. Include at this Level answers that cross-reference between A and B to show reliability. 6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.	[6-7]
	o mains for one source, i mains for both.	[0-7]

Page 7		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(b) (i)	Nam	ne <u>two</u> stars of American films of the 1920s.		
	Pick	rd one mark for each valid example to a maxi ford, Douglas Fairbanks, Clara Bow, Rudolf Val ter Keaton, Al Jolson etc.	_	•
(ii)	Des	cribe the development of the film industry in the	1920s.	
Level 1		tifies aspects. mark for each valid aspect to a maximum of two.		[1-2]
Level 2	Holly	elops aspects e.g. Describes in additional de ywood, major studios, talkies, rise in cinemas/audie elopments etc.		
(iii)	Why	did Prohibition lead to an increase in organised	d crime?	
Level 1	A sir	ngle reason. One for the reason, one for explanatio	n.	[1-2]
Level 2	Mon law;	iple reasons. One for each reason, one for eac ey to be made – Capone estimated \$60m p.a. Mil already well-organised in cities; poor enforcemen police bribed; gang rivalry etc.	lions willing to brea	ak the
(iv)		e Roaring Twenties brought progress for Ameri lain your answer.	icans.' Do you aç	gree?
Level 1	-	ole assertions. , labour-saving devices. No, women still not equal.		[1]
Level 2	Yes. crea price No. deve	anation of Progress OR lack of progress, single factories. All had opportunity to buy new technology the ted affordable leisure activities; industry booming; res; women could vote. Increased life expectancy et Inequalities of wealth became more extreme elopment; farmers, blacks and some immigrants diceased intolerance; increase in crime.	rough HP; radio/ci mass production lov c. e; cities outpaced	vered rural
Level 3	single OR Unde	anation of progress OR lack of progress, with mult le factors with multiple reasons. eveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of the argumentate BBB – Balanced but Brief).		Allow [3-5]
Level 4	Ansv	wers that deal with 'How far?' and offer a balanced a 'H sides of progress AND lack of progress must be	•	[6-8]

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Depth Study D: China, 1945-c.1990.

(a) (i)	Study Source A. What impressions does this source give about the nature of Chinese communism? Support your answer with reference to the source.	
Level 1	Repeats material stated in source, no inference made.	[1-2]
Level 2	Makes valid inference(s), not supported from the source e.g. Khrushchev is insulting the Chinese etc.	[3-4]
Level 3	Makes valid inference with reference to the source e.g. Khrushchev is being sarcastic using stereotypical images of the Chinese of watery soup, rope sandals to insult Chinese communism etc.	[5-6]
(ii)	Study Source B. How far does this source show Khrushchev and Mao were enemies? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Agrees OR disagrees with no reference to the source e.g. They did not like one another.	[6-7]
Level 2	Agrees OR disagrees supported from the source e.g. Yes, relations between them were always strained. No, at least they met; relations became worse, implying this was not always the case. Had own national interests which did not <i>necessarily coincide</i> etc.	[3-5]
Level 3	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from the source. Addresses the issue of 'How far?'	[6-7]
(iii)	Study both sources. Is one of these sources more useful than the other as evidence of relations between China and the Soviet Union? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis that one is more detailed/gives more information, but does not specify what information.	[1]
	Useful/not useful – One is from Khrushchev, the other is from a Russian historian so they could both be biased/unreliable.	[2]
Level 3	Choice made on the nature or amount of information given. Must specify what information.	[3-5]
Level 4	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be based on valid evaluation of source(s) in context. Include at this Level answers that cross-reference between A and B to show reliability.	[6 7]
	6 marks for one source. 7 marks for both.	[6-7]

