

OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS

Thursday 14 May 2020 – Afternoon

GCSE (9–1) Latin

J282/03 Prose Literature B

**Time allowed: 1 hour
plus your additional time allowance**

**DO NOT USE:
a dictionary**

Please write clearly in black ink.

Centre number

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Candidate number

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First name(s) _____

Last name _____

READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF



INSTRUCTIONS

Use black ink.

Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.

Answer ALL the questions.

INFORMATION

The total mark for this paper is 50.

The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].

Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).

ADVICE

Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

Answer ALL the questions.

1 Read the passage and answer the questions.

**assem para et accipe auream fabulam,
fabulas immo; nam me priorum nova
admonuit, nec refert a qua incipiam. Verania
graviter iacebat: ad hanc Regulus venit.
primum impudentiam hominis, qui venerit
ad aegram, cuius marito inimicissimus, ipsi
invisissimus fuerat!**

5

Pliny, 'Regulus', lines 1–5

- (a) 'auream fabulam' (line 1): how does Pliny describe the story he is about to tell?**

_____ **[1]**

- (b) Translate lines 2–7 ('nam me ... fuerat').**

_____ **[5]**

2 Read the passage and answer the questions.

**mox ingravescit, clamat moriens hominem
scelestum perfidumque ac plus etiam quam
periurum esse, qui sibi per salutem filii
peieravisset. facit hoc Regulus non minus
scelerate quam frequenter, quod iram
deorum, quos ipse cotidie fallit, in caput
infelicis pueri detestatur.**

5

Pliny, 'Regulus', lines 14–19

- (a) 'mox ... peieravisset' (lines 1–4): how is the hatred of Verania towards Regulus emphasised here? You should make TWO points.**

1 _____

2 _____

[2]

- (b) 'facit hoc Regulus non minus scelerate quam frequenter' (lines 4–5): what comparison is Pliny making here?**

[2]

(c) What do you think made Verania an ideal target for Regulus' legacy-hunting? Make TWO points.

[2]

3 Read the passage and answer the question.

**cum veteres centuriones, severos tribunos
demovisset, locaque eorum clientibus suis
attribuisset, desidia in castris, licentiam
in urbibus, lascivientes per agros milites
sinebat. nec Plancina, uxor Pisonis, se
gerebat ut feminam decebat, sed exercitio
equitum intererat, et in Agrippinam, in
Germanicum contumelias iaciebat.**

5

Tacitus, 'Germanicus et Piso', lines 3–8

**How does Tacitus, by his style of writing, show his
disapproval of the actions of Piso and Plancina? Make
TWO points, each referring to the LATIN.**

1 _____

2 _____

[4]

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4 Read the passage and answer the question.

**‘erit vobis occasio querendi apud senatum
atque invocandi leges. decet amicos non
prosequi defunctum ignavo questu, sed
quae voluerit meminisse, quae mandaverit
exsequi. vindicabitis vos, si me potius quam
fortunam meam diligebatis.’**

5

Translation:

**‘There will be an opportunity for you to complain
before the senate and to appeal to the laws. It is
proper for friends not to escort the dead man with
pointless lamentations, but to remember those
things that he wanted, and to carry out those
things that he ordered. You will avenge me if you
loved me rather than my status.’**

Tacitus, ‘Germanicus et Piso’, lines 22–26

How does Tacitus, by his style of writing, make the words of Germanicus persuasive? Make TWO points, each referring to the LATIN.

1 _____

2 _____

[4]

5* Read the passage and answer the question.

at Romae, postquam fama Germanici
valetudinis percrebuit cunctaque, ut ex
longinquo, aucta in deterius adferebantur,
dolor, ira, questus erumpebant: ideo nimirum
Germanicum in extremas terras relegatum 5
esse, ideo Pisoni permissam provinciam.
hos vulgi sermones mors Germanici, ubi
nuntiata est, adeo incendit ut, ante edictum
magistratum, ante senatus consultum,
sumpto iustitio desererentur fora, 10
clauderentur domus. ubique silentium et
gemitus. et quamquam insignibus lugentium
non abstinebant, altius animis maerebant.

Tacitus, 'Germanicus et Piso', lines 49–58

How does Tacitus convey the powerful emotions of the people after the death of Germanicus?

In your answer you may wish to consider:

the reactions of the people in Rome;

the feelings of the people towards Germanicus and Piso.

You should refer to the LATIN and discuss Tacitus' use of language. [8]

[illegible]

[illegible]

6 Read the passage and answer the questions.

die senatus Tiberius orationem moderatam habuit. ‘Piso’ inquit ‘patris mei legatus et amicus erat. eum Germanico adiutorem misi ego cum auctoritate senatus ad res apud Orientem administrandas. integris animis est diiudicandum utrum Piso contumacia et certaminibus vexaverit iuvenem exituque eius laetatus sit, an scelere eum exstinxerit.’

5

Tacitus, ‘Germanicus et Piso’, lines 70–75

- (a) “Piso’ inquit ‘patris mei legatus et amicus erat’ (lines 2–3): what connection between Piso and Tiberius is revealed here?**

[2]

- (b) ‘eum Germanico adiutorem misi ego cum auctoritate senatus ad res apud Orientem administrandas’ (lines 3–5): what, according to Tiberius, was Piso sent to do?**

[1]

(c) ‘integris ... exstinxerit’ (lines 5–8): what judgement did the senate have to make concerning Piso?

[3]

7 Read the passage and answer the questions.

**tres amici Germanici consimili studio
obiecerunt Pisonem, odio Germanici et
rerum novarum studio, milites per licentiam
et sociorum iniurias corrupisse; postremo
ipsum Germanicum devotionibus et veneno
occidisse. tum et Pisonem et Plancinam,
postquam sacra et immolationes nefandas
fecissent, petivisse armis rem publicam.**

5

Tacitus, 'Germanicus et Piso', lines 79–84

- (a) 'tres ... corrupisse' (lines 1–4): according to the prosecution, what TWO things had motivated Piso to corrupt the soldiers?**

[2]

- (b) 'postremo ipsum Germanicum devotionibus et veneno occidisse' (lines 4–6): how, according to the prosecution, had Piso killed Germanicus?**

[2]

(c) Pick out and translate a LATIN word in lines 7–8 which shows Tacitus' disapproval of the sacrifices performed by Piso and Plancina. [2]

Latin word: _____

English translation: _____

8* 'Tacitus portrays Germanicus as good and Piso as evil.' To what extent do you agree with this statement?

You should support your answer with a range of references from the Tacitus text you have read, and you may include passages printed on the question paper. [10]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margin(s).

