

## **COMBINED SCIENCE**

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)

0653/11 October/November 2017 45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid. Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you. DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

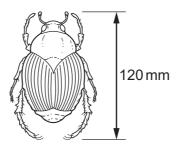
## Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16. Electronic calculators may be used.

This document consists of 16 printed pages.



- 1 Which characteristics help to define a living organism?
  - **A** diffusion, movement, respiration
  - **B** excretion, nutrition, sensitivity
  - **C** excretion, reproduction, transpiration
  - **D** growth, inspiration, nutrition
- 2 The diagram shows an image of an insect that has been magnified.



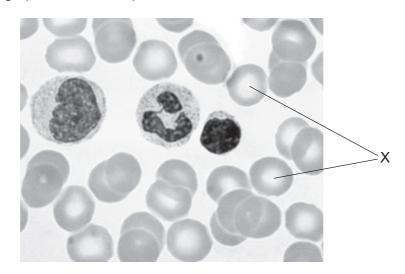
The magnification is  $\times 5$ .

What is the actual length of the insect?

Α	0.04 mm	В	24 mm	<b>C</b> 115 mm	D	600 mm
	0.0.1			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	_	00011111

- 3 What are enzymes made from?
  - A fat
  - **B** hormones
  - **C** protein
  - D starch
- 4 Which chemical is used to test for a food substance that contains the elements carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen and oxygen?
  - **A** Benedict's solution
  - B biuret solution
  - **C** ethanol
  - D iodine solution

- 5 Where are guard cells found in a leaf?
  - **A** in the cuticle
  - **B** in the epidermis
  - **C** in the palisade layer
  - **D** in the spongy mesophyll
- 6 In which order does food pass through parts of the alimentary canal?
  - A oesophagus  $\rightarrow$  colon  $\rightarrow$  small intestine
  - **B** small intestine  $\rightarrow$  oesophagus  $\rightarrow$  rectum
  - $\textbf{C} \quad \text{small intestine} \rightarrow \text{rectum} \rightarrow \text{anus}$
  - $\textbf{D} \quad \text{stomach} \rightarrow \text{colon} \rightarrow \text{small intestine}$
- 7 The photomicrograph shows a sample of human blood.



What is the function of the cells marked X?

- A antibody formation
- **B** clotting of blood
- C phagocytosis
- D transport of oxygen

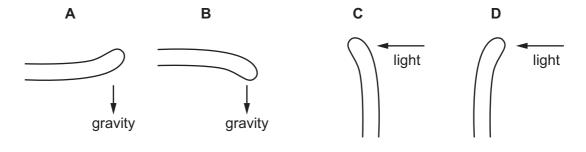
- 8 Which word equation represents aerobic respiration?
  - $\textbf{A} \quad \text{carbon dioxide + oxygen} \rightarrow \text{glucose + water}$
  - **B** carbon dioxide + water  $\rightarrow$  glucose + oxygen
  - $\textbf{C} \quad \text{glucose + oxygen} \rightarrow \text{carbon dioxide + water}$
  - D glucose + water  $\rightarrow$  carbon dioxide + oxygen
- **9** When someone is scared, adrenaline is released into their bloodstream.

What is the effect of adrenaline on their blood glucose concentration and pulse rate?

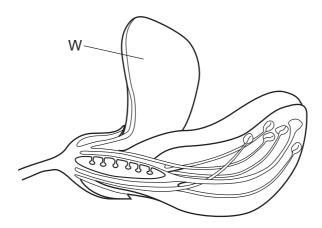
	blood glucose concentration	pulse rate
Α	decreases	decreases
В	decreases	increases
С	increases	decreases
D	increases	increases

**10** The diagrams show shoots of maize seedlings.

Which shoot shows a geotropic response in which it grows away from the stimulus?

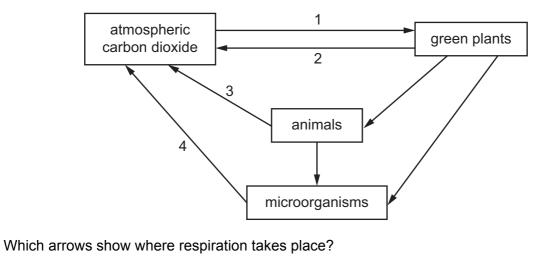


**11** The diagram shows a flower.



What is the function of part W?

- A attracts insects
- B produces pollen
- **C** protects bud
- D receives pollen
- **12** The diagram represents part of the carbon cycle.



