Surname

Centre Number

Other Names



GCSE

4704/01

S17-4704-01

APPLIED BUSINESS UNIT 4: Business Finance and Decision Making II

WEDNESDAY, 7 JUNE 2017 – AFTERNOON

1 hour 15 minutes

For Examiner's use only				
Question Maximum Mark Mark Awarde				
1.	37			
2.	34			
3.	29			
Total	100			

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

A calculator.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page. Answer all the questions.

Write your answers to all the questions in the spaces provided in this question-and-answer booklet. If you run out of space, use the continuation page at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the questions clearly.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The mark allocation for each part of a question is shown in brackets. Quality of Written Communication is assessed in Question 2(e).

Answer all the questions in the spaces provided.

1. Study the information below and then answer the questions that follow.

After gaining qualifications as a potter and making pots and crockery for friends and family on a part-time basis, Julian decided that the time was right to set up in business full-time. To do this he will need to extend his current premises to provide room for a store room and a small shop. He will call his pottery *Pots and Crocks*. Julian intends contributing an extra **£4000** to help fund the expansion and these funds will be available in the bank on 1 July 2017. Julian has had a quotation for the cost of the store room and shop of £5000 which he will have to pay in September 2017.



(a) Julian has been advised that before deciding to go ahead with his business idea he should draw up a cash flow forecast for *Pots and Crocks*. Evaluate the **usefulness** of a **cash flow forecast** to Julian.

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(b) Before completing his cash flow forecast, Julian will have to identify *Pots and Crocks'* Inflows and Outflows. Typical inflows and outflows will be:

Money from Julian	Insurance	Revenue from sales of pots
Clay for the pots	Business rates	Advertising

Classify each of the above items as **either** an inflow **or** outflow by placing them in the correct column below. [6]

Inflows	Outflows

(c) Julian will need to know the formula to enable him to calculate the cash flow forecast. Fill in the shaded areas in the formula below. [3]

Plus Total Receipts	Minus		Equals	
------------------------	-------	--	--------	--

- the increased business rates for the extended shop which will be ± 500 for the **first** month but will then rise to ± 600
- the wages paid to an additional employee to help run the shop will be £1000 per month
- insurance costs, which will be £150 in July but will then increase to £200 per month

Using the above data, information given at the start of the question and your own knowledge of cash flow forecasts, identify the **input errors** in the cash flow forecast for *Pots and Crocks* that follows. [3]

	А	В	С	D	Е
1		July	August	September	October
2		£	£	£	£
3	Opening Balance at Bank	3000	4948	7 3 4 8	4498
4					
5	RECEIPTS				
6	Sales	5498	6200	10 150	11 200
7					
8	TOTAL RECEIPTS	5498	6200	10 150	11 200
9					
10	PAYMENTS				
11	Store room and shop set-up costs			8000	
12	Purchases	1800	2000	3200	3600
13	Rates	600	600	600	600
14	Wages	1000	1 0 0 0	1000	1000
15	Insurance	150	200	200	200
16					
17	TOTAL PAYMENTS	3 5 5 0	3800	13000	5400
18					
19	Closing Balance at Bank	4948	7 3 4 8	4 4 9 8	10 298

Cash Flow Forecast Pots and Crocks for four months of trading

(i)	Error 1:
	Error 2:
	Error 3:
(ii)	Assess the effect each of these errors would have on Julian's decision whether or not to expand the business. [6]
	Error 1:
	Error 2:
	Error 3:

(i)	Explain whether or not Julian should go ahead with his proposed expansion.	[4]
(')		
••••		
••••		
		•••••
(11)	State one course of action Julian could take to resolve any cash flow prob Pots and Crocks could encounter whilst trading.	lems [1]
		•••••
iii)	Explain how this course of action would help <i>Pots and Crocks</i> .	[2]
iii)	Explain how this course of action would help <i>Pots and Crocks</i> .	[2]
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 Julian has been told that he should look at his costs before going ahead with his proposed expansion. However, he is unsure what the difference is between start-up costs and running costs.

 Define each of these terms and give an example of each from Pots and Crocks.

