

Tuesday 22 January 2013 – Afternoon

GCSE METHODS IN MATHEMATICS

B392/01 Methods in Mathematics 2 (Foundation Tier)

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

None

Other materials required:

- Scientific or graphical calculator
- Geometrical instruments
- Tracing paper (optional)

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes



| | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------|--|
| Candidate forename | | Candidate surname | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------|--|

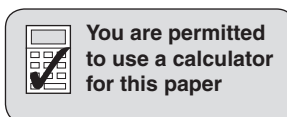
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|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Centre number | | | | | | Candidate number | | | | |
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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Your answers should be supported with appropriate working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

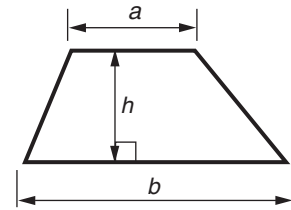
- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- Your Quality of Written Communication is assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- The total number of marks for this paper is **90**.
- This document consists of **20** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



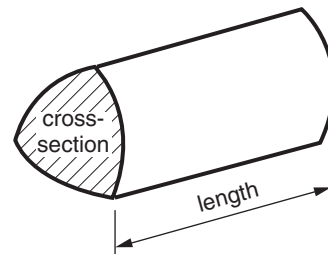
This paper has been pre modified for carrier language

Formulae Sheet: Foundation Tier

Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2} (a + b)h$



Volume of prism = (area of cross-section) \times length



PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

1 These are the prices of fruit in a shop.

| |
|----------------------|
| Melons £1.25 each |
|----------------------|

| |
|-------------------------|
| Bananas £1.20 per kg |
|-------------------------|

| |
|----------------------|
| Oranges 5 for 75p |
|----------------------|

| |
|------------------------|
| Apples £1.60 per kg |
|------------------------|

Anne buys 2 melons, 1.5 kg of bananas, 10 oranges and 0.5 kg of apples.

Work out the cost of the fruit Anne buys.

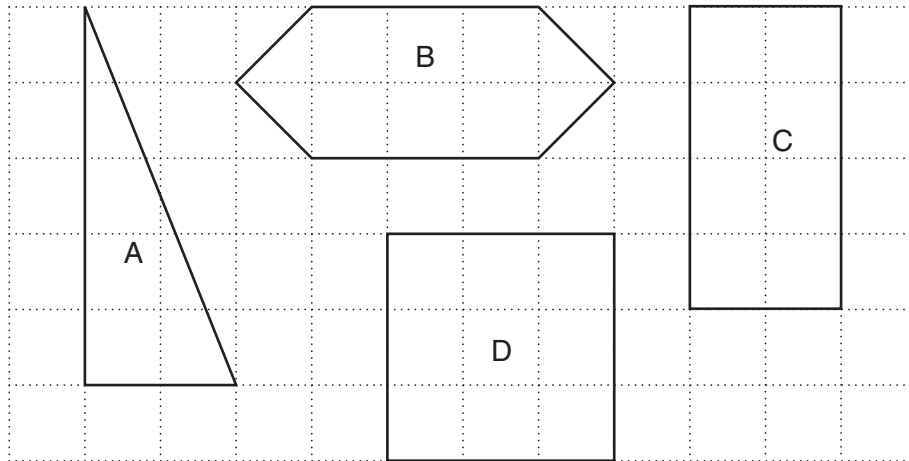
£ _____ [4]

2 Fill in the missing numbers in these sequences.

| | |
|---|------------------------------|
| A | 3, 7, 11, _____, _____, 23 |
| B | 27, 24, 21, _____, _____, 12 |
| C | 1, 3, 9, _____, _____, 243 |

[6]

3 These are four shapes drawn on a centimetre square grid.



(a) Which two shapes have the same area?

(a) _____ and _____ [2]

(b) Which shape has the longest perimeter?

(b) _____ [2]

4 Chris and Wendy go to a garden centre.

- (a) Chris wants to buy some rose plants. He has £20 to spend.
One rose plant costs £3.49.

What is the greatest number of rose plants that Chris can buy?

