



Oxford Cambridge and RSA

**Monday 12 October 2020 – Morning**

**AS Level Ancient History**

**H007/01** Relations between Greek states and between Greek and non-Greek states, 492–404 BC

**Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes**



**You must have:**

- the OCR 12-page Answer Booklet

**INSTRUCTIONS**

- Use black ink.
- Write your answer to each question in the Answer Booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- Fill in the boxes on the front of the Answer Booklet.
- Answer **all** the questions in Section A and **one** question in Section B.

**INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is **60**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [ ].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (\*).
- This document has **4** pages.

**ADVICE**

- Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

## SECTION A

Answer **all** the questions in this section.

- 1 To what extent did the relationship between Athens and Sparta change in the period 479–446 BC? **[10]**
- 2 Read the following passage.

DIKAIOPOLIS. Some drunken young men from a party went off to Megara and kidnapped a prostitute named Simaitha. Then the Megarians, their anger fuelled with garlic, came and kidnapped two prostitutes belonging to Aspasia in return. It was as a result of that that war broke out for the whole of Greece – over three prostitutes. It was that that caused angry Olympian Pericles to thunder and lighten and stir Greece up: he made laws that were written like drinking songs and said that the Megarians should be banned from earth, from the Agora, from the sea and from heaven. It was this that made the Megarians, who were dying by inches, ask the Spartans to get the decree repealed – the decree over the prostitutes. But we were not willing, even when they often begged us. And it was that that brought about this din of shields.

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Aristophanes, *Akharnians* 524–39

On the basis of this passage, and other sources you have studied, to what extent was Pericles responsible for the outbreak of the Peloponnesian War in 431 BC? **[20]**

**SECTION B**

Answer **one** question from this section.

- 3\*** 'Their superior leadership enabled the Greeks to defeat the Persians in the period 490–479 BC.'  
To what extent do you agree with this view?

You must use and analyse the ancient sources you have studied as well as supporting your answer with your own knowledge. **[30]**

- 4\*** To what extent did the events at Pylos and Sphacteria in 425 BC change the course of the Peloponnesian War?

You must use and analyse the ancient sources you have studied as well as supporting your answer with your own knowledge. **[30]**

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**

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