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(b) (i)	figh	ne <u>two</u> foreign counties where the Chinese arm ting since 1949.		
		mark for each valid country to a maximum of two nam.	e.g. Korea, Tibet, I	ndia, [1-2]
(ii)		cribe relations between the People's Repub ublic of China (Taiwan) since 1949.	lic of China and	the
Level 1		tifies elements. mark for each valid element to a maximum of two.		[1-2]
Level 2	Awa a b	cribes elements. rd an extra mark for each element described in add ase for Nationalist regime. Economic, politica paganda. Military threats. USA support for Taiwan.	al, ideological riva	
(iii)		did the USSR decide to withdraw financial China in 1960?	and technical sup	pport
Level 1		le reason. for the reason, one for the explanation.		[1-2]
Level 2	One of the secretagric co-e	iple reasons for each reason, one for each reason explained e ne socialist world; personal rivalry between Khrush ets; differences in emphasis between the two cultural bases; revisionism vs dogmatism; I xistence' stance; criticism of Stalin when CCP was onality for Mao etc.	nchev and Mao; nu regimes; industria Khrushchev's 'pea	clear al vs ceful
(iv)		v far did relations between Communist China veen 1949 and 1990? Explain your answer.	and the USA imp	rove
Level 1		ole assertions. they started to talk.		[1]
Level 2	give Yes.	anation of improving relations OR non-improving n e.g. After withdrawal of Soviet aid in 1960, to iso pmacy, Nixon's visits, expansion of economic activity	late USSR. Ping-l	
	No.	Ideology, support for GMD during the civil war; I a, Tibet, UNO and Taiwan representing China; mutu	raiwan, Korea, Viet	nam, [2]
Level 3		anation of improving relations OR non-improving ors given. Allow single factors with multiple reasons		ltiple
		eveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of the argument otate BBB – Balanced but Brief).	ent	[3-5]
Level 4	BOT	wers that deal with 'How far?' offering balanced arguing it is sides of improving relations AND non-improressed.		t be [6-8]

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Depth Study E: Southern Africa in the Twentieth Century.

(a) (i)	Study Source A. What does this source tell you about the Communist Party in South Africa in the 1950s? Support your answer with reference to the source.	
Level 1	Repeats material stated in source, no inference made.	[1-2]
Level 2	Makes valid inference(s), unsupported from source e.g. They were active; women important in it; popular with black Africans; government was worried.	[3-4]
Level 3	Makes valid inference supported from source e.g. As with inference in L2 but with support from details within the source.	[5-6]
(ii)	Study Source B. How far does this source show that women in South Africa were effective in protesting about apartheid? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Agrees OR disagrees with no support from source.	[1-2]
Level 2	Agrees OR disagrees, supported from source e.g. Yes, they could organise multi-racially in large numbers; good tactics; protests continued despite punishments; their actions are commemorated etc. No, does not show any positive results of protest; only a minority of women involved. Shows only one woman's continual efforts; government clearly suppressing effectively.	[2 5]
1 1 0		[3-5]
Level 3	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from source. Deals with the issue of 'How far?'	[6-7]
(iii)	Study both sources. Is one of these sources more useful than the other as evidence about the South African government's response to opposition in the 1950s? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis that one is more detailed/gives more information, but does not specify what information.	[1]
	Useful/not useful – One source is from an activist, the other is British so they could both be biased/unreliable.	[2]
Level 3	Choice made on the nature or amount of information given. Must specify what information.	[3-5]
Level 4	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be based on valid evaluation of source(s) in context. Include at this Level answers that cross-reference between A and B to show reliability. 6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.	[6-7]
	o mand for one obtainer, i mand for bottle	[~ ,]