**A** 1, 3 and 4 **B** 1 and 3 only **C** 2, 3 and 4 **D** 2 and 3 only

**13** Large-scale deforestation of a rain forest occurs in one country.

This can have many undesirable effects on the local environment.

Which undesirable effect could also directly affect the environment of a country on the other side of the world?

- A extinction of animal species native to the rain forest
- **B** increased carbon dioxide concentration in the air
- **C** increased soil erosion on hillsides
- **D** reduced drainage leading to flooding
- **14** The formulae of three substances are shown.

substance	formula
methane	CH₄
water	H <sub>2</sub> O
oxygen	O <sub>2</sub>

Which statement is correct?

- **A** Methane is made from five different types of atom.
- **B** Methane, water and oxygen are molecules.
- **C** Only methane and water are molecules.
- **D** Oxygen is made from two different types of atom.
- 15 Which process is used to separate petroleum?
  - A crystallisation
  - B distillation
  - **C** filtration
  - **D** fractional distillation

**16** Which row describes chemical changes and physical changes?

	chemical changes	physical changes
Α	the mass of the products is always the same as the mass of the reactants	new substances are made
В	the mass of the products is always the same as the mass of the reactants	there is no mass change
С	the mass of the products is sometimes more or less than the mass of the reactants	new substances are made
D	the mass of the products is sometimes more or less than the mass of the reactants	there is no mass change

**17** A compound contains three times as many oxygen atoms as nitrogen atoms.

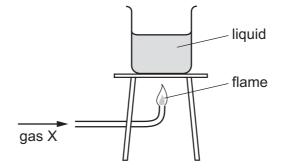
It contains the same number of sodium atoms as nitrogen atoms.

What is its formula?

**A** NaNO<sub>3</sub> **B** Na(NO)<sub>3</sub> **C** Na<sub>3</sub>(NO)<sub>3</sub> **D** Na<sub>3</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O

- 18 What is produced at the anode during the electrolysis of molten lead(II) bromide?
  - A bromide ions
  - **B** bromine
  - C lead
  - **D** lead(II) ions

**19** The diagram shows gas X burning and heating a liquid.



Which row is correct?

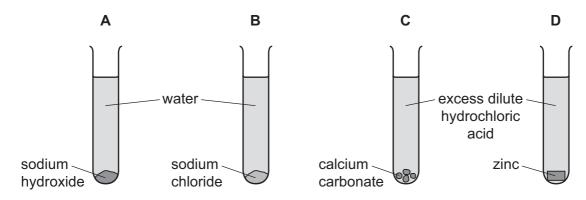
	gas X	the burning of gas X is exothermic
Α	hydrogen	$\checkmark$
В	hydrogen	X
С	oxygen	$\checkmark$
D	oxygen	X

20 Carbon reacts with carbon dioxide at high temperatures.

carbon + carbon dioxide  $\rightarrow$  carbon monoxide

Which statement about the reaction is correct?

- **A** Both carbon and carbon dioxide are oxidised.
- **B** Both carbon and carbon dioxide are reduced.
- **C** The carbon is oxidised and the carbon dioxide is reduced.
- **D** The carbon is reduced and the carbon dioxide is oxidised.
- **21** In which test-tube is an alkaline solution formed?



22 Excess magnesium is added to dilute hydrochloric acid containing Universal Indicator.

The indicator changes colour and a gas is given off.

The gas is tested with limewater.

Which row describes the colour change and the result of the limewater test?

	colour change	result of the limewater test
A blue to green limewater be		limewater becomes cloudy
в	blue to green	no change
С	red to green	limewater becomes cloudy
D	red to green	no change

- 23 Which statement describes the elements across the Periodic Table from left to right?
  - **A** Their atoms contain fewer protons.
  - **B** Their atoms contain the same number of electrons.
  - **C** They change from gases to solids.
  - **D** They change from metals to non-metals.
- **24** Lithium and potassium are in Group I of the Periodic Table.

Which statement is not correct?

- **A** Lithium has a higher melting point than potassium.
- **B** Lithium is harder than potassium.
- **C** Potassium conducts electricity but lithium does not.
- **D** Potassium is more reactive than lithium.
- **25** Platinite is made by melting and mixing iron and nickel.

Which type of substance is platinite?

- A alloy
- **B** hydrocarbon
- **C** ionic compound
- D transition metal

26 P, Q, R and S are four gases found in clean air.

P is very unreactive.

