

## **GCSE**

# **Methods in Mathematics (Pilot)**

Unit **B391/02**: Higher Tier

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for June 2017

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

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#### Annotations used in the detailed Mark Scheme.

Annotation	Meaning
✓	Correct
×	Incorrect
BOD	Benefit of doubt
FT	Follow through
ISW	Ignore subsequent working (after correct answer obtained), provided method has been completed
MO	Method mark awarded 0
M1	Method mark awarded 1
M2	Method mark awarded 2
A1	Accuracy mark awarded 1
B1	Independent mark awarded 1
B2	Independent mark awarded 2
MR	Misread
SC	Special case
٨	Omission sign

## **Subject-Specific Marking Instructions**

- 1. **M** marks are for using a correct method and are not lost for purely numerical errors.
  - A marks are for an <u>accurate</u> answer and depend on preceding **M** (method) marks. Therefore **M0 A1** cannot be awarded.
  - **B** marks are independent of **M** (method) marks and are awarded for a correct final answer or a correct intermediate stage.
  - **SC** marks are for <u>special cases</u> that are worthy of some credit.
- 2. Unless the answer and marks columns of the mark scheme specify **M** and **A** marks etc, or the mark scheme is 'banded', then if the correct answer is clearly given and is <u>not from wrong working</u> **full marks** should be awarded.
  - Do <u>not</u> award the marks if the answer was obtained from an incorrect method, ie incorrect working is seen <u>and</u> the correct answer clearly follows from it.
- 3. Where follow through (**FT**) is indicated in the mark scheme, marks can be awarded where the candidate's work follows correctly from a previous answer whether or not it was correct.

Figures or expressions that are being followed through are sometimes encompassed by single quotation marks after the word *their* for clarity, eg FT 180 × (*their* '37' + 16), or FT 300 –  $\sqrt{(their\ '5^2 + 7^2)}$ . Answers to part questions which are being followed through are indicated by eg FT 3 × *their* (a).

For questions with FT available you must ensure that you refer back to the relevant previous answer. You may find it easier to mark these questions candidate by candidate rather than question by question.

- 4. Where dependent (**dep**) marks are indicated in the mark scheme, you must check that the candidate has met all the criteria specified for the mark to be awarded.
- 5. The following abbreviations are commonly found in GCSE Mathematics mark schemes.
  - cao means correct answer only.
  - **figs 237**, for example, means any answer with only these digits. You should ignore leading or trailing zeros and any decimal point eg 237000, 2.37, 2.370, 0.00237 would be acceptable but 23070 or 2374 would not.
  - **isw** means **ignore subsequent working** (after correct answer obtained).
  - **nfww** means **not from wrong working**.
  - **oe** means **or equivalent**.
  - rot means rounded or truncated.
  - **seen** means that you should award the mark if that number/expression is seen anywhere in the answer space, including the answer line, even if it is not in the method leading to the final answer.
  - soi means seen or implied.
- 6. Make no deductions for wrong work after an acceptable answer unless the mark scheme says otherwise, indicated for example by the instruction 'mark final answer'.
- 7. As a general principle, if two or more methods are offered, mark only the method that leads to the answer on the answer line. If two (or more) answers are offered, mark the poorer (poorest).
- 8. When the data of a question is consistently misread in such a way as not to alter the nature or difficulty of the question, please follow the candidate's work and allow follow through for **A** and **B** marks. Deduct 1 mark from any **A** or **B** marks earned and record this by using the MR annotation. **M** marks are not deducted for misreads.
- 9. Unless the question asks for an answer to a specific degree of accuracy, always mark at the greatest number of significant figures even if this is rounded or truncated on the answer line. For example, an answer in the mark scheme is 15.75, which is seen in the working. The candidate then rounds or truncates this to 15.8, 15 or 16 on the answer line. Allow full marks for the 15.75.

- 10. If the correct answer is seen in the body and the answer given in the answer space is a clear transcription error allow full marks unless the mark scheme says 'mark final answer' or 'cao'. Place the annotation ✓ next to the correct answer.
  - If the answer space is blank but the correct answer is seen in the body allow full marks. Place the annotation ✓ next to the correct answer.
  - If the correct answer is seen in the working but a completely different answer is seen in the answer space, then accuracy marks for the answer are lost. Method marks would still be awarded. Use the M0, M1, M2 annotations as appropriate and place the annotation × next to the wrong answer.
- 11. Ranges of answers given in the mark scheme are always inclusive.
- 12. For methods not provided for in the mark scheme give as far as possible equivalent marks for equivalent work. If in doubt, consult your Team Leader.
- 13. Anything in the mark scheme which is in square brackets [...] is not required for the mark to be earned, but if present it must be correct.