(a) _____ [2]

- (b)* Wendy wants to buy some marigold plants.
The plants are sold in trays of 4 plants and trays of 6 plants.
A tray of 4 plants costs £1.80.
A tray of 6 plants costs £2.40.
Wendy has £9 to spend.

What is the greatest number of marigold plants that Wendy can buy?

(b) _____ [4]

5 (a) Calculate.

(i) 1.5^3

(a)(i) _____ [1]

(ii) $\sqrt{5.76}$

(ii) _____ [1]

(b) Calculate.

$$\frac{81.3 + 79.2}{8.4}$$

Write your answer correct to 2 decimal places.

(b) _____ [2]

- 6 As you climb a mountain the temperature falls.
This formula tells you how much the temperature falls.

$$\text{fall in temperature in } ^\circ\text{C} = \frac{\text{height climbed in metres}}{200}$$

- (a) Mario climbs 800m.

What is the fall in temperature?

(a) _____ $^\circ\text{C}$ [1]

- (b) The top of Ben Nevis is 1200m above Glen Nevis.



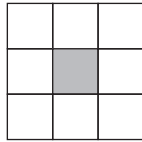
One morning, the temperature in Glen Nevis is 19°C .

What would you expect the temperature to be at the top of Ben Nevis?

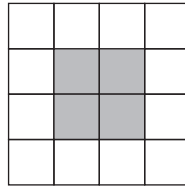
(b) _____ $^\circ\text{C}$ [2]

7 This is a sequence of tile patterns.

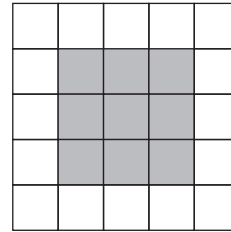
Pattern 1



Pattern 2



Pattern 3



(a) Complete this table for patterns 1, 2, 3 and 4 in the sequence.

| | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|----|---|---|
| Pattern Number | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Number of Shaded Tiles | 1 | 4 | | |
| Number of Unshaded Tiles | 8 | 12 | | |

[2]

(b) Work out the number of shaded tiles and the number of unshaded tiles in the 10th pattern.

(b) number of shaded tiles _____ [2]

number of unshaded tiles _____ [2]

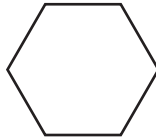
- 8 (a) Work out 20% of £640.

(a) £ _____ [2]

- (b) Last year a speedway team won 15 races out of 30.
What percentage of the races did the team win?

(b) _____ % [2]

- 9 (a) This is a regular hexagon.



Draw a tessellation of these regular hexagons on the grid below.
You must draw at least 8 hexagons. [2]



- (b) Explain how you can use the tessellation to work out the interior angle of a regular hexagon.

[2]

10 (a) This is an inequality.

$$22n + 12 < 100$$

Is each of these values of n a solution of this inequality?

Write 'yes' or 'no' under each value.

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|-----|
| $n = 3$ | $n = 3.5$ | $n = 4$ | $n = 4.5$ | $n = 5$ | |
| _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ | [2] |

(b) Solve.

$$8x - 5 = 21$$

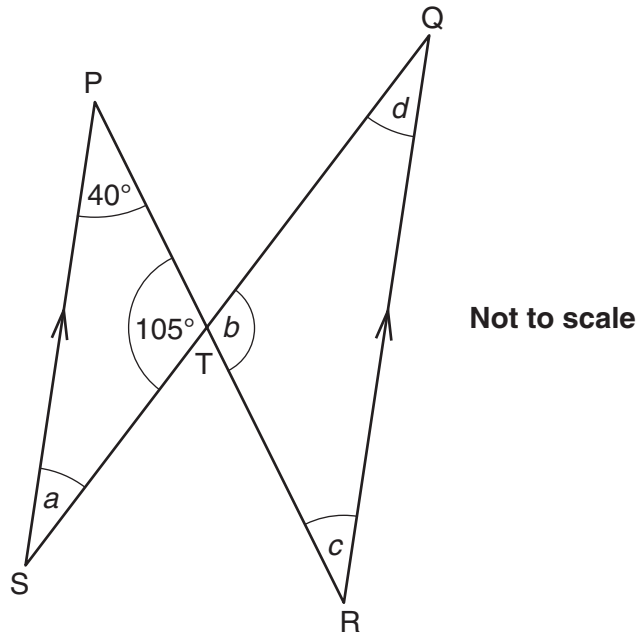
(b) _____ [2]