 (i)
 Start-up Costs:

 [2]

 Example:
 [1]

 (ii)
 Running Costs:

 [2]

 Example:
 [2]

 [3]

 (iii)
 Running Costs:

 [2]

 [3]

 [4]

 (iii)
 Running Costs:

 [2]

 [4]

 [5]

 [6]

 [6]

 [7]

 [8]

 [8]

 [9]

 [1]

 [1]

 [1]

 [1]

 [1]

 [1]

 [1]

7

(f)

2. Study the information below and then answer the questions that follow.

All You Need is the local store in a small village in Mid-Wales. It sells a variety of products, most of them locally produced. One of its main suppliers is Powys Producers Ltd which supplies the shop with locally produced cheese and vegetables.

All You Need keeps a record of the stock held for products on individual stock cards. At present, the value of stock held is calculated using the First In First Out (FIFO) method of valuation.



(a) Records of stock holdings indicate that *All You Need* had a stock balance of 2 boxes of vegetables on 31 March 2017.

The following orders for boxes of vegetables were placed with Powys Producers Ltd and received immediately.

4 April 2017 Purchase Order No. 39426 boxes of vegetables @ £45.00 each18 April 2017 Purchase Order No. 43913 boxes of vegetables @ £50.00 each26 April 2017 Purchase Order No. 49214 boxes of vegetables @ £50.00 each

The following order from *All You Need's* customers was received and despatched on the same day.

15 April 2017 Requisition No. 9980 5 boxes of vegetables

Using the information above, complete the Stock Record Card by filling in the shaded areas. [9]

STOCK RECORD CARD						
Stock Description: Boxes of Vegetables						
Stock Ref No.:	VGB					
Location:	Area D					
Date Goods Received Goods Issued				Issued	Balance	
	Ref.	Quantity	Ref.	Quantity		
1 April					2	

(b) Individual stock record cards are updated every day. The following details are currently held about boxes of vegetables:

Average daily usage	1
Normal delivery time	3 days
Minimum stock	2
Maximum stock	10

 Using the formula below, and the stock card information above, insert the correct amounts into the shaded areas. [3]



(ii) Calculate the re-order level for boxes of vegetables.

- (iii) Define the term **re-order level**.
-
- (iv) Explain why it is important that the owners of *All You Need* are aware of the **re-order level**. [2]

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[1]

[1]

Examiner only

(c) Using the information given for question 2(a), value the closing stock of boxes of vegetables on 30 April 2017 using the FIFO (First In First Out) method. Complete your valuations by filling in the shaded areas in the table below. (You are advised to show all your working.)

Date	Receipts	Issues	Balance	Valuation
1 April 2017			2 @ £45.00	£90
4 April 2017	6			
15 April 2017		5		
18 April 2017	3			
26 April 2017	4			

(d) Explain the advantages to *All You Need* of using the FIFO (First in First Out) method of stock valuation. [4]

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(e) All You Need is thinking of introducing the Just In Time method of ordering stock. Evaluate the usefulness of this method of ordering stock. [6]

3. Study the information below and then answer the questions that follow.



(a) Explain which method of quality assurance would best suit *Cool Treats Ltd* and its employees. [4]

•••••			•••••
•••••			•••••
•••••			
•••••			•••••
•••••			•••••
			····· •
(b)	(i)	What type of production method would best suit Cool Treats Ltd?	[1]
	(ii)	Evaluate this method of production for Cool Treats Ltd.	[6]
	•••••		•••••
			•••••
	•••••		•••••

•••••	
•••••	
(i)	Name three types of stakeholders that would be interested in the way <i>Cool Treats Ltd</i> is run. [3]
	Stakeholder 1:
	Stakeholder 2:
	Stakeholder 3:
(ii)	The management of Cool Treats I to have decided to huv a computerised system
(ii)	The management of <i>Cool Treats Ltd</i> have decided to buy a computerised system to manufacture their ice cream. Evaluate the impact of this decision on the three stakeholders you have identified in question (c)(i)
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(d) Cool Treats Ltd is thinking of adding frozen desserts to its range of products. The management has been advised that a Decision Tree Diagram will help it assess the possible outcome of such a decision. The diagram shows the predicted profit or loss of each outcome and the probability of that outcome occurring.



- (i) Calculate the financial outcome (expected value) of each decision. (You are advised to show your working.)
 - I. The expected value of manufacturing ice cream only:
 [3]

 II. The expected value of introducing the range of frozen desserts:
 [3]

(ii) Would you advise *Cool Treats Ltd* to go ahead with its plans to introduce the range of frozen desserts? [1]
(iii) Explain why you would give this advice. [2]

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END OF PAPER

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