Page 11		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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		ne <u>two</u> Prime Ministers of South Africa in the 195 for each Prime Minister to a maximum of two e.g.		ijdom;
	Verv	voerd to 1958.	,	[1-2]
(11)	Des	cribe the Defiance Campaign of 1952.		
		tifies aspects e.g. protest against apartheid; led by		[1-2]
	coind ANC publ	elops aspects in more detail e.g. Peaceful prote cide with 300th anniversary of Boers arriving in S broke apartheid laws to provoke arrests – 8 (icity; ANC membership jumped from 7 000 to 100 ks and whites killed; government introduced more s	A; Indian Congres 000 arrested; worl 000; by October r	s and dwide ioting,
(iii)	Why	was the Pan-Africanist Congress formed in 195	59?	
Level 1	Sing	le reason. One for the reason, one for explanation.		[1-2]
	Disa muc radio	iple reasons. One for each reason, one for igreed with ANC multi-racial basis; worried that wh h influence in ANC; Sobukwe saw Luthuli as too cal protest; wanted to appeal to young in townships nk with other African independence movement like	ites and Indians had passive; wanted ; to politicise rural a	ad too more
` ,	and	white population of South Africa supported a 1960s because it gave them economic bene lain your answer.	-	
Level 1	Simp	ole assertions. Yes, they had better pay. No, some	e opposed.	[1]
	Yes.	anation of support OR opposition, single factors giv Monopoly of the better jobs, higher pay; cheap lang Afrikaners etc.	_	upport
	No. Unio	Not all whites supported; liberals, socialists, Colons. Church opponents – Rev Huddleston; Governedia.		
		er motives: Social; racist; fear of majority – IC and A 2; Defiance Campaign; Sharpeville; International op		r from [2]
	•	anation of support OR opposition with multiple fact multiple reasons.	ors. Allow single f	actors
	Unde	eveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of the argumentate BBB – Balanced but Brief).	ent	[3-5]
Level 4		wers that deal with 'How far?' and offer a balanced a 'H sides of support AND opposition must be addres	_	[6-8]

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Depth Study F: Israelis and Palestinians, 1945-c.1994.

(a) (i)	Study Source A. What does this source tell you about the attack on Israel? Support your answer with reference to the source.	
Level 1	Repeats material stated in source, no inference made.	[1-2]
Level 2	Makes valid inference(s), unsupported from source e.g. Clever strategy by Egypt and Syria etc.	[3-4]
Level 3	Makes valid inferences with reference to the source e.g. Clever strategy by Egypt and Syria to attack on Yom Kippur and the Israelis would be preoccupied in devotions etc.	[5-6]
(ii)	Study Source B. How far does this source show that the Yom Kippur War was a victory for Israel? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Agrees OR disagrees, unsupported from source.	[1-2]
Level 2	Agrees OR disagrees, supported from source e.g. Yes, Israel technically won the war; Saudi Arabia appealed to USA to use influence on Israel etc.	
	No, used up reserves of troops, many casualties; 'revived Arab fighting spirit'.	[3-5]
Level 3	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from the source. Addresses the issue of 'How far?'	[6-7]
(iii)	Is one of these sources more useful than the other as evidence about foreign involvement in the Yom Kippur War? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis that one source is more detailed/gives more information, but does not specify what information.	[1]
Level 2	Useful/not useful – One is a British textbook, the other is from a British Dictionary of World History so they could both be biased/unreliable.	[2]
Level 3	Choice made on the nature or amount of information given. Must specify what information.	[3-5]
Level 4	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be made on valid evaluation of source(s) in context. Include at this Level answers that cross-reference between A and B to show reliability.	
	6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.	[6-7]

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	1000L mayroune 2001	0770	V-7
(b) (i) Wh	at are the Golan Heights?		
cea	e mark for each valid detail to a maximum of two asefire line after 1967 war. Strategically very imp ights would permit observation, shelling, attacks on Is	ortant as control	
	scribe the Egyptian and Syrian attacks against Is the Yom Kippur War.	raeli forces at the	start
Level 1 Ide	ntifies aspects e.g. Surprise attack, caught Israel unp	orepared.	[1-2]
det cale rea	velops aspects. Award an extra mark for each aspail e.g. Co-ordinated surprise attacks on the holendar. Egyptian troops advanced over the Suez ched the Golan Heights. Israel counter attacked 2 dx of 3 marks for only one country's attack.	liest day in the J Canal while the S	ewish
· ,	y did the superpowers encourage Israel and asefire?	Egypt to negoti	ate a
Level 1 Sin	gle reason. One for the reason, one for explanation.		[1-2]
Did a lo	Itiple reasons. One for each reason, one for each re not want the war to develop into a superpower con- ong war would cost Arabs, and thus USSR, very itation of Arab oil production and effect on world ecor	flict. USSR realise dearly; USA worri	d that
` ,	w far did the Yom Kippur War help to bring pea Arab States? Explain your answer.	ace between Israe	el and
	nple assertions. , they are always fighting.		[1]
Yes nee of v pea	rees OR disagrees, single factor given e.g. s. Both sides had heavy losses, Israel shocked at ead time to recover; superpowers frightened of war eswarring factions; fear of oil crisis; all led to USSFace. Egyptian and Israeli leaders went to Geneva (reed to withdraw some distance in Sinai to allow Enal	scalating; cost of su R and USA to pre not in same room);	upport ss for Israel
No. rese tens	Arab states still resented existence of Israel; all colved; Palestinians a problem for both sides; im sions high; Arab governments either could not control resistance groups etc.	pact of oil action	kept
mul OR		-	s with
	developed suggestions on BOTH sides of the argumentate BBB – Balanced but Brief)	ent	[3-5]
	rees AND disagrees, and offers a balanced argumen TH sides of agreement AND disagreement must be a		[6-8]