Question		on	Answer	Mar ks	Part marks and guidance		
1	(a)	(i)	-17	2	B1 for -12 seen		
		(ii)	-8	2	<b>B1</b> for $\frac{24}{-3}$ or $-2 \times 3$		
	(b)	(i)	-528	1			
		(ii)	1 9	1			
2	(a)		78	2	<b>B1</b> for 64 or 14		
	(b)	(i)	0.625	1			
		(ii)	0.429	2	<b>B1</b> for 0.42 or 0.43		
3		(a)	15.96 (m)	2	<b>M1</b> for 3.72 + 5.8 + 6.443.72		
		(b)	8.7 (cm)	2	<b>M1</b> for 10.5 – 11.8		
4		(a)	h = br oe	1		Accept ×	
		(b)	C = 2p + 3q oe	2	<b>B1</b> for 2 <i>p</i> or 3 <i>q</i>	Accept ×	
5	(a)		(£) 140	2	<b>M 1</b> for 350 x 2 soi by 700 Or 350 ÷ 5 soi by 70		
	(b)		(£) 10	3FT	FT 150 – <i>their</i> (a) <b>M1</b> for 50 x 4 soi by 200 <b>M1</b> for 350 – <i>their</i> 140 – <i>their</i> 200		

6	(a)	e and j (vert) opposite angles	1		
	(b)	c and d (Adj) angles on a straight line	1		
	(c)	d	1		
7	(a)	$   \begin{array}{c}     p = 6 \\     q = -7   \end{array} $	1		
	(b)	r = 8 s = 7	1		
	(c)	y = -2x + 3	2	<b>B1</b> for $y = -2x + c$ or $y = mx + 3$	
8	(a)	Subset	1		
	(b)	Q	1		
	(c)	R	1		
	(d)	P∩Q	1		
9	(a)	<i>x</i> ( <i>x</i> – 1)	1		Condone omission of final bracket
	(b)	8 <i>a</i> <sup>2</sup> – 3 <i>a</i>	2	B1 for either term correct	But e.g. $8a^2 + 3a^2$ scores 0 (choice)
	(c)	-8	3	M1 for $2x - 2 = 6x + 30$ M1FT for $2x - 6x = 30 + 2$ M1FT correctly going from $ax = b$ to $x = b \div a$	a and b must be correct from 2nd step

10	(a)		$ \frac{9}{19}, \frac{7}{19}, \frac{3}{19} $ $ \frac{10}{19}, \frac{6}{19}, \frac{3}{19} $ $ \frac{10}{19}, \frac{7}{19}, \frac{2}{19} $	1 1 1		
	(b)	(i)	$\frac{90}{380}$ oe	2	M1FT for $\frac{10}{20} \times \frac{9}{19}$ ,	In all of (b) ISW attempts to cancel or change form
		(ii)	$\frac{138}{380}$ oe	3	<b>M2 FT</b> for <i>their</i> (i) + $\frac{7}{20} \times \frac{6}{19} + \frac{3}{20} \times \frac{2}{19}$ <b>M1FT</b> for <i>their</i> (i) and 1 product used or both products used	
		(iii)	<sup>242</sup> / <sub>380</sub> oe	1FT	FT 1 – their (ii)	
11	(a)		Reflection $y = 1$	1		
	(b)		Triangle at (-1,-1), (-1, -2), (-3, -2)	2	SC1 for enlargement centre (0, 0) sf ½ Or any enlargement with negative s.f.	

12	65 with full working and reasons	To include subtract from 180 and ÷ 2 Angles of triangle, tangents from point to circle(are equal) alternate segment or B4 for all above but arithmetic error or answer of 65 with 1 piece of working missing or 1 reason missing or B3 for answer of 65 or wrong answer with correct working and 1 reason or no working and 3 reasons or B2 for two reasons or B1 for tangents from point to circle (are equal) or alternate segment or for 65 seen	
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