Surname

Centre Number

0

Other Names

GCSE



4231/01

GEOGRAPHY (Specification A) FOUNDATION TIER UNIT 1: Core Geography

MONDAY, 22 MAY 2017 - AFTERNOON

1 hour 45 minutes

For Examiner's use only			
Question Maximum Mark		Mark Awarded	
1.	15		
2.	15		
3.	15		
4.	15		
5.	15		
6.	15		
Total	90		

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer all questions.

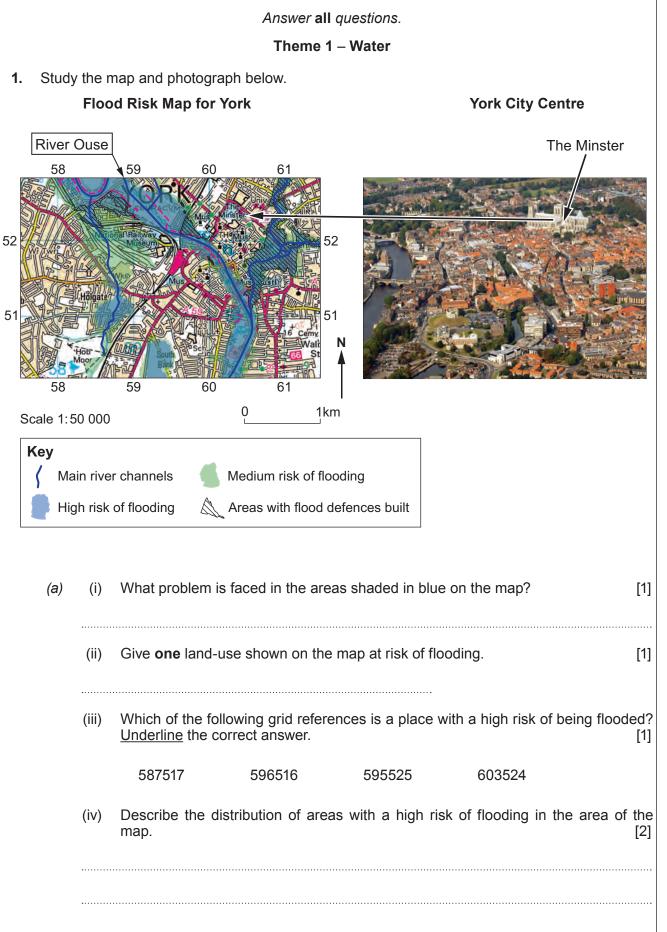
Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. Where the space is not sufficient for your answer, continue the answer at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the continuation correctly.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded that assessment will take into account the quality of written communication used in your answers that involve extended writing.

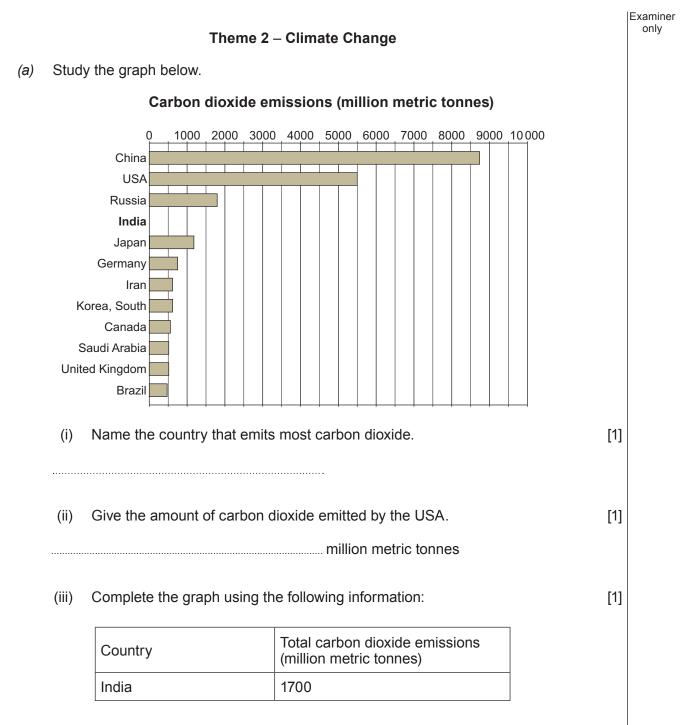
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Suggest why the area shown in the photograph is protected from flooding. (b) (i) [3] Give one reason why building future flood defences in places like York may be (ii) considered a waste of money. [2] Describe how rivers erode and deposit material. (C) [5] _____

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2.