Syllabus

Paper

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Depth Study G: The Creation of Modern Industrial Society.

(a) (i) Study Source A. What does this source tell you about the expansion of

	towns in England and Wales in the nineteenth century? Support your answer with reference to the source.	
Level 1	Repeats material stated in source, no inference made.	[1-2]
Level 2	Makes valid inference(s), unsupported from source e.g. Increases in population in new, industrial cities has brought problems etc.	[3-4]
Level 3	Makes valid inferences, supported from source e.g. Problems in named growing cities are because the population is growing so fast that there is insufficient legislation to create safely constructed house and sanitary conditions etc.	[5-6]
(ii)	Study Source B. How far does this source show that towns had become much better places to live in by the last quarter of the nineteenth century? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Agrees OR disagrees, unsupported from source.	[1-2]
Level 2	Agrees OR disagrees, supported from source e.g. Yes, new and planned building can be seen in the foreground, also shows civic pride and need for facilities etc.	
	No, still the smoke and unplanned factories working and growing out of control in the background etc.	[3-5]
Level 3	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from source. Addresses the issue of 'How far?'	[6-7]
(iii)	Study both sources. Is one of these sources more useful than the other as evidence about urbanisation in Britain in the nineteenth century? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis that one source is more detailed/gives more information, but does not specify what information.	[1]
Level 2	Useful/not useful – One is a Parliamentary report, the other is a picture, so they could both be biased/unreliable.	[2]
Level 3	Choice made on the nature or amount of information given. Must specify what information.	[3-5]
Level 4	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be made on valid evaluation of source(s) in context. Include at this Level answers that cross-reference between A and B to show reliability.	
	6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.	[6-7]

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(b) (i)		ne <u>two</u> industries which caused the rapid expannineteenth century.	sion of some tow	ns in
		mark for each valid example to a maximum of two eries, coal exports etc.	e.g. Textiles, iron,	steel, [1-2]
(ii)	Wha	nt public health problems faced the new industri	al towns?	
Level 1	lden	tifies aspects e.g. Overcrowding, problems at work,	drainage etc.	[1]
Level 2	deta	elops aspects. Award an extra mark for each asp il e.g. Easy spread of disease in communities, nox er born diseases etc.		
(iii)	_	did it take so long to improve living and strial towns?	working condition	ns in
Level 1	Sing	le reason. One for the reason, one for the explanat	tion.	[1-2]
Level 2	lacwith	iple reasons. One for the reason, one for each reasock of legislation, sheer speed of expansion, little phealth. Working – little legislation, lack of trade to the total total total ending that change was not total ending that the ending that the ending that the end to the e	lanning, lack of co unions, vested inte	ncern
(iv)		growth of towns brought more advantages the growth of towns brought more advantages the growth growth growth and the growth and the growth gro	_	es to
Level 1		ole assertions. they were all dying of disease.		[1]
Level 2	Yes. trade No.	ees OR disagrees. Single factor given e.g. Employment, good housing, wages gave some unionism, ease of getting to work etc. Unemployment, bad housing, industrial slavery, labour, industrial accidents, little by way of legal pr	long hours, no le	
Level 3	mult OR	ees OR disagrees, with multiple factors given. A iple reasons. eveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of the arguments.	-	s with
		otate BBB – Balanced but Brief).	Ont	[3-5]
Level 4	_	ees AND disagrees, and offers a balanced argumen H sides of advantages AND disadvantages must be		[6-8]

Page 16	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Depth Study H: The Impact of Western Imperialism in the Nineteenth Century.

