

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

## 9700 BIOLOGY

9700/51

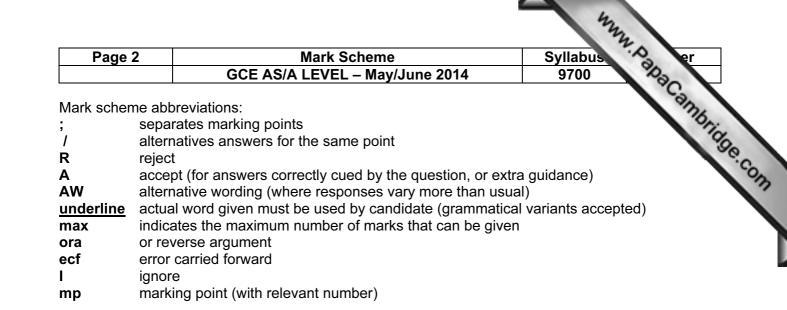
Paper 5 (Planning, Analysis and Evaluation), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2014	9700	51

			Page 3         Mark Scheme           GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June			Syllabus 9700	Paper 51		Papac
Question	Expect	ed answer		Extra guida	ance		ame		
l (a) (i)	exposed, bases / nucleotide	s / base pairs, (between, RNA	A unpaired / availa I free bases A <i>idea of</i> (hydroge complementary ba nucleotides / codo	en) bonding / bin ase pairs / name	ding, between	Ι,	PapaCamb.		
	<i>idea that</i> different RNA prob different / specific sticky end						[max 2]		
(ii)	any 2 of: <i>idea that</i> genetic variation is differences in base sequenc nucleotide (pairs) (of DNA) ; ref. to point mutations ;	e / small or single change in	A examples, e.g. s I inversion A descriptions in t polypeptide (seque I gene / phenotype	erms of, altered, ence) / amino ac	allele / proteir	n /			
	fragments ;	gel allows separation of variant					[max 2]		
(b)	any 5 of: ref. to making / using, agaro ref. to using, wells / channels samples ;		A from diagrams a A agrose / agar / ( I support used, e.g A e.g. pits / slits / o	(poly)acrylamide g. microscope sli	ide	s / <b>AW</b>			
	sample / wells, placed at / co / cathode / negative end (of	onnected to, negative electrode the gel) ; <b>ora</b> .	<b>A</b> in / on / near / <b>A</b>	W					

	Syllabus	
14	9700	

	Page 4	Mark Scheme GCE AS/A LEVEL – May		Syllabus 9700	Paper 51		abac
Question	Expect		Extra guida	ince		enne.	
	glycerine to sink DNA / use / e.g. of care in loading such	stain, to each sample / adding of <u>micro</u> pipette or capillary tube as preventing sideways DNA sample in different wells	A Gilson / Finnpip I any specified vol		pette		o apa Camp
	ref. to applying potential diff	erence / voltage difference ;	A ref. to current (b connecting or app a current) or using I electricity or pow	lying a current or a direct current	r using a batte	ery (to supply	
	ref. to a method of staining a	and observing the DNA ;	e.g using UV or flu using pre-stained be correct if given crystal violet / sybr A idea of DNA sar autoradiograph (e transfer) or take X I radioactive or flue	gels. Stains need , e.g. methylene green / acridine of mples that are ra ither directly from (-ray	d not be name blue / ethidiu prange / fluore dioactive (at s n gel or indire	ed, but must m bromide / escien / <b>AW</b> start) <b>and</b> ctly from	
	ref. to hazard <b>and</b> suitable s	afety precaution ;	e.g. electrical <b>and</b> wear gloves stains / named sta wear gloves / gogg UV light <b>and</b> gogg <b>A</b> allergy to stains goggles I low risk	ains / buffer, toxic gles / mask Jles	: / irritant / har	rmful <b>and</b>	[max 5]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2014	9700	51