- (iv) Explain why some countries on the graph emit more carbon dioxide than others. [3]
- (b) Study the photographs below.
 Los Angeles, California The Ivanpah Electricity Generating Station, California



- (i) Name the technology being used to generate electricity.
- (ii) Describe how new technology like this may help cities like Los Angeles to reduce climate change in the future. [3]

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[1]

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Examiner Describe the effects on people of continued climate change. Use examples of places at different levels of economic development in your answer. [5] (C)

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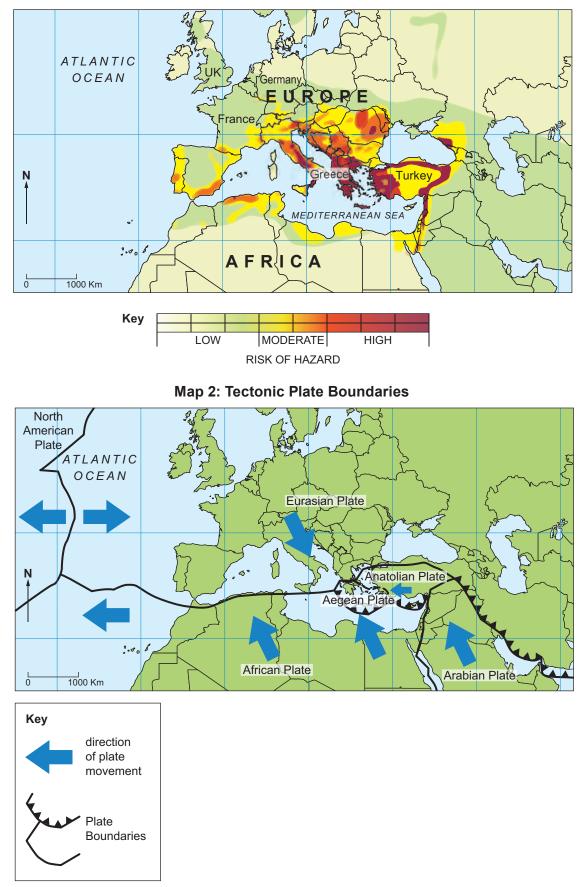
7

Turn over.

Theme 3 – Living in an Active Zone

3. (a) Study the maps below.

Map 1: Risk of Earthquake Hazard in Europe and North Africa



	underneath.						[3]
	north	France	south	Turkey	low	high	
		moderate	Germany	y north	n-west		
	The risk of a	major earthqua	ake increase	s toward th	е		
	of Europe in co	ountries like G	Greece and .			The UK	has
	a	risk of	f a major eart	hquake.			
(ii)	Use Map 2 to giv	ve the name of	the plate on v	which Turkey	is mainly	located.	[1]
(iii)	Give the compas	ss direction of r	novement of t	the Arabian I	Plate.		[1]
(iv)	Explain why the help your answe		earthquake is	very high in	Greece.	Use the map	os to [3]
•••••							

(i) Use Map 1 to complete the paragraph below. Choose your answers from the box underneath. [3]

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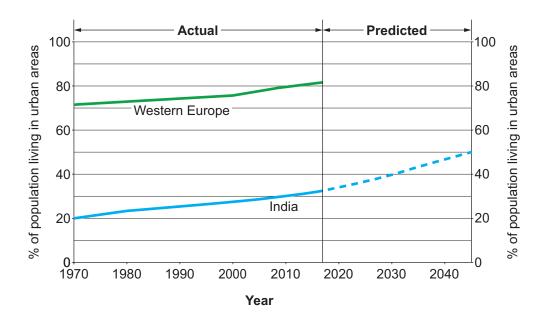
•	(i)	Name and describe one hazard associated with earthquakes. [2]	Exai
	(ii)	Explain why damage and loss of life from earthquakes is often less in countries with higher levels of development. <i>Use one or more examples to help your answer.</i> [5]	

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Theme 4 – Changing Populations

4. (a) Study the graph below.

Actual and predicted population living in urban areas



- (i) Complete the graph to show that the predicted number of people living in cities in Western Europe in 2045 will be 88%.
- Use the graph to complete the sentence underneath, choosing from the figures in the box below. [2]

27 %	33%	45%	50%

Around of people in India live in cities in 2017 and this is predicted to

increase to by 2045.

(iii) People migrate from the countryside to cities in South-East Asia because of push and pull factors.

Give **two** push factors which could lead to migration to cities in countries with low levels of economic development. [2]

- 1.
- 2.