(a) (i)	Study Source A. What impressions does this source give you of early nineteenth-century India? Support your answer with reference to the source.	
Level 1	Repeats material seen in source, no inference made.	[1-2]
Level 2	Makes valid inference(s), unsupported from source e.g. It all seems relaxed and everyone is happy with his lot etc.	[3-4]
Level 3	Makes valid inference, supported from source e.g. It looks a calm and settled community, but the judge's appears to be the centre of attention; there is a hierarchy of status – wife, turbaned servants, fan holder (see clothing) etc.	[5-6]
(ii)	Study Sources B and C. How far do these sources show that there were great problems facing the British rulers of India in the first half of the nineteenth century? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Agrees OR disagrees, unsupported from source.	[1-2]
Level 2	Agrees OR disagrees, supported from source e.g. Yes, Different customs, controlling huge area, war and expense, dust, cholera and heat etc.	ro 51
	No, Improvements to Indian life already made, servants and a life of luxury etc.	[3-5]
Level 3	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from source. Addresses the issue of 'How far?'	[6-7]
(iii)	Study Sources A and C. Is one of these sources more useful than the other as evidence that the British only looked after their own interests in India? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis that one source is more detailed/gives more information, but does not specify what information.	[1]
Level 2	Useful/not useful – A is a picture and C is an unattributed book, so they could all be biased/unreliable.	[2]
Level 3	Choice made on the nature or amount of information given. Must specify what information.	[3-5]
Level 4	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be made on valid evaluation of source in context. Include at this Level answers that cross-reference between A and C to show reliability. 6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both	[6 7 1
	6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.	[6-7]

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(b) (i)	Wha	at was suttee?		
		mark to a maximum of two for each valid detail rent the cost of the widow falling on the dead husbar		ng, to [1-2]
(ii)		at were the main reforms introduced into li tinck?	ndia by Lord W	illiam
Level 1	lden	tifies areas of reform e.g. local customs, administration	tion etc.	[1-2]
Level 2	in ac and and instr	elops areas of reform. Award an extra mark for eadditional detail e.g. Attempts to prohibit suttee, supp brigandage. Revised revenue collection; reformed increased power of Indian judges. Introduced Erruction; encouraged the study of Western civilisation an civilisation.	ress thuggee, infar administration of j nglish as the medi	nticide ustice um of
(iii)	Why	γ did many British people go to India in the ninet	eenth century?	
Level 1	Sing	le reason. One for the reason, one for the explanat	tion.	[1-2]
Level 2	Emp	iple reasons. One for each reason, one for each ployees of the East India Co. After 1858 as mem vice. Army. Traders. To make money/fortune. Buil	nbers of the Indiar	n Civil
(iv)		e history of the British in India to 1857 was loitation.' Do you agree? Explain your answer.	one of conques	t and
Level 1		ple assertions. they were much better off under British rule.		[1]
	Yes. ama No. misg	ees OR disagrees, single factors given e.g. Many conquests (expect lists). Exploitation issed by British subjects. Britons held privileged post Many tried to make Indians' lives better (even guided). Education, improved communications ortunities in service. Breaking down of caste barrs and warlords helped many. Much of the 'good' do	sitions. n if some reforms , reduction of fa riers and power of	were amine,
Level 3	mult OR	ees OR disagrees with multiple factors given. A iple reasons.	Ü	s with
		eveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of the argumentate BBB – Balanced but Brief).	ent	[3-5]
Level 4		ees AND disagrees, and offers a balanced argumen TH sides of exploitation AND help must be addresse		[6-8]

Syllabus

Paper