- Q makes up 21% of the air.
- R makes up 78% of the air.

S is formed when fossil fuels are burned.

Which row is correct?

	Р	Q	R	S
Α	argon	nitrogen	oxygen	carbon dioxide
в	argon	oxygen	nitrogen	carbon dioxide
С	carbon dioxide	oxygen	nitrogen	argon
D	carbon dioxide	nitrogen	oxygen	argon

- 27 Which power stations burn fossil fuels?
  - 1 a coal-fired power station
  - 2 a nuclear power station
  - 3 an oil-fired power station
  - **A** 1, 2 and 3 **B** 1 and 2 only **C** 1 and 3 only **D** 2 and 3 only
- **28** A car travels at various speeds during a short journey.

The table shows the distances travelled and the times taken during each of four stages P, Q, R and S.

stage	Р	Q	R	S
distance travelled/km	1.8	3.6	2.7	2.7
time taken/minutes	2.0	2.0	4.0	3.0

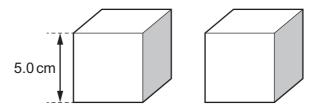
During which two stages is the car travelling at the same average speed?

 A
 P and Q
 B
 P and S
 C
 Q and R
 D
 R and S

Which property or properties of the equipment **must** remain the same on the distant planet?

	mass	weight	
Α	1	1	key
В	1	x	$\checkmark$ = must be the same
С	x	1	$\boldsymbol{X}$ = does not have to be the same
D	x	x	

**30** Two identical, solid cubes have sides of length 5.0 cm. The total mass of both cubes together is 2000 g.



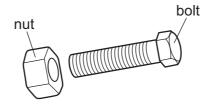
What is the density of the material from which the cubes are made?

**A**  $8.0 \text{g/cm}^3$  **B**  $16 \text{g/cm}^3$  **C**  $40 \text{g/cm}^3$  **D**  $80 \text{g/cm}^3$ 

- **31** Which energy resource is renewable and has the Sun as its source of energy?
  - A coal
  - B geothermal
  - **C** hydroelectric
  - **D** nuclear
- **32** When a liquid evaporates, which molecules escape and what happens, if anything, to the temperature of the remaining liquid?

	molecules escaping	temperature of remaining liquid
Α	less energetic molecules	decreases
В	less energetic molecules	stays the same
С	more energetic molecules	decreases
D	more energetic molecules	stays the same

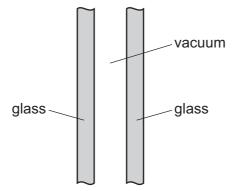
**33** A nut and a bolt are made of the same metal. The nut is slightly too small to screw on to the bolt.



Which action is most likely to make the nut fit the bolt?

- **A** Cool the bolt and cool the nut to the same temperature.
- **B** Cool the bolt and heat the nut.
- **C** Heat the bolt and cool the nut.
- **D** Heat the bolt and heat the nut to the same temperature.
- **34** A double-glazed window consists of two panes of glass with a vacuum between them.

The vacuum reduces the amount of thermal energy transferred through the window.



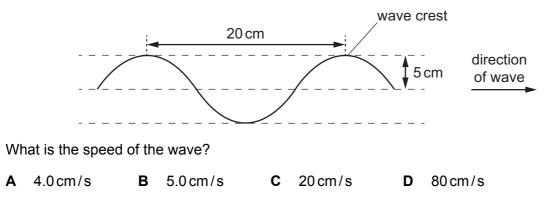
Which row shows how much thermal energy is transferred through the vacuum by conduction, by convection and by radiation?

	conduction	convection	radiation
Α	none	none	some
в	none	some	some
С	some	none	none
D	some	some	none

**35** The diagram shows a section of a rope.

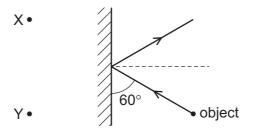
Four wave crests pass a point on the rope every second.

Each wave crest travels 80 cm in one second.



**36** The diagram shows an object in front of a plane mirror. A ray of light from the object is incident on the mirror, and the angle between the ray and the mirror is 60°.

Two positions X and Y are labelled.



What is the angle of reflection, and at which labelled position is an image of the object formed?

	angle of reflection/°	position of image
Α	30	Х
в	30	Y
С	60	Х
D	60	Y

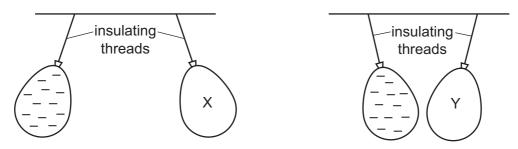
**37** Electromagnetic waves are used to scan passengers' luggage before they board an aeroplane.

