

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2013

International GCSE Mathematics (4MA0) Paper 1F

Level 1/Level 2 Certificate in Mathematics (KMA0) Paper 1F



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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.
- Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

• Types of mark

- M marks: method marks
- A marks: accuracy marks
- B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)

Abbreviations

- awrt answers which round to.....
- cao correct answer only
- ft follow through
- isw ignore subsequent working

- SC special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep dependent
- indep independent
- eeoo each error or omission

No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks

If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.

Any case of suspected misread loses A (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the M marks.

If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.

If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra. Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

• Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another.

Apart from Question 15(c) (where the mark scheme states otherwise, the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method.

				Total 5 marks
(e)	4667	1	B1	accept Jessica
(d)	4874	1	B1	accept Emily
(c)	4770	1	B1	сао
(b)	thousand(s)	1	B1	accept 5000, 1000
1 (a)	four thousand, six hundred and one	1	B1	

2 (a)	Egypt	1	B1	
(b)	250	1	B1	сао
(c)	Kenya	1	B1	
(d)	500 < bar < 750	1	B1	
				Total 4 marks

3	3 (a)		42,	50	2	B2	B1 for 42	B1 for 50
	(b)			146	1	B1	сао	
								Total 3 marks

4 (i)	27		B1	сао
(ii)	30		B1	сао
(iii)	25	F	B1	сао
(iv)	24	Э	B1	сао
(v)	29		B1	сао
				Total 5 marks

5 (a)		equilateral	1	B1	
(b)		octagon	1	B1	
(c)		0	1	B1	accept 'none' oe
(d)		3	1	B1	Сао
(e)		380	1	B1	Сао
(f)		0.3 oe	1	B1	
(g)		10	1	B1	сао
(h)		18 00	1	B1	
(i)		0.16	1	B1	сао
(j)	16 8		2	M1	
	$\frac{10}{100}$ or $\frac{1}{50}$				
		4		A1	сао
		$\overline{25}$			
(k)		12	1	B1	сао
					Total 12 marks

6	(a)		4 35 pm	1	B1	
	(b)		one hand \rightarrow 11 and	1	B1	Ignore lengths of hands
		$7 < \text{one hand} \leq 8$				
	(c)	360 × 7 or 2520		3	M1	
		$\frac{4500-"2520"}{9}$ or $\frac{1980}{9}$			M1	(dep) for subtraction from 4500 and division by 9
			220		A1	сао
						Total 5 marks

7	(a)		115	1	B1	сао
	(b)		23	1	B1	сао
	(c)	6.8 × 5		3	M1	
		34			A1	May be implied by ans of 95
			95		A1	
						Total 5 marks

		1			r	
8	(a)		0.375	1	B1	
	(b)	$\frac{54}{6}$ or 9 or 5 × 54 or 270 or 5 × 54 ÷ 6 oe		2	M1	
			45		A1	сао
	(c)	$\frac{3}{5}, \frac{16}{25}, \frac{13}{20}, \frac{2}{3}$ in correct order or correct decimal equivalents in correct order eg 0.6, 0.64, 0.65, 0.66 or correct fraction equivalents in correct order	$\frac{3}{5}, \frac{16}{25}, \frac{13}{20}, \frac{2}{3}$	2	B2 B1	for 3 fractions in correct order or for 2 fractions correctly converted to decimals or percentages (at least 2 sf rounded or truncated for $\frac{2}{3}$) or for 2 fractions expressed as equivalent fractions with a denominator of 300 or a multiple of 300)
					SC	B1 for $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{13}{20}$ $\frac{16}{25}$ $\frac{3}{5}$ i.e. fractions reversed
						Total 5 marks

9	(a)	7 <i>c</i> ²	1	B1	Accept $7 \times c^2$, c^2 7 etc
	(b)	9 <i>x</i> – 5 <i>y</i>	2	B2	B1 for 9 <i>x</i> B1 for –5 <i>y</i>
					Total 3 marks

10 (a)	$\frac{1}{5}$ oe	1	B1
(b)	1	1	B1 Accept $\frac{5}{5}$ or $\frac{1}{1}$ or 100%
(c)	$\frac{2}{5}$ oe	2	M1 for a fraction with a denominator of 5 for or for correct probability with incorrect notation A1 $\frac{2}{5}$ oe
			Total 4 marks