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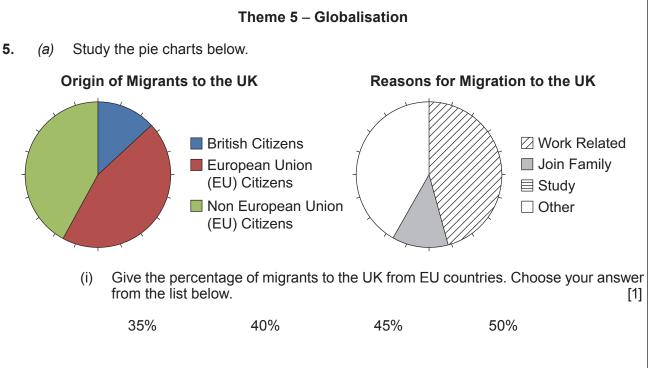
Study the graph below. (b) **UK** population pyramid Male AGE Female 100+ 95-99 90-94 85-89 80-84 75-79 70-74 65-69 60-64 55-59 50-54 45-49 40-44 35-39 30-34 25-29 20-24 15-19 10-14 5-9 0-4 3 2 1 0 0 1 2 3 **Population (millions)** Give the number of people aged 40-44 in the UK. million (i) [1] Complete the graph to show the following information: [2] (ii) Number of Males Age Number of Females 35-39 2 million 1.9 million Suggest how the shape of the pyramid might be different for a country in (iii) sub-Saharan Africa. [2]

(c)	Explain why places have different birth rates. In your answer, you must refer to at least two of the following parts of the world: Western Europe	Examiner only
	South Asia sub-Saharan Africa [5]	

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[2]



(ii) Complete the pie chart on the right to show the following information:

Reason for Migration to UK	Percentage
Study	30
Other	12

(iii) Explain why many people migrate from other EU countries to find work in the UK. Use the information in the table below to help your answer. [3]

EU Country	Unemployment Rate (%) 2015	Average Wage (Euros per hour) 2014
UK	5.2	22.3
Bulgaria	9.5	3.8
Croatia	15.8	9.4

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(iv) Describe **one** positive impact on countries like Germany and the UK of having large numbers of citizens from other EU countries. [2]



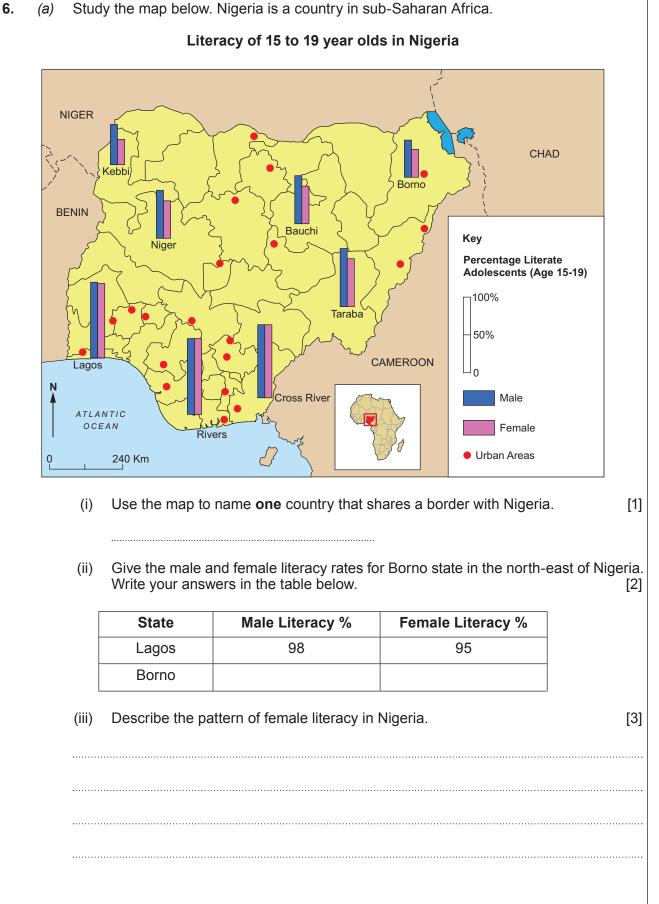
(b) Study the photos below. They show how the city of Shanghai in China has changed. China is an example of a Newly Industrialised Country (NIC).



(i) Use the photographs to describe how Shanghai developed between 1990 and 2010. [2]

Examiner Describe how people in one NIC you have studied have benefitted from globalisation. (ii) [5] Name of NIC _____

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Theme 6 – Development

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Turn over.

Examiner Explain why improving levels of female literacy may help Nigeria's continued economic development. [3] (iv) _____ Underline one economic indicator of development from the list below. (b) [1] (i) adult literacy GDP per capita infant mortality life expectancy

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(ii)	Describe how patterns of development vary within one country you have studied You must use a labelled sketch map to help your answer. [5]	Examiner only
	Country	
•••••		
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