Electromagnetic waves are also used in a television remote controller.

Which type of electromagnetic wave is used for each of these purposes?

	scanning luggage	television remote controller
Α	radio waves	infra-red waves
в	radio waves	ultraviolet waves
С	X-rays	infra-red waves
D	X-rays	ultraviolet waves

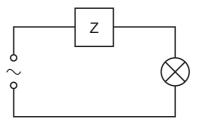
**38** Two balloons X and Y are suspended by insulating threads. They are each held near a negatively charged balloon. The balloons hang as shown.



What is the charge on balloon X and what is the charge on balloon Y?

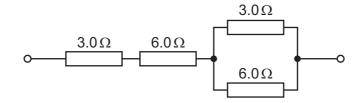
	balloon X	balloon Y
Α	negative	negative
в	negative	positive
С	positive	negative
D	positive	positive

**39** The device Z in this circuit is designed to cut off the electricity supply **automatically** if too much current flows.



What is device Z?

- A a fuse
- **B** a resistor
- **C** a switch
- D an ammeter
- **40** Four resistors are connected in the arrangement shown.



What is a possible value of the combined resistance of this arrangement?

**A** 11 Ω **B** 12 Ω **C** 15 Ω **D** 18 Ω

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The Periodic Table of Elements

III>	•	4	Не	helium 4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ar	argon 40	36	Кr	krypton 84	54	Xe	xenon 131	86	Rn	radon	1		
, I>					6	ш	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	Br	bromine	53	н	iodine 127	85	At	astatine	1		
⋝					80	0	oxygen 16	16	ა	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 70	52	Te	tellurium 128	84	Ро	polonium	- 116	۲<	livermorium -
>					7	z	nitrogen 14	15	٩	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sb	antimony 122	83	Bi	bismuth	202		
≥					9	U	carbon 12	14	Si	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	50	Sn	tin 119	82	РЬ	lead	114	Fl	flerovium -
≡					5	ш	boron 11	13	Al	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	In	indium 115	81	11	thallium	z04		
											30	Zn	Zinc	48	Cd	cadmium 112	80	Hg	mercury	112	C	copernicium -
											29	Cu	copper 6.4	47	Aq	silver 108	79	Au	gold	111	Rg	roentgenium -
Group											28	ïŻ	nickel 5.0	46	Pd	palladium 106	78	ħ	platinum	110	Ds	darmstadtium -
Ö					_						27	ပိ	cobalt 50	45	Rh	rhodium 103	77	Ir	iridium	109	Mt	meitnerium -
	Ţ	-	Г	hydrogen 1							26	Fe	iron 56	44	Ru	ruthenium 101	76	SO	osmium	190 108	Hs	hassium -
					-						25	Mn	manganese 55	43	Tc	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium	100	Bh	bohrium —
						bol	ass				24	ŗ	chromium 50	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≥	tungsten	104	Sg	seaborgium -
		Key		Key	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	qN	niobium 93	73	Та	tantalum	101	Db	dubnium —
					ato	rela				22	F	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	Ħ	hafnium	104	Rf	rutherfordium –	
					_						21	လိ	scandium 45	39	~	yttrium 89	57-71	lanthanoids		89-103	actinoids	
=					4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	ي ا	strontium 88	56	Ba	barium	88	Ra	radium -
-					ę	:=	lithium 7	1	Na	sodium 23	19	¥	potassium 30	37	Rb	rubidium 85	55	Cs	caesium	87	Fr	francium -

71 Lu Iutetium 175 103 Lr Iawrencium 70 Yby Ytterbium 173 102 102 NO mendelevium 69 101 Md 68 Er 167 100 100 fm fm 67 HO 165 99 ES 66 Dy dysprosium 163 98 Cf 65 Tb 159 97 97 berkelium 64 Gd 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 63 Eu <sup>europium</sup> 152 95 95 americium 62 Sm 150 94 Pu plutonium 93 **Np** Teptunium oromethium Pm <sup>61</sup> eodymium 144 92 **U** uranium 238 <sup>00</sup> Nd praseodymium 141 91 Pa protactinium 231 **P** 59 58 Cenium 140 90 90 HT 1232 57 La lanthanum 139 89 AC actinium lanthanoids actinoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is  $24\,dm^3$  at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

16