11	$\angle ABD = 60^{\circ} \text{ or}$		M1	
	$\angle BAD = 60^\circ$ or			Angles may be unambiguously
	$\angle ADB = 60^{\circ} \text{ or } 180 \div 3$			stated eg C or A but ABD etc or marked
	$\angle BCD = 65^{\circ}$		M1	on diagram.
	or			
	$(\angle CBD =)180 - 2 \times 65$			
	$(\angle CBD =)50^{\circ}$		A1	
	$\angle ABC = 60^\circ + 50^\circ$	110	A1	Award 4 marks for an answer of 110
				Total 4 marks

10	()						
12	(a)	$12 \times 3 + 2 \times 7 = 36 + 14$		2	M1	for $12 \times 3 + 2 \times 7$	
						or for either 36 or 14	
			50		A1	сао	
	(b)	$43 = 12x + 2 \times 6.5$ or $43 = 12x$		3	M1	for correct	M2 for
	(~)	+ 13 or		•		rearrangement of	
		P - 2y = 12x				original equation or	43- 2×6.5 (=
						substitution	
		(oe with $\pm 12x$ or $\pm x$ as the				Substitution	12x) or
		subject)					30 (=12 <i>x</i>)
							4
		12 <i>x</i> = 43 – 13 or			M1	for correct	
		12x = 30 or				rearrangement and	
		-12x = 13 - 43 or				substitution	
		-12x = -30					
			2.5 oe		A1	Correct answer scores f	ull marks
	(c)			2	M1	for any one correct area	a
		$4xy + \frac{1}{2} \times 3x \times 4x$ or				-	
		3x + y + y				eg. 4xy oe or $\frac{1}{2} \times 3x \times$	4x oe or 4x(3x + 1)
		$\frac{3x+y+y}{2} \times 4x$				y)	
		2				¥)	
			$4xy + 6x^2$		A1	for $4xy + 6x^2$ or $4yx +$	6 <i>x</i> ²
			etc			or $2x(3x + 2y)$ or $2(3x)$	
						(No fractions or uncolle	
						could be multiplication	signs and/or
						brackets present)	
							Total 7 marks

13 (a	a)		4	1	B1	сао
(b		$\frac{40}{2}$ or 20 or $\frac{40+1}{2}$ or 20 $\frac{1}{2}$		2	M1	
		or for clear attempt to list all marks				
			3		A1	сао
(c	c)	$(0 \times 13) + 1 \times 2 + 2 \times 3 + 3 \times 8 + 4 \times 14$ or (0) + 2 + 6 + 24 + 56 or 88		3	M1	for sum of at least 3 products (products may or may not be evaluated)
		"88″ ÷ 40			M1	(dep) for division by 40 (or by their 40)
			2.2		A1	accept 2.2 or $\frac{11}{5}$ or $2\frac{1}{5}$ Also accept 2 if both method marks are scored.
						Total 6 marks

14 (a)	$\frac{2.720294102}{7.7}$		2		for 2.7202(9) if first 5 figures correct (rounded or truncated) or for 7.7 or for $\frac{2\sqrt{185}}{77}$
		0.35328(4948)		A1	Accept if first 5 figures correct
(b)		0.35	1		ft from (a) only if more than 2 sig figs given in (a)
					Total 3 marks

15	(-)		C 10	-	D1	
15	(a)		6 <i>n</i> – 12	T	B1	
	(b)		p(p – 5)	2	B2	Also accept $(p+0)(p-5)$ for B2 B1 for factors which, when expanded and simplified, give two terms, one of which is correct.
						SC : B1 for $p(p - 5p)$
	(c)	7x - 3 = 2x		3	M1	for $7x - 3 = 2x$ or $7x - 3 = 2 \times x$ $7x - 3 = 2 \times x$
						or $\frac{7x}{2} - \frac{3}{2} = x$ oe
		7x - 2x = 3 or 5x = 3			M1	for $7x - 2x = 3$ or $5x = 3$ or $5x - 3 = 0$
						or $\frac{7x}{2} - x = \frac{3}{2}$ or $\frac{5x}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$
						NB. All these examples could be written with all terms 'on the other side' eg. $-5x = -3$ etc
			$\frac{3}{5}$ oe		A1	Award full marks if at least one method mark awarded and answer correct.
						Total 6 marks

