## CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

## 0442 CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES (DOUBLE AWARD) (US)

0442/23 Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 120

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1 (a)

2

(ii) (angle of) reflection;

(iii) angle C will double;

С	(0)	noble/inert gases	unreactive	(insulator)
В	(7)	(halogens)	reactive	insulator
Α	(1)	(alkali metals)	(reactive)	conductor
element	group in Periodic Table			electrica conductor / insulator

	(1 f	or each column);;;	[3]	
(b)	proton number/protons in the nucleus ;			
(c)	(i)	( <b>X</b> ) number of neutrons in <b>X</b> is $10 - 5 = 5$ /or similar statement;	[1]	
	(ii)	isotopes/nuclides;	[1]	
(d)	(i)	hydrogen ;	[1]	
	(ii)	increases; an alkali/sodium hydroxide is produced;	[2]	
	(iii)	slower evolution of gas/less exothermic/takes longer for lithium to react completely; because lithium is less reactive/higher up Group 1;	[2]	
		[Total:	11]	
(a)	(i)	all symbols correct; all in series;	[2]	
	(ii)	(current) = voltage/resistance; = 4.5/5 = 0.9; A/ampere;	[3]	
	(iii)	$10\Omega$ ;	[1]	
(b)	(i)	(angle of) incidence ;	[1]	

[Total: 9]

[1]

[1]

P	age :	3	Mark Scheme	Sy. oer
			Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	044
3	(a)	(i)	2002;	and
		(ii)	not diagnosed/people not seeing a doctor;	Sylva Add per 0444 Park Park Per 0444 Park Park Per 0444 Park Per 0444 Park Per 0444
	(b)	nee	; exchange of sexual fluids edle sharing ntaminated) blood transfusions ; mother to baby	[max 2]
	(c)	(i)	decreases; from 5800 to 3100/by 2700/to about half;	[2]
		(ii)	better education; screening blood transfusions; use of condoms;	
			free needles for drug addicts ; AVP ;	[max 2]
				[Total: 8]
4	(a)	(i)	electrons;	[1]
		(ii)	move apart/repel; because like charges repel each other;	[2]
	(b)	(i)	sound waves are reflected ;	[1]
		(ii)	166 m;	[1]
		(iii)	speed = distance/time; = 166/0.5 = 332 m/s; allow ecf	[2]
	(c)	gas par	ses contract when cooled; sparticles move more slowly when cooled/have less energy; ticles exert less pressure on balloon walls/hit walls less frequently/eticles are close(r) together;	energetically ; [max 2]
	(d)	(i)	upward force is greater than downward force/resultant upward force	ce; [1]
		(ii)	density = mass/volume ; =2660/2800 = 0.95 kg/m³ ;	[2]

[Total: 12]

Page 4 Mark Scheme	Syl
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5 (a) heat; leave for rest of water to evaporate;

(b) (i) so it has equal numbers of protons and electrons;
 so their charges are balanced/cancel out/protons have positive charge and electrons have negative charge;
 because it has a larger number of protons than electrons;

(ii) (sodium and chloride) ions have opposite electrical charges/opposite charges attract; [1]

(c) (i) electrolysis;(ii) oppositely charged / cathode is negative and anode is positive;[1]

(iii) hydrogen; [1]

[Total: 9]

6 (a) (i) transpiration; [1]

(ii) arrow labelling the <u>surface</u> of a cell in contact with the air; [1]

(iii) stoma/stomata; [1]

(iv) high temperature ;

low humidity ; arid/dry
air movements/winds
light ;

[max 2]

(b) (i) palisade/mesophyll/cells Q; many chloroplasts;
[2]

(ii) entry of  $CO_2$ ; [1]

[Total: 8]

7 **(a) (i)** (**K**) no mark

(rusting requires) air / oxygen and water present (together) ; correct ref. to O and  $H_2\text{O}$ 

test-tube **J** contains no water ; [2]