	Page 5	Mark Scheme	-	Syllabus	Paper	· A
		GCE AS/A LEVEL – May	/June 2014	9700	51	Pac.
Question	Exped	cted answer		Extra guida	nce	M. PapaCampi.
(c)	any 2 of:		I size of wells			
	volume of, DNA / sample,	I mass I amount I	volume of genes			
	<i>idea of</i> time / distance, allo the gel) / <b>AW</b> ;	I distance betweer	n anode and cath	node / time unqualified		
	pH / (type of) buffer / elect					
	volume of buffer / enough					
	voltage difference used for	the electrophoresis ;	current / voltage / applied / potential		e or current / charge nsity of current.	
	type of stain / time allowed	for staining ;	I volume / amount,	, of stain		
	type / thickness / consistency / volume / density / concentration / composition / pore size / permeability, of gel ;		I amount			
	restriction enzymes used ;					
	temperature ;					[max 2]

	Page 6	Mark Scheme GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2014		Syllabus 9700	Paper 51	Papac
uestion	Expected answer			Extra guidar	nce	andr.
(d) (i)	an arrow to a row of DNA fra for group A and group B and I extras <i>all must be correct</i>	gments at the same position group C ;	e.g. group of DNA probes A variety A $\longrightarrow$ A $\longrightarrow$	, B	в (с	c [1]
(ii)	varieties 1 and 2 ; they have, an identical / the s DNA fragments) ;	same / very similar, pattern (of	I a lot of the same f A they have the same A they are stained A the fragments rea	me (DNA) fragm in the same part	ents in common s	[2]

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2014	9700	51

	Page 7	Mark Scher GCE AS/A LEVEL – M		Syllabus 9700	Paper 51	- ABA
Question	Expected answer		Extra guidance			Cannos.
2 (a) (i)	for <b>one</b> mark, any 2 of: depth, seeds / grains, plar distance between, seeds / number of / #, seeds / grai distance between rows (is size / area / number, of pla	grains (is the same / 25cm) ; ins ; , the same / 75cm) ;	A fruits A planting depth /	depth of seeds		www.papaCambridge
	time plot left before plantir variety / type / species, of 2 correct = 1 mark	-	I time unqualified A 'only legume us I sp of <i>Sorghum</i> A ref. to randomis manuring I parts of legume I	ing the plots use	d for each type of	[1]

	Page 8 Mark Scheme GCE AS/A LEVEL – May			Syllabus 9700	Paper 51		apac
Question	Expected answer		Extra guidance				annb.
(ii)	any 2 of: rainfall / water / humidity / c temperature ;	Apply the 'lines ru I ref. to climate / w I amount throughc	eather unqualifie	ed		Papa Campr	
	intensity / duration of (sun)light ; soil qualified ; ; <b>2 max</b> – one from <b>P</b> and one from <b>Q</b> wind (speed) ;		<ul> <li>I wavelength I exposure to light unqualified but A 'time of exposure to light as AW for duration</li> <li>P depth / fertility / organic content / minerals / humus / nutrients / ions / named minerals, e.g. nitrates / soil pH</li> <li>Q soil water / soil moisture / water potential / soil aeration / soil oxygen conten</li> <li>R microorganisms in soil</li> </ul>				
	pollution / named pollutant ; carbon dioxide ;		I pesticide / herbic drift	ide as a pollutan	t <b>unless</b> linke	d to idea of	[max 2]
(iii)	<i>idea that</i> the plant ploughed manure, (has time to,) deco fertilise the soil ;	5	A to allow nitrificat decomposition, of I nitrogen fixing I general unqualifi etc.'	green manure /	AW		[1]
(iv)	4 / several / many / more th of green manure / treatmen	an one, replicates of each, type t / (type of) trial plot ;	I large number of a I use of random nu I 'many experimer	umber generator	ime time'		[1]