(c) Rearrange this formula to make x the subject.

$$y = 5x + 2$$

(c) _____ [2]

- 11 (a) PR and QS are straight lines. They intersect at T.
 PS and QR are parallel lines.
 Angle SPT = 40° and angle PTS = 105° .



Find the size of angle *a*, angle *b*, angle *c* and angle *d*.

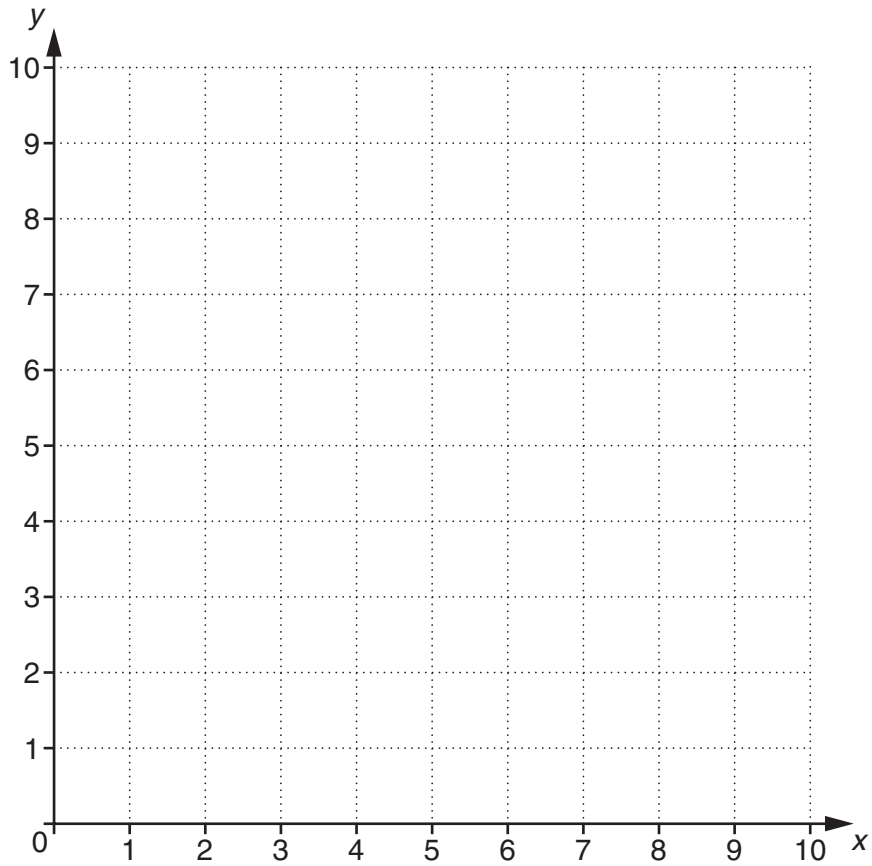
(a) $a =$ _____ $^\circ$
 $b =$ _____ $^\circ$
 $c =$ _____ $^\circ$
 $d =$ _____ $^\circ$
[4]

- (b) The exterior angle of a regular polygon is 30° .

How many sides does the polygon have?

(b) _____ [2]

- 12 ABCD is a parallelogram.
A is at (1, 3), B is at (2, 6) and C is at (8, 7).



Find the coordinates of the **centre** of the parallelogram.