(ii) painted/(chrome) plating/enamelling / etc.; [1]

(iii) idea that paint (etc.) forms as a barrier to air/oxygen and water; [1]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Sy. per
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	044
(b) (	<b>L</b> and <b>M</b> ; the pH of water is 7;	Sylvanda per 044 OPER COMPANIA
(i	) (M) no mark transition metals form coloured oxides/the oxide is red;;	[1]
(ii	(phosphorous oxide) no mark forms an acidic oxide; is a non-metal oxide/phosphorus is a non-metal;;	[2]
(c) (	) magnesium + oxygen → magnesium oxide;	[1]
(i	) thermal energy/heat given out/temperature increases (during rea	ction); [1]
(ii	) magnesium sulphate ;	[1]
		[Total: 12]
	rater ; urbine ;	[2]
(b) (	) chemical;	[1]
(i	) sound or thermal/heat;	[1]
(ii	) some energy is lost/not all energy input changed into electrical en	nergy; [1]
(c) g	eothermal and nuclear ;	[1]
(d) (	) radiation is ionising ; ionising radiation causes cancer in humans, etc. ;	[2]
(i	) radiation cannot penetrate thick concrete ;	[1]
(e) c	arbon dioxide/water vapour ;	[1]
(f) (	) too dry/too wet/too warm/need to move to cooler habitat ;	[1]
(i	) flooding/loss of land ;	[1]
(g) c	annot be replaced once used ;	[1]
		[Total: 13]

П	000 F	Mark Scheme	C. A. D. WOLL
	age 6	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	044 W
9		ooth increasing ; Group 2 increasing faster ;	Sylva da per 044
	(b)	(i) growth/repair;	13
	(	ii) energy;	[1]
	f (	calcium ; for bones ; for for for for fron ; for blood ;	[2]
	(d)	poor bone growth ;	[1]
	(e) 1	no other variables / fair test ;	[1]
		hey grow more slowly, because no milk/vitamins; or continue to grow for a while as Group 2 did/because no milk/vitamins;	; [1]
	! !	movement ; respiration ; sensitivity ; growth ; reproduction ;	
		excretion;	[max 2]
			[Total: 11]
10	(a)	(i) <u>fractional</u> distillation / fractionation ;	[1]
	(	ii) heated/boiled;	[1]
	(i	ii) hydrocarbon/alkane ;	[1]
	(i	v) C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>18</sub> ;	[1]

(b) (i) sulfur dioxide;

(ii) causes acid rain;

harms animal/plant life;

causes corrosion of metals/stonework;

may cause breathing difficulties/asthma/irritate respiratory system;

[Total: 8]

[max 3]

[1]

			Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	044
11	(a)	bre in c	emical reactions ; aking down nutrient molecules ; cells ; easing energy ;	044 DaCambridge
	(b)	_	cose + oxygen (on the left) ; ter (on the right) ;	[1]
	(c)	(i)	arrows on diagram – in on the left, out on the right;	[2]
		(ii)	(flask 2) to show no CO <sub>2</sub> in incoming air; (flask 3) to show CO <sub>2</sub> produced by animal;	[1]
		(iii)	one clear, one milky ; flask 2 clear, flask 3 milky ;	[1]
				[Total: 9]
12	(a)	(i)	<b>X</b> at two minutes ;	[1]
		(ii)	A written anywhere on section from 1.5 min – 2 mins;	[1]
		(iii)	<b>K</b> written anywhere on section from 0 mins – 1.5 mins;	[1]
	(b)	(i)	radio waves first box; visible light fourth box;	[2]
		(ii)	satellite TV/mobile phone communication;	[1]
	(	(iii)	frequency or wavelength ;	[1]
		(iv)	B; E;	[2]

(c) use a magnet – steel will be attracted/steel is magnetic and aluminium will not be attracted/aluminium is not magnetic;

**Mark Scheme** 

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[Total: 10]

[1]