16.	(a)	correspo	onding (angle(s))	1	B1	-	prresponds to angle A;
						correspon	ding to angle A
	(b)	(6 - 2) × 180 or 4 × 180 or (2 × 6 - 4) × 90 or 8 × 90		4	M1		360-(73+46+38+ 88+57)
		or 120 × 6 or (180 - 60)×6 or 360 + 360					Condone one incorrect ext angle
		720			A1	M1 A1 for 720 seen	58 M1 A1 for 58 seen
		"720" - (107 + 134 + 142 + 92 + 123) or "720" - 598			M1	dep on first M1	180 – "58″
			122		A1		
							Total 5 marks

17. (a)	$\frac{8}{100}$ × 475 oe or 38 or 437		3	M1	– M2 for 475 × 1.08 oe
	475 + "38"			M1(dep)	112 101 473 × 1.00 00
		513		A1	сао
(b)	$1\% = \frac{48}{8}$ or 6 8% (of amount) = 48		3	M1	M2 for $\frac{48}{8} \times 100$ or 600 or $\frac{48}{0.08}$
	"6" × 100 or 600			M1	or $\frac{48}{8} \times 108$ or $\frac{48}{0.08} \times 1.08$
		648		A1	Ca0
					(NB: An answer of 600 scores M2A0)
					Total 6 marks

18. (i)	u, a, e	2	B1		Any order. Brackets and
(ii)	s, q, r, a, e, i, o, u		B1	B0 if `a' or `e' or `u'	commas not necessary
				repeated	
					Total 2 marks

19.	$2 \times \pi \times 5.1^{2} + 2 \times \pi \times 5.1 \times 3.7 \text{ oe or}$ $163.42 + 118.56 \text{ (using } \pi \text{)}$ or $163.3428 + 118.5036 \text{ (using } 3.14)$ (rounded or truncated to at least 3 sig figs) or $2 \times \pi \times 5.1 \times (5.1 + 3.7) \text{ or}$ $\frac{2601}{50} \pi + \frac{1887}{50} \pi \text{ or}$ $\frac{2244}{25} \pi$		3	M2	M1 for one of $2 \times \pi \times 5.1^2$ or value in range 163-163.43 inc or $\frac{2601}{50} \pi$ $2 \times \pi \times 5.1 \times 3.7$ oe or value in range 118-119 inc or $\frac{1887}{50} \pi$ NB. Accept 3.14() or 22/7 in place of n
		282		A1	for answer in range 281.8-282 inc
					Total 3 marks

20.	No approximation $\frac{37527}{365}$ or $\frac{37527}{366}$ or $\frac{37527}{365.25}$ or $\frac{37527}{364}$		M2	M1 for $\frac{37527}{x}$ where $356 \le x \le 370$
		103	A2	Accept 102 if M2 awarded A1 for $102.5 \le answer \le 103.1$

20.	Alternative - with approximation $\frac{x}{y}$ or $x \times \frac{1}{y}$ where x is 35 000 $\le x \le 40\ 000$ AND $336 \le y \le 400$		4	M2	M1 for $\frac{x}{y}$ or $x \times \frac{1}{y}$ where either the value of x or the value of y is acceptable or $\frac{y}{x}$ where the values of x and y are acceptable
		integer in the range 93 – 111 inclusive		A2	The award of any accuracy marks is dependent on the award of M2 A1 for non-integer in the range 93 - 111
					Total 4 marks

21	use of cos $\cos ("x") = \frac{8.3}{9.5} (=0.87)$ or $("x" =) \cos^{-1}(\frac{8.3}{9.5})$		3 M1	1 cos must be selected for use in trig ratio NOT Cosine Rule	or M2 for sin and $\frac{\sqrt{21.36''}}{9.5}$ following correct Pythagoras or M2 for tan and $\frac{\sqrt{21.36''}}{8.3}$	
				M1		following correct Pythagoras or correct Pythag and then correct use of sine or cosine rule with "21.36"
		29.1		A1	for ans rounding to 29.1 (29.1103)	
						Total 3 marks

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