(_____ , _____)

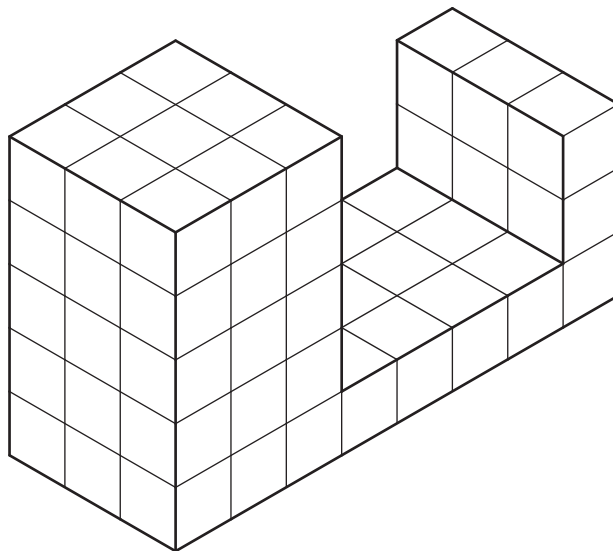
[5]

- 13* Is each of these statements about calculations with negative numbers true or false? Write true or false and give an example to justify each decision.

| Statement | True or False | Example |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------|
| When you add 3 negative numbers together the answer is negative. | | |
| When you multiply 3 negative numbers together the answer is positive. | | |

[4]

- 14 This prism is made from one centimetre cubes.



What is the volume of the prism?

_____ cm³ [3]

- 15 (a) Fill in the table below so that each row contains equivalent percentages, decimals and fractions. The fractions are in their simplest form.

The first row is done for you.

| Percentage | Decimal | Fraction (in simplest form) |
|------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| 20% | 0.2 | $\frac{1}{5}$ |
| | | $\frac{3}{4}$ |
| 18% | | |
| | $0.\dot{3}$ | |

[4]

- (b) The ratio of boys to girls in one class at a school is 2 : 3.

What fraction of the class are boys?

(b) _____ [1]

- 16 Sadia knows that walking for an hour burns 200 calories.
A cake has 120 calories.

For how many minutes must Sadia walk to burn 120 calories?

_____ minutes [3]

17 (a) Work out the following. Give your answer as a fraction in its simplest form.

$$\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{2}{3}$$

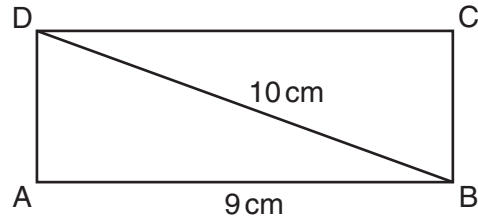
(a) _____ [2]

(b) Two fractions are multiplied together.
Each fraction is smaller than 1.
The answer is $\frac{4}{11}$ when simplified.

What could the two fractions be?

(b) _____ and _____ [2]

- 18 (a) Rectangle ABCD has a diagonal 10 cm long.
Side AB is 9 cm long.

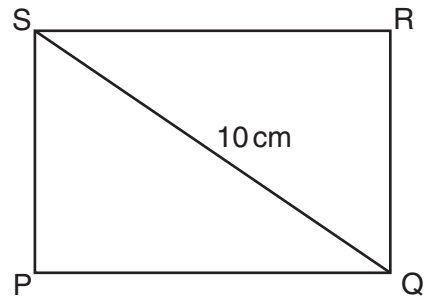


Not to scale

Use Pythagoras' theorem to show that AD is 4.36 cm, correct to two decimal places.

[3]

- (b) A different rectangle, PQRS, also has a diagonal 10 cm long.
The area of rectangle PQRS is bigger than the area of rectangle ABCD.



Not to scale

Work out a possible pair of values for the length and the width of this rectangle, showing that the area of rectangle PQRS is bigger than the area of rectangle ABCD.