	Page 9 Mark Sche GCE AS/A LEVEL – N			Syllabus 9700	Paper 51	, and
uestion	Expected answer		Extra guidance			am
(b) (i)	<b>b)</b> (i) $44/44.1/44.14$ ; ; working: $(\frac{2964}{6715} \times 100 = 44\%)$		<ul> <li>A answer up to 2 d.p. 44.1 or 44.14. (not 44.10 / 44.13 max 1 for correct answer with incorrect decimal places</li> <li>A ecf from incorrect subtraction for max 1</li> <li>max 1 for following working 9679 – 6715</li> <li>or</li> <li>divisor is the matching control value for chosen figures</li> </ul>			ces
(ii)	3:1 ; ; or × 3 ; ;		answer must be in max 1 for following 782 – 398 / 384 1:3 = one mark 1:3 with qualificatio which is shoots ) = <b>A</b> shoots have 3 ×	y working on (clearly identif two marks	fying which is roc	ots and [2]
(c) (i)	Sorghum grown, with green	ence between the (dry) mass of n manure / with treatment, and anure / with no treatment / in the	d AW for green manure			of green ompared' er plots'
(ii)	comparing the means (of two continuous / data is not discussed by the continuous of		<i>If more than one re</i> I number of means		must be correct.	[1]

Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2014	9700	51

	Page 10 Mark Scheme GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/			Syllabus 9700	Paper 51	in the second
				0100		aC3
Question	Expected answer		Extra guidance			
(iii)	statistically significant: idea that the (observed) results are caused by, an outside factor / a factor other than chance / the green manure / the treatment ;		<ul> <li>A ref. to 'roots' + 'shoots' + 'roots and shoots' / legume (use), instead of 'green manure'</li> <li>A the results are not due to chance</li> <li>I difference is, more than / higher than, the critical value</li> <li>I reject the null hypothesis</li> <li>I random / systematic error</li> </ul>			
	<i>P</i> < 0.05: <i>idea that</i> 0.05 means that there is 5% / less than 5% chance of obtaining the (observed) results by chance ; <i>or</i>		<ul> <li>A there is a 1 in 20 chance of the results being caused by chance / not caused by another factor ora</li> <li>A ref. to 'roots' + 'shoots' + 'roots and shoots' / legume as AW for green manure</li> <li>I random / systematic error</li> </ul>			
	<i>idea of</i> 95% or more certa caused by an outside effe				[2]	

		Page 11		lark Scheme EVEL – May/June 2014		Paper 51	- Pape	DC.
Question	Expected answer			Extra guidance				
(d)	any 3 of: mp1 <i>idea that</i> green manuring / it / AW, increases the (dry) mass of, shoots / roots / grain / whole plant / <i>Sorghum ;</i>			ne       Syllabus       Paper         ay/June 2014       9700       51         Extra guidance       A yield / growth, for increase of (dry) mass       mp1       a general point from Table 2.1         mp1       A 'roots' + 'shoots' + 'roots and shoots' / 'treatment' / it / legume, as AW for 'green manure'       mp1       A ora – no, green manure / AW, shows the lowest (dry) mass of shoots / roots / grain / whole plant, (of <i>Sorghum</i> )         mp2 and mp3 need a comparative statement / idea				
	mp2	(legume) shoots caus mass than (legume) r						
	mp3		roots' cause greater / more, s than, shoots / roots, alone ;					
	or	or (legume) 'shoots and roots' cause greatest / most, increase in (dry) mass ;			mp6 need a ref. to s e / insignificance	significance		
	mp4	mp4 (legume) 'shoots and roots' cause a significant, increase / difference / effect, in (dry mass of), Sorghum / the plant / each different part / AW (of Sorghum);						
	mp5		r) caused a significant, increase , (dry mass of), grain / whole	•				
	mp6	mp6 (legume) roots (alone) do not cause any significant increase / difference / effect, in (dry mass) ;					[n	nax 3]