

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2015

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE in Human Biology (4HB0) Paper 02



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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question number	Answer	Accept	Marks
1 (a) (i)	 TB/typhoid/gonorrhoea; 	any named disease caused by bacteria;	1
(ii)	 athlete's foot/thrush/ringworm; 	any named disease caused by fungi;	1
(b) (i)	• parasite;		1
(ii)	glucose;amino acids;		
	 fatty acids/glycerol; 		2

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
1 (iii)	 Y = white blood cell/leucocytes/phagocytes/neutrophil; 	reject lymphocytes	
	 Z = red blood cell/erythrocyte; 	reject RBC	2
(iv)	 Y has a nucleus/contains genes/chromosomes/DNA, (Z does not); 		2
	 Y irregular in shape, Z has a fixed/biconcave shape; 		
	 Y does not have haemoglobin, (Z has haemoglobin); 		
	 Y is larger/Z smaller; 		
(v)	 Y engulfs/destroys bacteria/pathogens,(Z does not); 	Allow protects body from disease	
	 Y does not carry oxygen, (Z carries oxygen); 		2

Question Number	Answer	Notes	Marks
(vi)	platelets/thrombocytes;		1
(vii)	 blood clotting; 		3
	 prevents excessive loss of blood/drop in blood pressure; 		
	 seals wound; 		
	 prevents entry of pathogenic/disease causing organisms; 	Allow reduces risk of infection	
			Total 15

-	uest numb		Answer	Accept	Marks
2	(a)	(i)	carbon dioxide;		1
		(ii)	(change from clear/colourless) to milky/white precipitate formed/turns cloudy;		1
	(b)				
			 bacteria using oxygen; 		
			 as they are carrying out (aerobic) respiration; 		
			 carbon dioxide released; 		
			 is absorbed by limewater; 		
			 the amount/volume of gas/air in the flask decreases; 		
			 pressure decreases; 		
			 atmospheric air pressure forces a change in level of liquid; 		4

	Accept	Marks
(external) temperature;		1
 change in temperature would change volume/pressure of air/gas in apparatus/affect rate of respiration; would change fluid level in capillary tube; 	accept ref to decrease/increase in temp	2
 same apparatus/repeat; without soil in bag/heated soil to destroy bacteria/without bacteria; note results; compare with original; 	Allow description of same set-up of apparatus	
 no change/different change to original; 		3 Total 12
	 change in temperature would change volume/pressure of air/gas in apparatus/affect rate of respiration; would change fluid level in capillary tube; same apparatus/repeat; without soil in bag/heated soil to destroy bacteria/without bacteria; note results; compare with original; 	 change in temperature would change volume/pressure of air/gas in apparatus/affect rate of respiration; would change fluid level in capillary tube; same apparatus/repeat; Allow description of same set-up of apparatus without soil in bag/heated soil to destroy bacteria/without bacteria; note results; compare with original;

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
3	 two strands; 	Accept ladder-shape	
	 coiled/spiral; 	For marking point 1 allow for 1 mark a diagram of a ladder	
	 forms double helix; 	For marking points 1,2,3 allow	
	 made up of nucleotides; 	for 3 marks a diagram of a double-helix	
	 containing sugar/phosphate/(four) bases; 		
	 adenine, guanine, cytosine and thymine; 		
	 two strands held together by base pairing; 		
	 hydrogen bonding between base pairs; 		
	 adenine pairs with thymine; 		
	 cytosine pairs with guanine; 		8
	 made up of sections called genes; 		
			Total 8

Question number	Answer	Accept	Marks
4 (a)	 neither dominant nor recessive/neither dominant over the other; appearance/characteristic/phenotype is a mixture of both/both expressed; 		2
(b)	 allele/characteristic carried on X/sex chromosome; passed onto offspring/next generation; 	Ignore Y chromosome	2

Question number	Answer	Accept	Marks
4 (c)	man woman	Allow 2 marks max for Punnett square	
	I ^A I ^O ;		
	gametes I ^A I ^O I ^O ;	I ^B	
	fertilisation I ^A I ^O I ^B I ^O I ^A I I ^O I ^O ;	3	4
	phenotype group A group B group A group O;	В	
(d) (i)	25%/1 in 4/ 1:3/ one in four/ 1 in 4/ 0.25;		1
(ii)	50%/1:1 / half / one in two /1 in 2/ 0.5;		1
			Total 10

Question number	Answer		Accept	Marks
5 (a) (i)	Function stores faeces stores bile absorbs water from undigested food absorbs the products of digestion begins the process of protein digestion produces urea	Structure I E; B; C; G; D;	allow names E= gall bladder B= large intestine/colon C= small intestine/ileum G=stomach D=liver	5
(b)	 peristalsis; alternate contraction of (longitudinal and contracting behind food/pushes/squeeze 	-	es;	J Total 8

Question number	Answer	Accept	Marks
6 (a)	 water will pass from B/to A (by osmosis); lower water potential in side A/higher water potential in B; greater percentage (of water); 		
			3
(b)	 no change/stays at 0%; too big to pass through membrane; 		2
6 (c)	 percentage of protein will decrease/protein solution more dilute; water moves in from side B/more water in side A; 		2
			Total 7

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