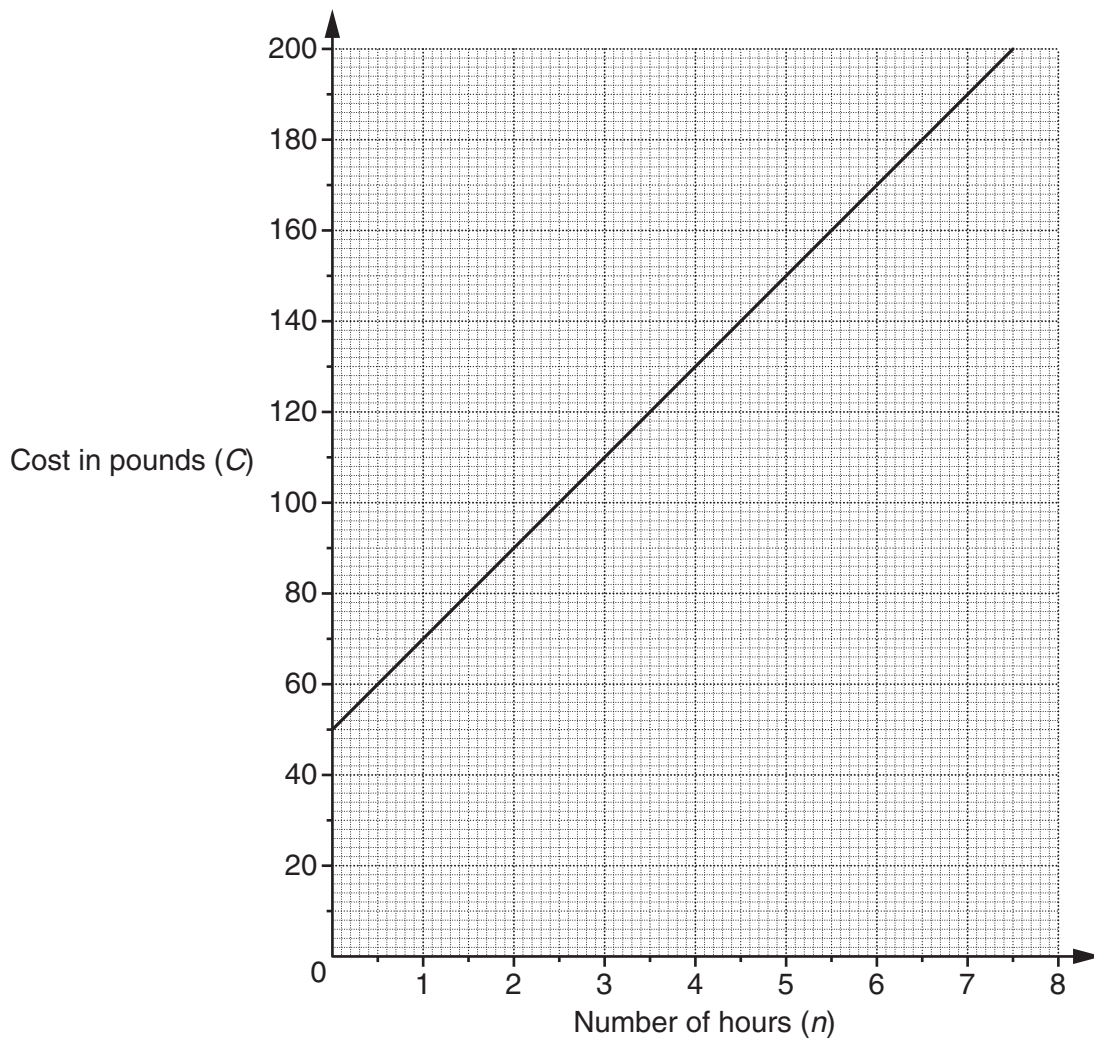
(b) _____ cm and _____ cm [4]

- 19 Mr Lee needs someone to do repairs in his house. He can use Handyman Dan or Mr Fixit.

Handyman Dan
£50 call out fee
plus
£20 an hour

Mr Fixit
No call out fee
£30 an hour

The graph shows the cost for Handyman Dan.
 n stands for the number of hours.
 C stands for the cost in pounds.



- (a) For Handyman Dan, write down the formula for C in terms of n .

(a) $C =$ _____ [2]

(b) The formula for the cost for Mr Fixit is $C = 30n$.

Using the grid on the opposite page, draw the graph which shows the cost for Mr Fixit. [2]

(c) (i) Write down the coordinates of the point of intersection of the two graphs.

(c)(i) (_____ , _____) [1]

(ii) What does this point of intersection represent?

[1]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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